

GOVERNOR OUGHT
TO BE THE PRISON
OF MANY CONVICTS

"If I Live Out My Term I Will Free Striping and Many Others, Who Have Been Sufficiently Punished," He Says.

WILL ASK COMMISSION
TO MAKE INVESTIGATION

"Everything Else Fades Into Background Compared With My Experience in Tubercular Wards," States Governor Harris.

The people of Georgia Saturday got an intimate view of their chief executive, Governor Nat E. Harris, as a result of his expressed opinions at the state prison farm and reformatory, where, after a personal investigation, he declared that he would make it one of the big features of his program while governor to alleviate the suffering, to right wrongs and restore to families and friends their loved ones now serving time at the state prison farm.

Moved by the scenes at the prison farm, Governor Harris announced last night on his return to Atlanta that he would send a special message to the general assembly, probably next Friday, when he will recommend radical reforms, and will probably ask for an appropriation of at least \$50,000 for needed improvements.

The governor was particularly impressed with the fact that many of the prisoners are old men, feeble and emaciated, unfit for work, incapable of further crime, yet held behind the bars by the strong arm of the law.

WORSE THAN
BEING DEAD.

"Four fellows of some of them have been at the farm twenty-five or thirty years; their former friends and associates have forgotten them. It is worse than being dead," he said. "I asked some of them why they wanted their liberty, when they could remain at the farm and be supported by the state."

"That word 'liberty' has a stronger meaning to one of those men than it does to outsiders, and in reply to my query they would say, 'Oh, governor, we wouldn't be free again. We wouldn't be able to take care of ourselves if released. We will make it through the remaining years in some manner.'"

The governor stated that he would ask the prison commission to make a careful investigation to determine how many infirm prisoners there are, how long they have served and whether or not they can be released. He said he would release all such prisoners recommended by the commission.

No feature of the farm so touched the heart of the governor as the tubercular wards, where forty-eight prisoners are confined.

"My heart bleeds for those poor creatures, doomed beyond the aid of man," he remarked. "I have seen the appeals for freedom still ring in my ears. There were men and women, too, lifeless, stricken with disease, and I saw where were men asking for liberty." Tears rolled down the cheeks of the governor as he told of his visit to that ward.

KEPT
CLEAN.

The tubercular wards were spotlessly clean and well appointed; in fact they were in such good condition that I remarked that they appeared to have been put in order because the governor was paying a visit. I learned later that they were always in good order.

I asked some of the poor creatures why they wanted to leave when they were getting the attention possible. With tears in their eyes they all said they wanted to go home to die. The fear of driving to the state hospital, it appeared, was almost as painful as the disease.

"While inspecting these wards a young man, a handsome, intelligent appearing fellow, came to me and placing a letter in my hands said, 'Governor, I won't have time to talk with you, but I want you to read this when you go home and see if you can't help me get back to my loved ones out west.'"

One of the governor's first acts on returning home was to read the appeal of the young man, who said he had come to Georgia from the west, had gotten in wrong and was sent up for five years. He said he had been in the prison for a long time, had contracted tuberculosis and the doctors said he could not live long, and would probably not see out his time.

ALLEVIATE
SUFFERING.

"Can I turn down those poor unfortunate people?" he asked. "No, I shall lend my efforts to saving them, and so long as I am within the law and not defacing the erode of justice, I shall seek to alleviate their suffering and restore them to their families."

"I asked one poor fellow why he was in the prison and he replied: 'For murder.' I looked into his emaciated face and at his skeleton form and my thought was, how terrible the punishment that has been placed upon him—incarcerated for life by the laws of man, and then doomed by the laws of nature."

The day's investigation has been one of interest from start to finish; I have learned much that I intend to use for the good of Georgia; my secretaries secured data at my dictation upon every matter that came under my observation, but the Frank case, a striking incident in the prison, fades into the background compared with my experience in the tubercular wards.

"The matter how long I may live, I don't know, but I intend to live long enough to see that the suffering of these poor creatures is alleviated."

The people buy quantities of merchandise every day. The merchants who advertise in The Constitution, the paper that is welcomed in the home, are getting the best publicity that they can buy.

The Constitution brings the highest percentage of returns because it reaches the people who have money to spend and spend for dependable merchandise.

Continued on Page Four.

Charges a "Joke,"
Declare Probers
Of Judge Russell

Witnesses Called by W. T. Moyers to Testify Against Appellate Court Chief Justice Praise Him Instead.

The investigation of the charges against Judge Richard B. Russell, chief justice of the court of appeals, made by Attorney W. T. Moyers, a discharged stenographer of the court, fell to the ground yesterday.

The house committee appointed to make the investigation refused to allow Judge Russell to offer any evidence, although the judge's attorney, George Westmoreland, was ready with any amount of it.

The investigation really turned out to be an attempt on the part of Moyers to prove that he ought not to have been discharged as court stenographer, and on more than one occasion members of the committee had to tell him "get a line on Judge Russell."

Although the several pages of printed matter that embraced the charges against the judge of appeals and denunciations, the so-called charges summed up briefly were these:

"That Judge Russell stole a type writer; that he stole a map of the state of Georgia; that he held out a part of his stenographer's salary for graft; that he got a stenographer to write some of his legal opinions; that the committee announced it would render a written opinion next Monday, but he privately stated that the whole thing had been a farce."

Moyers took the matter seriously. He had summoned as witnesses all the judges of the court of appeals, several statehouse officials, and even called upon an ex-justice of the supreme court. Among the witnesses were Judge Peyton L. Wade, Judge Nath R. Boyles, Judge J. R. Pottle and Judge A. J. Cobb.

Not only did these witnesses deny every allegation that Moyers made, but they eulogized Judge Russell, and said he was a most excellent judge and a man of the highest integrity.

Witnesses asked Judge Pottle very seriously: "Did you ever find it necessary to take some of your stenographer's salary?"

Whereupon, the judge replied: "Well, I didn't."

Thus, like many other salutes, caused much laughter.

Moyers called upon Miss Mary Bloodworth and Miss Willie Bellair to tell about Judge Russell holding out his salary, but their testimony was that they got all that was coming to them and wanted more.

Judge Ben Hill was called for, and he said Judge Russell was a fine judge and a most excellent man.

Judge Arthur Powell testified the same way.

Moyers went on with his case, for he represented himself, and tried to show he ought not to have been "fired."

Palmer Lee Russell, clerk of the court, also testified, and took the stand for Judge Russell.

The committee was composed of the following members of the house: W. H. Griffin, of Lowndes; Samuel L. Oliver, of Richmond; Dr. W. J. Mathews, of Elbert; and H. E. Evans, of Screven.

STRIKE COMES TO END
AT REMINGTON PLANT

Bridgeport, Conn., July 24.—With the ratification tonight by the machinists of the agreement reached between the labor leaders and the Remington Arms and Ammunition company, the strike at the arms company's plant today came to an end and the Structural Iron Workers took similar action during the day.

The agreement provided for a regular weekly schedule of forty-eight hours for both day and night shifts, beginning August 1, any time worked in excess of these hours to be regarded as overtime, for which extra pay will be given. All employees who were involved in the trouble are to be taken back and the pay will not be less than was in vogue prior to the trouble.

The wideawakes—the men and women who get up and do things in the morning—who are looking for a better way of accomplishing them, read The Constitution.

Without it there is a growth at the breakfast table.

These people buy quantities of merchandise every day.

The merchants who advertise in The Constitution, the paper that is welcomed in the home, are getting the best publicity that they can buy.

The Constitution brings the highest percentage of returns because it reaches the people who have money to spend and spend for dependable merchandise.

Continued on Page Ten.

Continued on Page Four.

GRIP OF RUSSIAN
DEBILITATES
POLISH CAPITAL

German Victories North of Warsaw Seem to Make More Probable Abandonment of City by Russians.

NAREW RIVER CROSSED
BY THE GERMAN FORCES

And the Fortresses of Rozan and Pultusk Stormed—Germans Also Claim a Crushing Victory in Southern Courland.

London, July 24.—The Austro-German armies have been unable to force the Russians from important positions west of Warsaw and from the line along the Lublin-Chelm railway, but German victories in northern Poland and north of the Polish capital have lightened their grip on the city, and military critics say that the abandonment of Warsaw again becomes more probable.

The German forces have crossed the Narew river north of Warsaw and have a considerable weight of men on the south bank between the fortresses of Rozan and Pultusk, which a Berlin official statement describes as having been "stormed irresistibly." The communication, however, does not state whether the Russians capitulated.

The fight in southern Courland, according to German claims, has resulted in something akin to a crushing victory. General von Bauer's forces having cut off the Russian retreat and delivered a bloody blow. It is stated that the Germans cut up the retreating troops badly, dispersing those who were killed, wounded or captured.

RUSSIANS HOLD
WARSAW FRONT.

The holding the immediate Warsaw front is evidenced by a German official statement which refers to only minor operations in this area and tells of a comparatively insignificant number of prisoners taken. Military critics say this indicates that there have been no serious attacks, which probably means that the Germans are in a waiting position.

The report of the investment of Pultusk is patently erroneous, as the same speak of attacks west of the city.

Mining and grenade throwing around Pultusk again has been reported, but even along the western front.

The Tatars again have been reported to have landed on the Gallipoli peninsula. The attacking party approached the British trenches, but the British held them off and the British left on the Gallipoli peninsula.

Today was the anniversary of Australia's liberation from German rule, followed by the great war. The Serbian army has not been active for several months.

TEUTONS REPULSED,
RUSSIANS CLAIM.

Petrograd, July 24.—(Via London, July 25.)—The following official statement was issued by the Russian government:

"On the Narew front an enemy attack was repulsed. On the Plesha front, Thursday night was repulsed despite his use of poisonous gas. The result of which was a strategic victory in an attempt to force the Narew to the Roman-Pultusk sector and very stubborn fighting occurred here yesterday."

The situation on the Vistula is favorable. Attacks on our advanced positions at Novogrodek and Ivanovo have been repulsed. The following in the Vistula and the Bug there was vigorous fighting. The enemy was repulsed and the enemy attempted an advance towards Bialystok.

On the Plesha front, Thursday night was repulsed despite his use of poisonous gas. The result of which was a strategic victory in an attempt to force the Narew to the Roman-Pultusk sector and very stubborn fighting occurred here yesterday."

The situation on the Vistula is favorable. Attacks on our advanced positions at Novogrodek and Ivanovo have been repulsed. The following in the Vistula and the Bug there was vigorous fighting. The enemy was repulsed and the enemy attempted an advance towards Bialystok.

On the Plesha front, Thursday night was repulsed despite his use of poisonous gas. The result of which was a strategic victory in an attempt to force the Narew to the Roman-Pultusk sector and very stubborn fighting occurred here yesterday."

The situation on the Vistula is favorable. Attacks on our advanced positions at Novogrodek and Ivanovo have been repulsed. The following in the Vistula and the Bug there was vigorous fighting. The enemy was repulsed and the enemy attempted an advance towards Bialystok.

On the Plesha front, Thursday night was repulsed despite his use of poisonous gas. The result of which was a strategic victory in an attempt to force the Narew to the Roman-Pultusk sector and very stubborn fighting occurred here yesterday."

The situation on the Vistula is favorable. Attacks on our advanced positions at Novogrodek and Ivanovo have been repulsed. The following in the Vistula and the Bug there was vigorous fighting. The enemy was repulsed and the enemy attempted an advance towards Bialystok.

On the Plesha front, Thursday night was repulsed despite his use of poisonous gas. The result of which was a strategic victory in an attempt to force the Narew to the Roman-Pultusk sector and very stubborn fighting occurred here yesterday."

The situation on the Vistula is favorable. Attacks on our advanced positions at Novogrodek and Ivanovo have been repulsed. The following in the Vistula and the Bug there was vigorous fighting. The enemy was repulsed and the enemy attempted an advance towards Bialystok.

On the Plesha front, Thursday night was repulsed despite his use of poisonous gas. The result of which was a strategic victory in an attempt to force the Narew to the Roman-Pultusk sector and very stubborn fighting occurred here yesterday."

The situation on the Vistula is favorable. Attacks on our advanced positions at Novogrodek and Ivanovo have been repulsed. The following in the Vistula and the Bug there was vigorous fighting. The enemy was repulsed and the enemy attempted an advance towards Bialystok.

On the Plesha front, Thursday night was repulsed despite his use of poisonous gas. The result of which was a strategic victory in an attempt to force the Narew to the Roman-Pultusk sector and very stubborn fighting occurred here yesterday."

WARSAW, CAPITAL OF RUSSIAN POLAND,
FURNISHED SUPPLIES FOR CZAR'S ARMY

BIRDS' EYE VIEW OF WARSAW.

Warsaw is a railway junction of lines radiating east and west—three in one general direction and four in the other. The easterly ones go to Petrograd via Bialystok, Grodno and Vilna; the westerly ones to France and the Atlantic. Thus most of the supplies that have reached the Russian army retreating through Galicia have had to pass through Warsaw. The three lines on the west go to Ostrolenka, on the east to Plesha, and to the south to Lublin and Kuto, and to Plesha via Skiernewice. These last concentrating lines have measurably aided the Germans to bring a large body of troops to the western side for a distance of twenty miles. Due west of the city there is a broad marsh over which the guns of the outer war, now from similar difficult approaches. In the accompanying illustration is shown a birds' eye view of Warsaw, with a bridge over the Vistula.

SECTIONS WHITE
PLAN TO BETTER
FARMS OF GEORGIA

State Branch of Southern Settlement and Development Organization Formed at Meeting at Tybee.

PURPOSE TO COLONIZE
IDLE ACRES OF STATE

Directors Are to Be Named Soon—Meeting Is Largely Attended by Prominent Citizens From All Sections.

Savannah, Ga., July 24.—(Special.)—After hearing a number of prominent southerners discuss the best means of developing Georgia agriculturally near the Atlantic coast, the Southern Settlement and Development Organization of Baltimore, through which it is hoped to induce many desirable farmers to come to this state to people idle farming lands.

To J. W. Motte, president of the Savannah Board of Trade, under whose auspices the meeting was held, was entrusted the task of appointing a state board of directors. A meeting then was held to discuss the organization of the state board.

Motte said he will make the appointments as soon as possible, but because of the importance of the work the greatest care in selecting suitable men will be necessary. It is probable it will be late next week at the latest before the appointments will be made.

Entire State Represented.

The adoption of the resolution was a fitting culmination of the gathering. The meeting was held in the city of Savannah, and the speakers were representatives of the various sections of the state.

Before reading the resolution Mr. Howell endorsed the Southern Settlement and Development Organization, the objects of which were explained in a paper read by S. Davies Warfield, its president and chairman of the board of directors of the Seaboard Air Line railroad.

Few of those present knew anything of the inner workings of the organization. They were there because they believed in the vast possibilities of Georgia and favored any plan that would develop the state's resources.

All agreed on purpose.

Speakers differed as to whether it is better to go in for diversification of crops on a larger scale and raise such crops as cotton or to stick to the staple that they and their fathers have raised so long.

It was agreed that something must be done to place the state where it stands in the ranks of agricultural states of the union—and that is to develop the state's resources.

North of Grubchow the German forces penetrated the enemy's position.

Continued on Page Ten.

Locks Liquor Victim
In Cell With "Drunk"
To Cure Drink Habit

With blurry eyes, unkempt hair and shuffling manner, Joe Smith, one of Atlanta's human derelicts, appeared before Judge Johnson in police matinee Saturday afternoon. It was the third time in as many days that Smith had appeared before the recorder, each time being a troublemaker at the prison.

With pleading eyes and trembling voice he begged to be released, stating that he hadn't meant to go wrong, but that one drink had led to another until his appetite had gained complete control over him.

Visions of a new and better life in which Joe would become a clean and respected citizen of Atlanta, were painted for him by the prisoner.

Judge Johnson had listened to the same tale so many times that he could almost recite it backwards. Each time he said "I will look you up with Willie Hobo, another of your class, who is here to be drunk as you can never hope to be."

Despite his promises of reformation and expressed regret for having fallen into a vicious habit, Joe was taken to the cell and locked up with Hobo, who was there debating the ownership of a cigarette "hook" found in his cell.

MAD FAIRY CUL
WHITE ROBBERS

Two Bold Highwaymen Hold Up and Rob John Head at an Early Hour Sunday Morning.

John Head, aged 24, of 119 Victoria avenue, was held up and robbed by two white men at an early hour Sunday morning while returning from calling upon a friend. The hold-up took place at the corner of Victoria avenue and Gaskill avenue.

Mr. Head was stabbed once in the side just under the heart and his right arm was deeply gashed when he resisted efforts of the men to search him.

At an early hour Sunday morning he was in a critical condition and little hope was held for his recovery by the Grady hospital physicians.

Previous Steamship Disasters

Lives	Name of	Time	Place.
Lost.	Steamer.		
1,565	Titanic	April 14, 1912.	off Newfoundland Banks.
1,100	Lusitania	May 7, 1915.	Atlantic Ocean.
1,621	Empress of Ireland	May 29, 1914.	St. Lawrence River.
1,000	General Slocum	June 15, 1904.	East River, New York.
871	Bourbon	July 2, 1878.	off Newfoundland Banks.
700	Princess Alice	Sept. 2, 1859.	in Thames, near Woolwich.
714	Utopia	March 17, 1891.	off Gibraltar.
300	Mathia Maru	March 28, 1907.	off Coast of Japan.
239	Ship Papuan	March 28, 1897.	off Coast of Brazil.
287	Lady Elgin	Sept. 8, 1860.	Lake Michigan.
200	Excursion steamer April	24, 1909.	at Montevideo.
183	Larchmont	Feb. 12, 1907.	Long Island Sound.
135	Volturino	Oct. 11, 1912.	Atlantic Ocean.
128	State of Florida	April 18, 1884.	off Canadian coast.
100	Libau	June 7, 1905.	off Marcellus coast.
600	Norge	June 25, 1894.	off Rockall Reefs.
200	Nile River steamer April	8, 1912.	Nile River.

NO MORE DASH USE
OF OVERSEA BOATS
AGAINST NEURALS

Berlin Anzeiger, in Inspired Article, Practically Asserts Germany Will Be More Careful in the Future.

SOME SHARP CRITICISM
OF THE AMERICAN NOTE

Kreuz Zeitung Says Note Shows No Desire to Appreciate the German Standpoint—Tages Zeitung Says Note Is Neither Friendly Nor Neutral.

Berlin, July 24.—(Via London, July 25, 2:35 a. m.)—The text of the American note has not yet been published in Berlin, but the afternoon papers print a fairly exhaustive authoritative summary. For the most part the papers reserve comment until the full text of the note is known.

The Lokai Anzeiger, in an apparently inspired article, asserts its confidence that Germany in utilizing the note in the future will endeavor to combine advantage for Germany with the least possible detriment to neutral interests, and expresses the belief that the American note will furnish ground for further negotiations.

Te Contingent of Submarines.

After pointing out the friendly form of the note, the Lokai Anzeiger says: "The questions raised in the note must naturally be considered carefully by the German authorities; therefore it is impossible for the time being to forecast the answer. The British version indicating that America considered the note as the final word in the negotiations is entirely unfounded."

After the previous negotiations the confidence, in any case, is justified that Germany will continue to employ her submarines in the most effective manner, and the present difference of opinion have the least damaging for neutrals. We had and have naturally no interest in a decision since first January 1, 1915.

Continued on Page Five.

Weather Prophecy
GENERALLY FAIR.

Washington.—Forecast: Georgia—Generally fair Sunday and Monday; not much change in temperature.

Local Report.

Lowest temperature 66
Highest temperature 80
Rain 0.00
Wind S. by E.
Barometer 30.00
Humidity 75
Direction of wind S. by E.
Force of wind 1 to 2
State of sky Partly cloudy
Direction of surface wind S. by E.
Force of surface wind 1 to 2
Direction of trade wind S. by E.
Force of trade wind 1 to 2
Direction of sea breeze S. by E.
Force of sea breeze 1 to 2
Direction of land breeze S. by E.
Force of land breeze 1 to 2
Direction of mountain breeze S. by E.
Force of mountain breeze 1 to 2
Direction of valley breeze S. by E.
Force of valley breeze 1 to 2
Direction of hill breeze S. by E.
Force of hill breeze 1 to 2
Direction of plain breeze S. by E.
Force of plain breeze 1 to 2
Direction of river breeze S. by E.
Force of river breeze 1 to 2
Direction of lake breeze S. by E.
Force of lake breeze 1 to 2
Direction of ocean breeze S. by E.
Force of ocean breeze 1 to 2
Direction of atmosphere S. by E.
Force of atmosphere 1 to 2
Direction of earth S. by E.
Force of earth 1 to 2
Direction of sun S. by E.
Force of sun 1 to 2
Direction of moon S. by E.
Force of moon 1 to 2
Direction of stars S. by E.
Force of stars 1 to 2
Direction of planets S. by E.
Force of planets 1 to 2
Direction of comets S. by E.
Force of comets 1 to 2
Direction of meteors S. by E.
Force of meteors 1 to 2
Direction of shooting stars S. by E.
Force of shooting stars 1 to 2
Direction of aurora S. by E.
Force of aurora 1 to 2
Direction of solar wind S. by E.
Force of solar wind 1 to 2
Direction of cosmic rays S. by E.
Force of cosmic rays 1 to 2
Direction of gamma rays S. by E.
Force of gamma rays 1 to 2
Direction of X-rays S. by E.
Force of X-rays 1 to 2
Direction of ultraviolet rays S. by E.
Force of ultraviolet rays 1 to 2
Direction of infrared rays S. by E.
Force of infrared rays 1 to 2
Direction of radio waves S. by E.
Force of radio waves 1 to 2
Direction of sound waves S. by E.
Force of sound waves 1 to 2
Direction of light waves S. by E.
Force of light waves 1 to 2
Direction of heat waves S. by E.
Force of heat waves 1 to 2
Direction of magnetic waves S. by E.
Force of magnetic waves 1 to 2
Direction of electric waves S. by E.
Force of electric waves 1 to 2
Direction of gravitational waves S. by E.
Force of gravitational waves 1 to 2
Direction of nuclear waves S. by E.
Force of nuclear waves 1 to 2
Direction of atomic waves S. by E.
Force of atomic waves 1 to 2
Direction of molecular waves S. by E.
Force of molecular waves 1 to 2
Direction of cellular waves S. by E.
Force of cellular waves 1 to 2
Direction of tissue waves S. by E.
Force of tissue waves 1 to 2
Direction of organ waves S. by E.
Force of organ waves 1 to 2
Direction of system waves S. by E.
Force of system waves 1 to 2
Direction of organism waves S. by E.
Force of organism waves 1 to 2
Direction of population waves S. by E.
Force of population waves 1 to 2
Direction of community waves S. by E.
Force of community waves 1 to 2
Direction of society waves S. by E.
Force of society waves 1 to 2
Direction of culture waves S. by E.
Force of culture waves 1 to 2
Direction of civilization waves S. by E.
Force of civilization waves 1 to 2
Direction of progress waves S. by E.
Force of progress waves 1 to 2
Direction of science waves S. by E.
Force of science waves 1 to 2
Direction of art waves S. by E.
Force of art waves 1 to 2
Direction of literature waves S. by E.
Force of literature waves 1 to 2
Direction of music waves S. by E.
Force of music waves 1 to 2
Direction of drama waves S. by E.
Force of drama waves 1 to 2
Direction of painting waves S. by E.
Force of painting waves 1 to 2
Direction of sculpture waves S. by E.
Force of sculpture waves 1 to 2
Direction of architecture waves S. by E.
Force of architecture waves 1 to 2
Direction of engineering waves S. by E.
Force of engineering waves 1 to 2
Direction of medicine waves S. by E.
Force of medicine waves 1 to 2
Direction of law waves S. by E.
Force of law waves 1 to 2
Direction of politics waves S. by E.
Force of politics waves 1 to 2
Direction of religion waves S. by E.
Force of religion waves 1 to 2
Direction of philosophy waves S. by E.
Force of philosophy waves 1 to 2
Direction of history waves S. by E.
Force of history waves 1 to 2
Direction of geography waves S. by E.
Force of geography waves 1 to 2
Direction of astronomy waves S. by E.
Force of astronomy waves 1 to 2
Direction of meteorology waves S. by E.
Force of meteorology waves 1 to 2
Direction of climatology waves S. by E.
Force of climatology waves 1 to 2
Direction of oceanography waves S. by E.
Force of oceanography waves 1 to 2
Direction of glaciology waves S. by E.
Force of glaciology waves 1 to 2
Direction of hydrology waves S. by E.
Force of hydrology waves 1 to 2
Direction of meteorology waves S. by E.
Force of meteorology waves 1 to 2
Direction of climatology waves S. by E.
Force of climatology waves 1 to 2
Direction of oceanography waves S. by E.
Force of oceanography waves 1 to 2
Direction of glaciology waves S. by E.
Force of glaciology waves .

FELDER TO REPRESENT WILBER AGENCY HERE

Atlanta Lawyer Will Have Charge of Territory of Nine States

Thomas R. Felder has been selected by the Federal Bureau of Investigation as one of the biggest of its kind in the country, as their southern district representative to control a territory comprising Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee, North and South Carolina and Maryland.

Felder's headquarters will be in Atlanta, where he will report to him as general manager, an assistant division C. V. Hohenstein, an actor who has been active in the field. Mr. Felder in legal affairs. He will have under his command a staff in charge of details of the Atlanta office.

J. F. Burkhardt, who has had an extensive experience in mortgage collections for ten years in varied sections of the south, will be acting as district superintendent.

The other Mercantile bank head offices are in Chicago, with branch offices in New York, St. Louis, Boston, Philadelphia, San Francisco and Seattle. It commands a roster of capable attorneys in each of the states.

The agency was organized in 1872 and is rated as one of the largest and most representative commercial collecting and reporting agencies in operation. In addition to commercial collections handled from all parts of the world, the agency has a commercial re-

Cochran Much Worried
About That Polar Bear,
But It Was All a Joke

Visions of an ice bill cast as would bankrupt the park department were brushed aside by a March 1967 board meeting. On the following Monday, after receipt of a postcard purported to be from Cecilman George Freeman, a member of the board committee, who is in Indianapolis, Ind., Cochran was told that the letter was a manager found in his mail at noon.

"Have acquired and am sending by express a polar bear cub, which will be ideal for two elk and a fine polar bear," the letter read. "Please honor."

Although the park manager was not sure if the "Marilyn" was a cub, he was stocking the Grant park zoo with animals. He was also sending a letter to the Cecilman Freeman had taken action without authority from the park board, so he rushed to the office and met with the board. He then met Cecilman Claude Ashley and the board.

A few minutes later Mr. Cochran sent the following telegram to Cecilman Freeman:

"We have you gone wild? You know we have no money for those animals."

Mr. Cochran was told that a refrigeration plant would be necessary if the polar bear was brought to this climate, and that such a plant would mean a vast outlay of money.

make the best of it if they had already been sent. Leaving for his home late in the afternoon, he said the mayor had made an unwise selection in placing George Freeman on the park committee.

For the benefit of park patrons and to relieve the suspense of the park manager, it might be explained that the postcard in question was received by Councilman Ashley, who erased the original message of Councilman Freeman and placed instead the message to the park manager. He is now awaiting with interest the answer of Councilman Freeman to Mr. Cochran's telegram.

How to Fight Tuberculosis

with tuberculosis unchecked. The spread of tuberculosis and other preventable diseases is due largely to decalcified (lime lacking) conditions of multitudes throughout the civilized world."

Since the ingredients of Eckman's Alternative, much of its success doubtless is due to its combination in such a way as to render it easily assimilable. Eckman's Alternative has effected remarkable cures in tuberculosis, which, in many instances, apparently has yielded to it, and since it contains no opiates, narcotics or habit-forming drugs, it is safe to try.

Ask your druggist or send direct.
All Jacobs' Drug Stores in Atlanta.
Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia.



COMPANY

nt Pump

\$3.85

411 G.

All Sizes
All Widths
Strictly New

—White Canvas

—Palm Beach Kid.
 Quarter tops in self colors.
 Model offered Monday at,
J. M. HIGH CO.

THE HOUSE OF

Sighs

MADE IN ITALY

HELPS YOU TO SAVE

\$1.50 Nainsook
Also \$1.35 Longcloth **\$1.09**

TWO very special numbers. On sale Monday only. No phone orders, a limit of one bolt each kind, to each purchaser.

The Nainsook:
—a beautiful lingerie-finished quality—ideal for better undergarments, children's clothes, etc. A full \$1.50 value, \$1.09.

The Longcloth:
—Chamois finished, yard wide, in 12-yard bolts. Our No. 690, and splendid

Half-Price Sale!

All Our "Better" Summer Dresses
--Marked to Sell for \$7.50 to \$29.75, Are Re-marked "Half" for Monday

AND when you realize that original, marked prices were 10 per cent to 15 per cent lower than first prices of other stores for like quality, you will readily see that "halved" prices are below the "half-mark" valuations of other stores.

A Noteworthy Sales Event

EXTRA SPECIAL!

—That brings to you the highest conceptions of the world's best designers of women's dress, at the bare cost of the materials.

Were the writer an artist, with the talent of a master, 'twere even then impossible to picture here the many, many "beauties" of this collection.

\$3.95 to \$7.50
Dresses



DRESSES OF—

- Nets —Laces —Organde —Voile —Embroideries
- Lingerie —Batiste —Mull —Linen —Rice Crepe
- Tissues —Novelties

FOR EVERY OCCASION—

- Dance —Dinner —Receptions —Afternoons at Home
- Street Wear —Party Frocks —Porch Dresses

And Smart Models for Business.

Show in white and colors, in a variety of styles to suit every taste. And you may be sure that every dress is in the very now of fashion.

Two Hundred beautiful new dresses halved in price.

\$ 7.50 Dresses, \$3.75	\$14.75 Dresses, \$ 7.40
8.50 Dresses, 4.25	16.50 Dresses, 8.25
9.50 Dresses, 4.75	19.75 Dresses, 9.90
10.50 Dresses, 5.25	22.50 Dresses, 11.25
11.75 Dresses, 5.90	25.00 Dresses, 12.50
12.50 Dresses, 6.25	27.50 Dresses, 13.75
13.75 Dresses, 6.90	29.75 Dresses, 14.90

\$1.95

ALL the new, midsummer styles —strictly up to now—in the choicest of the season's wash fabrics:

- Voiles, —Organdy,
- Batiste, —Mulls,
- Rice Cloth, —Lawn.
- Satin, —Lace.

Showing every wanted color in attractive striped, plain spots and large and small floral patterns.

Very choice \$3.55 to \$7.50 values, \$1.95.

To \$2 Shirtwaists **To \$12.50 Dress Skirts**
FRESH and new. The **69c** **O**F TAFFETA Silk, \$4.95
 result of a special pur-
 Silk Poplin, Wool

—Crepe de Chine, Organdy,

—Lauette, Viole, Muli,
—Jap Silk, Rice Cloth.

—Plain white or colors, in tasty patterns.
Splendid \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00 kinds, 69c.

10 \$2.50 Wash Skirts \$1.25
—Of pique, repp, poplin, gabardine and
basket suitings. Well tailored and nicely
finished.

Instead of **15c**
25c, Pay But
For Beautiful 40-Inch
Awning
Striped Voiles

10c and 12 1/2c, Colored Lawns (1/2c
I NCLUDING also, many odd pieces of sheer voiles and novelty crepe weaves. A final let-go of all our summer stocks

— "Gold Band"
TAFFETA

—and thus share in an extremely fortunate factory purchase.
—Soft and sheer, pure white body with hair-strap outlined broad awning stripes, in pink, Copen, lavender, green and black. Beautiful weight wash marks. Your choice of scores of neat patterns, in wanted colors. 10c, 12½c and 15c values, 7½c.

10cHuck Towels 75cDoz.

—Full 36 inches wide. Black only. A beautiful, Swiss childproof finished 2½c. Nickel system.

Worth \$1.00, at, 75c
9 A.M. to 1 P.M.

From 9 to 12 only. No phone orders, none C. O. D. One dozen to each purchaser. 18x36-inch size. Perfect quality.

\$1.00 to \$1.25 Voile and Organdie
 Flouncings 27 inches Wide **89¢**

Ladies, How Many 8s and 10s

Soft, sheer Voiles, daintily done in colors; and gossamer-like Organdy, done in white. Your choice of scores of designs suited for many diverse uses. Perfect qualities, fresh and new. 89c.

Crepes and Voiles, 19c

NOTIONS

And Little Things

Will You Buy at . . . 5c

—Perhaps a dozen, more than likely two or three dozen. They're wonder-

5c

—Cotton vails and all-pure-linen laces for scores of trimming pur-

The same kinds you've bought many yards of, and paid 25c and 35c for. Scores of pretty patterns yet await our choosing. Buy them

As They Will Sell Monday

7 Spools Coats' Cotton Thread.. 25^c

linen cambric. Colored novelties and prettily embroidered kinds. Also, plain cambric, for men.

poses. Some matched sets. Variously $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 inch wide. Perfect qualities.

Because We've Arrang-

ed a Special Sale of

Muslin Underwear

Limit 7 Spools, No Phone
Orders, None C. O. D.

4 Spools Crochet Cotton . . . 15¢

75¢ Bed Sheets 62 1/4

81x90-inch size, medium weight, soft finished. Plain hemmed ends.

Silk Hair Nets, dozen . . . 12¢
12 Yds. Bias Seam Tape . . . 5¢
3 Dozen Pearl Buttons . . . 10¢
"Sweetheart" Talc Powder . . 5¢
German Silver Thimbles . . . 4¢

Gloves

10c ink Tablets for . . . 5c
 \$1.50 White Ivory Mirrors \$1.00
 20c lb. cans Talc Powder . . 9c
 10c Washrags, 6 for 25c; ea. . 5c
 5 Papers Wire Hairpins . . . 5c

—At 58c there are: Corset covers.



—In black, white and colors. Pure thread silk. Double- and single-faced. Also in 100% cotton. **55c**

3 Bunches 1-wired Tape . . . **5c**
2 Doz. Snap Dress Fasteners . . . **5c**
Lightweight Dress Shields . . . **7c**
Hygienic Sanitary Aprons . . . **25c**
3 Cakes Jap Rose Soap . . . **25c**

drawers, chemise, gowns, combinations and petticoats.

—At **98c** there are: Gowns, drawers, petticoats, Teddy bears, combinations and corset covers.

—At bath towels, towels, flannel, slippers, etc.

or right-now wear. All regular sizes. Perfect quality.

White Velvet

15c Boxes

15c Boxes

Crepe Kimonos

ity of styles in lace, embroidery and ribbon trimmings. All sizes. Extra values.



Gomme —For coats, skirts, suits. Beautiful quality, correct weight.	Stationery Your choice from near 500 boxes of good quality note paper. Boxes are slightly counter-	98c and \$1.49 —Including, also, a choice assortment of airy lawns and muslins. Straight or empire effects, some with the new-	New Middy 98c Blouses —Some belted styles. Advance
---	--	--	---

02 inches wide, 59c
36 inches wide, 75c

tion. Extra values.

in all colors. Extra values at 98c and \$1.49.

with collars and trimmings of self, navy or red.

••••• J. M. HIGH CO. ••••• J. M. HIGH CO. •••••

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

Vol. XLVIII.—No.

ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 25, 1915.

Daily and Sunday, carrier delivery, 12 cents weekly. Single copies on the streets and at newsstands, 5 cents.

This Store These Days Is Very Pleasant, Free From Dust and Stiffness, With Fresh Summer Goods in All Sections, and Special Sales Going On.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.



Notice to Charge Customers—All goods purchased on Monday and thereafter will be charged on your August account, payable September first.

Nothing of Nature Is Mismatched

Summer is shining on the hills and haunting the low levels of the ripening berry fields, where little brown elves of black-headed children and their mothers spend the sunny hours filling the baskets to be emptied on our breakfast tables.

Hot as the days are, the nights come cool, as though they were ordained to be comforters of suffering humanity, particularly the babies and their mothers.

So We Try to Regulate Our Store

To devise ways whereby the greater volume of business can be handled to the wide satisfaction of the customer is our constant thought, for as the customer's satisfaction broadens, so broadens the store's helpfulness—one begets the other; and, like the ripple of water made by a stone thrown into the still pool, the effect is far-reaching.

Shall not all of us try to make the holidays agreeable and enjoyable with the summer things of these days at the minimum of cost and the maximum of comfort?

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

Women's \$1 Vests at 79c

Very dainty silk-lisle Vests with fancy crocheted yoke, priced for Monday at 79c instead of \$1.00.

ANSCO
FILM

Be sure of getting best results by loading your camera with Anso Film.

They have chromatic balance that gives correctness of color tones unknown to other film.

We guarantee all Anso products to give absolute satisfaction.

Come in and get a better understanding of the complete Anso line—cameras, film, chemicals and Cytos papers—and then you'll get real satisfaction in picture making.

Bring Us Your Roll Films for FREE DEVELOPMENT

White Silk Stockings

Seven out of every ten women who come to the counter's now ask for White Silk Stockings. You can readily believe this when you observe the number being worn.

Here are the famous "Gordon H-300"—stockings of white silk, with lisle top and sole—made to last; \$1.00 pair.

White silk-boat Hose with extra high spliced heels, at 50c pair.

Novelty-Stripe Stockings

They are very much in demand also. Here are the popular black-and-white pin stripes, with either white or black top; also white with black polka-dot; some are regular \$1.25 Hose; all priced at \$1.00 pair.

Towels! Towels! A Special Sale Monday!

Everybody needs lots of Bath Towels. Here is a sale Monday wonderful in extent, no less than in the unusualness of the values offered.

Prices are quoted on Half Dozens.

Turkish Bath Towels—heavy, strong, durable.

No. 703—extra large size—18x38 inches. 15c each, or 75c for half dozen.

No. 625—fringed, red woven borders; 17x38-inch size; 15c each, 75c for half dozen.

Beautiful Clear Crystal Iced Tea Glasses, etched in grape design. You may buy them Monday—six for 98c

All Summer Coats Now Have Smaller Prices

Outing and Sports Coats—Motor Coats—Coats for the mountains or seashore—Coats for travel, by train or boat—All are now priced 1-4 to 1-2 off.

All of these dainty white summery dresses, on the tables have had their prices made smaller to hurry them out. There is uncommonly fine picking among them. Such dresses as women who can afford to pay much more will be delighted to have now to finish out the season.

See them Monday, and pay only \$4.50 for regular \$8.75 and \$9 Dresses.

200 White Dresses in a July Clearing of the Women's Fashion Salons
\$4.50 the Price for Regular \$8.75 and \$9 Dresses

Clothes Helps for Women Going Away

Suits, Coats, Dresses, Wonderful Indeed at Their Late Season Prices

For Instance---

SUITS at \$9.75

A little earlier in the season their duplicates sold for twice or three times as much. In fact, there isn't a suit in the lot which sold for less than twice Monday's price.

That is one important thing to remember.

ANOTHER IS THIS: They are all suits of smart, stylish models, of fine wool materials, and are just such as women who are going away need.

The third thing is this—you may have unrestricted choice, regardless of former prices, of any checked, putty or sand color or gray suit in stock Monday, and pay only \$9.75.

A wonderful offer, considering the values included.

And at \$15—

You may have choice of any this season's navy or black suits in the house. All staple, plain tailored, smart suits, ideal for traveling—and their regular prices are \$25 to \$40.



Two Wonderful Specials in Flouncings for Monday

Beautiful dancing frock flouncings have their prices greatly reduced because the season is advanced.

Fine organdie and lingerie flouncings, open, or dainty patterns, lace edge finish, some baby Irish effects—27 to 36 inches wide—flouncings priced regularly up to \$3.00 are to be had in this sale at \$1.50 yard.

Flouncings to \$2.50 at 75c Yard

Organdie, lingerie and linen flouncings, 36 and 40 inches wide; "odds and ends," priced to clear quickly Monday at 75c yard.

An Important Lace Sale Monday 12c Yard for Valenciennes Up to 25c

Here is one of the most important Lace offers we have made you in a long while: Dainty, beautiful filet, craquelé, round thread and diamond mesh Laces—edges, insertions and headings—34 to 134 inches wide. Priced regularly up to 25c—choice Monday at 12c yard.

Display Fall Fashions IN MILLINERY

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY

MISS PEARL HARDY Has Just Returned From New York

Black velvet Hats trimmed with white; Black Satin Hats trimmed in black is the last message from Paris.

And it is a happy command, for Black and White is ideal for early fall, and Black is always chic.

COPIES AND ADAPTATIONS OF PARIS HATS

An exposition that is especially planned to demonstrate our style superiority, and to call attention to this brilliant assemblage of early Autumn Hats at Practical Prices, which we think unique in the Millinery Annals of Atlanta.

By reason of its Originality, its extent, its diversified features, including its most Reasonable Prices, which is attached to every piece of Millinery, and as a consequence Davison-Paxon-Stokes Company will triumphantly open its Millinery Salon prepared to do the largest Millinery Business we have ever done.

TRIMMED HATS! Prices \$5, \$7.50, \$10, \$12.50, \$15

UNTRIMMED SHAPES FOR EARLY WEAR

Satin Hats—\$1.95, \$2.50, \$2.95
Satin and Velvet—\$1.95, \$2.50, \$2.95, \$3.95
Velvet Hats—\$2.95, \$3.95, \$5.00, \$7.50

The most complete line of shapes in all the new colors to be found in Atlanta.



—Second Floor.

Remarkable Sale One Day Only

Five Cents Down Then \$1 a Week **Sewing Machines** First Payment Five Cents

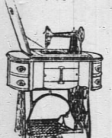
Five cents first payment secures immediate delivery of any of these high grade machines and the easy terms arranged for the balance to be paid makes this the most wonderful payment plan ever devised. Full particulars first floor.

\$27.50



SINGER

\$27.50



DAPAXTO

\$27.50



STANDARD



FIRST PAYMENT

This is the greatest sale of sewing machines ever advertised anywhere. Our buyer has outdone himself in securing the most remarkable values in the sewing machine industry. Only twenty-four will be sold at this sale, but you get choice tomorrow—they are at one price—\$27.50.

FIVE CENTS FIRST PAYMENT

\$35 to \$55 Sewing Machines, twenty-four, to sell all at one price, for one day only—choice. **\$27.50**



PARAGON
\$27.50
NO PHONE
ORDERS



WHITE
\$27.50
FREE
LESSONS



AUTOMATIC
\$27.50
NO MAIL
ORDERS



NEWPORT
\$27.50
None Sold to Agents

This group includes odds and ends remaining from our July sale and others just received, all marked down for tomorrow only. Highly advertised makes, from two to seven of a kind; all genuine bargains, including new and sample machines some used. Every one guaranteed perfectly satisfactory. Your favorite make is here and it is not likely that this offer can ever be repeated.

This Sale For One Day Only Tomorrow, Monday. You Must Come Monday.

\$27.50



NEW HOME

Special Summer Helps in the Downstairs Section--Monday

Fresh, Pretty Lingerie Blouses at 79c.

Both voiles and organdies, white and shell pink, all prettily made, with effective collars. 79c is a remarkably small price for Blouses so good.

Plenty of New White Tub Skirts at \$1.00

The stock has to be replenished daily these pretty Skirts go out in such a hurry. The newest comes are particularly pleasing—several styles, made of fine cord or broader welt pique; belts attached, pockets, etc. The extra large sizes for stout women are priced at \$1.25.

Cool Crepe Kimonos at \$1.50

They are made of fine plisse crepe, in decidedly pleasing patterns and color effects.

50c Bungalow Aprons at 35c

All new and fresh, only in stock a few days. Well made of good percales, in checked effects.

Women's Cool Summer Night Gowns

At 25c—such garments as you'd never dream of finding at this price. Made of nainsook, low neck, short sleeves, finished with lace heading and ribbon.

At 50c—Pretty Gowns of soft nainsook, trimmed in several ways with embroidery and ribbons, low neck, short sleeves.

Girls' 50c and 69c Wash Dresses at 39c

Stylish little tub frocks made of either gingham or percale, in 2 to 10-year sizes.

Girls' New Middies at 50c

They would sell regularly at \$1.00—a special purchase enables you to buy them at just half that price. Made of good heavy galates, in new and decidedly pleasing style. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

Wash Goods Specials

7 1/2c yard for Dress Cottons up to 15c. Lawns, voiles, etc., in cool, light colors.

Kimono Crepes at 12 1/2c yard—special for Monday. A great variety of dainty, pleasing patterns and color effects.

Pretty Curtain Scrims at 15c yard—artistic colored border effects, white or cream centers. They are the kinds you usually find priced at 25c yard. 15c is our regular price, and our Curtain fabrics in the downstairs section have become famous.

THE HORRORS OF A WAR OF THE NERVES!



"IT WAS TERRIBLE, A VISION FROM DANTE'S INFERNO."

THE most horrible war of all ages is a war of the nerves. Not bullets of lead, nor bullets of silver; not numbers of men nor ability in those who command; not the greatest supplies of ammunition nor superiority in bigness of guns, but nerves, nerves, nerves and nothing else are going to decide which way the awful catastrophe in which Europe is plunged is going to end.

General von Hindenburg, himself the cold, calculating, hard military genius, who thrice overwhelmed the Russians with awful slaughter, maintains this. Neither armies nor generals will win the war, is his belief. The nation whose people have the calmest, hardest nerves will be triumphant, he asserts with compelling conviction.

American scientists who have carefully studied the war from this side, from the side of its horrors and the effect they will have upon the present generation and generations to come, from the side of the mind and of insanity, are a unit in asserting that Europe will be peopled with subnormal men, with physical and mental wrecks for years to come.

Modern warfare is more horrible than any warfare that ever has been waged in the previous history of the world. It has grown so awful in its engines of destruction and its constant strain on mind and body that it is most famed descriptions of inferno do not begin to approach its horrors. Its awfulness is beyond belief.

"Surely the struggle that is now tearing Europe asunder has a meaning deeper than the official dispatches reveal," says Waldemar Kaempfert, managing editor of the Scientific American. "Think of Tyres and Neuve Chapelle, of Lensberg and the River San; then think of the defectives to be born in this country whose grandfathers lost their grip upon

themselves in northern France or western Russia in 1915 and became hysterics or mental defectives. Then you will know how terrible is the price that we, too, must pay because war, in the opinion of General von Hindenburg, is a combat of nerves.

"Chastler than the torn and bleeding forms that strew the battlefields of Europe, ghastlier than the blinded eyes and the crushed breasts and the faces mutilated beyond all recognition are the shattered minds and nerves of men who have sniped barbed wire under the fire of machine guns and covered in the trenches while shrapnel burst overhead. The medical journals of England, France and Germany have already published preliminary accounts of mental derangements never seen in times of peace. Read them and you will agree with Von Hindenburg.

"Imagine men pouring water into their boots to lessen the vibration of walking; imagine them screaming in agony at the mere rustling of a newspaper; imagine the frightful convulsions of epileptics whose unsuspected mental instability has been revealed by battle; imagine the hallucinations and the ravings of wretches unstrung by weary waiting in muddy shelters and strapped to hospital cots—imagine all this, and you have not imagined a title of the psychic terrors of war. No wonder that war is the mother of insanity.

"The tentacles of this terror clutch not only the men in the field, but non-combatants as well. When Paris was besieged in the war of 1870-1871 a veritable epidemic of mental diseases seized the people—something so new that the name 'siege madness' had to be coined in order to describe it. Of ninety-two children born in Paris during that frightful period of anguish, when the animals in the zoological gardens were slaughtered to provide food, sixty-four had

mental and physical anomalies, and the remaining twenty-eight were feeble; twenty-one were imbeciles or idiots and eight were morally or emotionally insane. How awful will be the corresponding tale of this war! Verily the seeds of madness have been sown in devastated Europe. Whole nations are unstrung. A generation at least will be required to restore the nervous equilibrium of the losers.

"That the children of tomorrow must suffer for the shattered nerves of today follows as a matter of course. Statistics enough have been compiled to prove that insanity has increased alarmingly under peaceful industrial conditions—as much as 104 per cent, for example, in New York state alone, during the space of twenty years. What may be expected of the offspring of the men who emerge from this war with minds and bodies impaired?

"Herbert Spencer was one of the first to point out the truth, long since accepted by eugenicists, that 'the ability to maintain individual life and the ability to multiply vary inversely.' In other words, the intellectually and physically unfit reproduce faster than the desirable elements of a community. Veterans with wrecked intellects or ruined nerves will marry, reeking not of the social consequences; the state will not hold them in check. Latent mental defects which might never have manifested themselves will blossom forth because the shock of war is to them what a hot-house is to a plant; they will weigh heavily upon the next generation.

"We, too, must bear the burden. The tide of immigration which the United States may expect after the treaty of peace has been signed will carry with it much human wreckage that should be

diverted before it reaches these shores.

In times of peace we take the precaution of testing the intellectual fitness of Europeans at every port of entry. Our instruments and methods are rather crude—so crude that they reveal only the more conspicuously unfit. What we will soon need is some system of aptitude tests which will enable us to determine whether the horrors of war have not so far undermined a racial stock that it may not be permitted to contaminate the healthy human protoplasm out of which real Americans are made."

Dr. George W. Crile, distinguished American surgeon who has served in French war hospitals, is another scientist who predicts a race of subnormal men and physical wrecks for the warring European states. Tens of thousands of men permanently disabled by rifle and shrapnel wounds will not be Europe's only heritage of human woe after the great war, he says. It is not the bullet alone that wrecks the bodies and the brains of soldiers.

Physically and mentally the mere shocks and horrors of the conflict are wrecking the soldiers by the thousands. The researches of Dr. Crile and other noted surgeons who have served in the military hospitals show that with negligible exceptions every man who has for any length of time been a witness to the battlefield and trench scenes has been impaired mentally and physically by the shocks and frights.

A race of subnormal men for several generations is their free prediction. How far down the line of generations the impairment of the brain will extend is a matter of conjecture. Of the thousands of wounded men examined by Dr. Crile

not one has escaped permanent impairment of the brain service.

Nearly all, too, were suffering from physical shock; their nerve force was shattered and their body stamina reduced. These physical effects will be as permanent as the mental ones, the medical men believe.

So a race of subnormal men, mentally as well as bodily, is what every warring European nation faces. That their shattered brains and bodies will have an effect on coming generations for some time is to be taken for granted. Modern warfare has grown so awful in its engines of destruction and its constant strain on mind and body that henceforth war can only be a detriment in every way to a race instead of as in times past bringing out the courageous and sacrificing qualities that have redounded to the lasting benefit of a people.

Not only does warfare now, as in times past, kill off or cripple the very finest of a nation's manhood, but through the intensity with which it is now waged it reduces the physical and mental vigor of those who escape the bullets.

Germany, France and England have been compelled to establish a great number of insane asylums and of sanatoria for the treatment of nervous diseases. A traveler in Germany recently described a visit which he made to the nervous sanatorium at Eberswalde in Germany. The conditions he describes there may be taken as typical of the conditions existing in all the sanatoria the warring nations have established. He says:

"It was terrible, a vision from Dante's 'Inferno.' Here are patients who suffer from occipital cramp. If they do not die in twenty-four hours they recover. But recovery is slow. Seventy-five per cent of those affected are non-smokers.

"Many patients sit silent and depressed, with fixed unseeing eyes, suffering from temporary paralysis of the op-

tic nerve. Others foam at the mouth, utter horrible cries; and gesticulate as far as the straight-waistcoat permits them. Others with ghastly grins imitate the whistle of shells and clatter of machine guns. Even when they seem cured a suggestion of a return to the front provokes a violent return of the worst symptoms."

Many such sanatoria have been established throughout Germany and France. Such nervous diseases principally affect the intellectuals, officers and flower of the French and German troops.

Along with its sanatoria for nervous diseases and insanity the war has called forth numerous special hospitals for the treatment of special diseases and wounds, none of which are more interesting than the face and teeth hospitals, for the scientists have learned that the teeth are the basis of health, happiness and efficiency.

One of the most remarkable of these hospitals is that organized and directed by Professor Roemer, in Strassburg, Germany. It deals only with wounds of the face and mouth and has secured results that are almost miraculous.

A large proportion of the soldiers fighting in the trenches receives wounds in the face and mouth. If the condition of the German soldiers permits they are taken to the Roemer hospital. Here there is a staff that numbers fifty-five, and all the work, which includes the cooking, which is done by the wives and daughters of the professors, is performed without fee.

There are two sections to the hospital itself. In the first section a corps of twelve dentists examine the teeth of the soldiers, make the necessary extractions and later make plates. The German military authorities pay for this work because of the very reasonable point of view that a soldier with defective teeth cannot be thoroughly efficient.

Gustave Doré's Conception of the Curse of Insanity in His Illustrations for Dante's "The Vision of Hell."

work of rescue was over. Federal and county grand juries were ordered, a coroner's jury was empaneled and all of the officers and crew of the Eastland were arrested.

W. C. Steele, secretary and treasurer of the St. Joseph-Chicago Steamship company, who owned the Eastland, built on Lake Erie in 1903 and remodeled later, because topheavy, it is said, was arrested tonight and locked up at a police station. The steamship was leased by the Indiana Transportation company, whose officers said they were not responsible for the licensing of the ship and did not control the crew.

MANY CORPSES STILL IN HULK.

During the day more than 700 bodies were taken from the river and from the hull of the overturned steamer, the sides of which were cut open to admit divers.

Several persons were taken alive from the cabin after the ship had lain on its side in the river for four hours, but the 200 others said to be in the bulk are all dead.

Under the glare of searchlights tonight scores of men worked in the hull of the vessel to remove the bodies. The steamer lay on the bottom of the river, one side protruding like a monument to the hundreds it had drowned as it turned over.

The cause of the capsizing had not been determined tonight, but federal grand jury officers were making investigations to determine whether the ship was top-heavy from faulty design, was improperly ballasted or was poorly handled in leaving the wharf.

EASTLAND FAULTY IN HER DESIGN.

Marine architects asserted that the Eastland was faulty in design, that the top deck had been removed because of the tendency of the ship to list and also pointed to the possibility that the ship had been unevenly, or insufficiently ballasted.

The Eastland used water ballast, so that it could pump out some on entering shallow lake harbors, so some investigators are working on a theory that the ballast tanks were not filled and the rushing of passengers to one side of the decks caused it to roll over.

Under misty skies 7,000 men, women and children went to the Clark street dock early today to fill five large lake steamers with holiday mirth in a trip to Michigan City. The steamer Eastland was the first to be loaded.

Rain began to fall as the wharf superintendents lifted the gangplank from the Eastland, declaring that the government limit of 2,500 passengers had been reached.

The passengers swarmed to the left side of the ship as the other steamer drew up the river towards the wharf. A tug was hitched to the Eastland.

Boys put out tugs rushed to the scene with shrieking whistles and many jumped into the river to aid the drowning. With thousands of bodies ready to aid and the wharf crowded to capacity, the rescue work was desperate every effort at rescue.

One man was seen to cling to a spike in the hull of the ship as he floated. Women and children clung to the sides of the ship as they floated. The Eastland was the first to be loaded.

Instances of heroism were almost as numerous as the number of persons who were saved. Fathers were drawn to the water's edge, where they were seen to be cutting through the steel plates with a tool used opposite the Eastland.

Work of tagging the bodies of the dead and placing them in accessible places for identification began at day and night. Reports from various sources indicated that a total of 770 bodies had been recovered.

The bodies to the Second Regiment army hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

Identification was slow and scenes at the river when the steamer was being lowered into the water were of children whom they had sent away to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

When the large army showed signs of becoming impatient, the police were made to convert the army hospital into a morgue. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

With practically all of the bodies in the hospital, the police were made to convert the army hospital into a morgue. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

The first squad admitted to the army consisted mainly of the curious and the coroner Hoffman, through a mob, cried out that he would arrest "in the name of decency" any one who entered the army without reason other than the satisfaction of morbid curiosity.

As fast as the bodies were identified they were removed again to undertakers' establishments to make room for others waiting outside. There were more than 300 corpses in the army hospital when the first line of seekers were forced to pass their way a single file.

When the crowd waiting outside the army turned the door late outside the police were forced to use their clubs to drive them back, several persons were injured. It was said.

Shortly after the opening of the great morgue to the public the first identification took place. An elderly woman, accompanied by a young man, dropped on her knees before a man in uniform and weeping what proved to be the body of her daughter. Similar scenes followed fast and the line appeared to be a river of the dead.

When the large army showed signs of becoming impatient, the police were made to convert the army hospital into a morgue. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

With practically all of the bodies in the hospital, the police were made to convert the army hospital into a morgue. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

The first squad admitted to the army consisted mainly of the curious and the coroner Hoffman, through a mob, cried out that he would arrest "in the name of decency" any one who entered the army without reason other than the satisfaction of morbid curiosity.

As fast as the bodies were identified they were removed again to undertakers' establishments to make room for others waiting outside. There were more than 300 corpses in the army hospital when the first line of seekers were forced to pass their way a single file.

When the crowd waiting outside the army turned the door late outside the police were forced to use their clubs to drive them back, several persons were injured. It was said.

ropes were ordered cast out and the steamer was towed toward the Eastland had not budged, however.

SHIP LURCHES TO HER DOOM.

Instead, the heavily laden ship started sideways, leaning first towards the river bank. The lurch was so startling that many passengers joined the large concourse already on the river side of the decks.

The ship never heeled back. It turned slowly, but steadily towards its left side. Children clung to the skirts of mothers and sisters to keep from falling. Water began to enter lower port holes and the hawseers tore out the splices to which the vessel was tied.

Screams from passengers attracted the attention of fellow excursionists on the dock awaiting the next steamer. Wharfmen and pickpockets soon lined the edge of the embankment, reaching out helplessly toward the wavering steamer.

For nearly five minutes the ship turned before it finally dived under the swift current of the river. During the listing of the vessel life boats, chairs and other loose appurtenances on the decks slipped down the sloping floors, crushing the passengers towards the rising waters.

Then there was a plunge with a sigh of air escaping from the hold, mingled with crying of children and shrieks of women and the ship was on the bottom of the river, casting hundreds of living creatures to the water.

HUNDREDS CAME TO THE SURFACE.

Many sank, entangled with clothing and bundles and did not rise, but hundreds came to the surface, holding floating chairs and other objects. Persons on shore drew out ropes and dragged to the surface those who could hold their life lines.

In the employ of commission firms along the river three cranes, chicken coops and other floating objects into the rising waters, but most of these were swept away by the current.

Boys put out tugs rushed to the scene with shrieking whistles and many jumped into the river to aid the drowning. With thousands of bodies ready to aid and the wharf crowded to capacity, the rescue work was desperate every effort at rescue.

One man was seen to cling to a spike in the hull of the ship as he floated. Women and children clung to the sides of the ship as they floated. The Eastland was the first to be loaded.

Instances of heroism were almost as numerous as the number of persons who were saved. Fathers were drawn to the water's edge, where they were seen to be cutting through the steel plates with a tool used opposite the Eastland.

Work of tagging the bodies of the dead and placing them in accessible places for identification began at day and night. Reports from various sources indicated that a total of 770 bodies had been recovered.

The bodies to the Second Regiment army hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

Identification was slow and scenes at the river when the steamer was being lowered into the water were of children whom they had sent away to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

When the large army showed signs of becoming impatient, the police were made to convert the army hospital into a morgue. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

With practically all of the bodies in the hospital, the police were made to convert the army hospital into a morgue. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

The first squad admitted to the army consisted mainly of the curious and the coroner Hoffman, through a mob, cried out that he would arrest "in the name of decency" any one who entered the army without reason other than the satisfaction of morbid curiosity.

As fast as the bodies were identified they were removed again to undertakers' establishments to make room for others waiting outside. There were more than 300 corpses in the army hospital when the first line of seekers were forced to pass their way a single file.

When the crowd waiting outside the army turned the door late outside the police were forced to use their clubs to drive them back, several persons were injured. It was said.

Shortly after the opening of the great morgue to the public the first identification took place. An elderly woman, accompanied by a young man, dropped on her knees before a man in uniform and weeping what proved to be the body of her daughter. Similar scenes followed fast and the line appeared to be a river of the dead.

When the large army showed signs of becoming impatient, the police were made to convert the army hospital into a morgue. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

With practically all of the bodies in the hospital, the police were made to convert the army hospital into a morgue. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

The first squad admitted to the army consisted mainly of the curious and the coroner Hoffman, through a mob, cried out that he would arrest "in the name of decency" any one who entered the army without reason other than the satisfaction of morbid curiosity.

As fast as the bodies were identified they were removed again to undertakers' establishments to make room for others waiting outside. There were more than 300 corpses in the army hospital when the first line of seekers were forced to pass their way a single file.

When the crowd waiting outside the army turned the door late outside the police were forced to use their clubs to drive them back, several persons were injured. It was said.

Shortly after the opening of the great morgue to the public the first identification took place. An elderly woman, accompanied by a young man, dropped on her knees before a man in uniform and weeping what proved to be the body of her daughter. Similar scenes followed fast and the line appeared to be a river of the dead.

When the large army showed signs of becoming impatient, the police were made to convert the army hospital into a morgue. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

With practically all of the bodies in the hospital, the police were made to convert the army hospital into a morgue. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

The first squad admitted to the army consisted mainly of the curious and the coroner Hoffman, through a mob, cried out that he would arrest "in the name of decency" any one who entered the army without reason other than the satisfaction of morbid curiosity.

As fast as the bodies were identified they were removed again to undertakers' establishments to make room for others waiting outside. There were more than 300 corpses in the army hospital when the first line of seekers were forced to pass their way a single file.

into underwater suits. A tug was hauled up as it lay between the ship and the capsized ship.

GRAND JURY TO INVESTIGATE.

Yet amidst all the horror and heart-ache officers of various departments attended to pressing duties of disposing of the dead and recovering the bodies of the missing. Inquiry into the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

composure as they passed between the ranks of corpses. Looking for missing children or wives.

GRAND JURY TO INVESTIGATE.

Yet amidst all the horror and heart-ache officers of various departments attended to pressing duties of disposing of the dead and recovering the bodies of the missing. Inquiry into the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed. The grand jury was ordered a grand jury to investigate the cause of the disaster and the responsibility for it was not delayed.

Grabbed Girl by Her Hair And Saved Her From Death

Chicago, July 24.—Charles Williams, a New York concern, looking for his missing daughter, was saved because his coat caught on a nail. "I was with a girl and she was all drowned," said Williams. "My coat caught on a nail when the boat went over and I was held above the water. If it had not been for the nail I would have been with the others of my party."

Among those rescued was W. J. Plamondon, an electrical engineer and cousin of Charles A. Plamondon, who with his wife lost his life in the Eastland disaster.

RELATIVES OF VICTIMS TO GET INSURANCE.
Chicago, July 24.—Relatives of employees of the Western Electric company are provided for under an insurance plan maintained through affiliation with the American Telephone and Telegraph company.

The death benefit provides payment of six months' wages to dependents of those having been in the employ of the company for five years or more and of three months' pay to those having served for ten years or more.

Wherever you need a General Tonic Take Crown's
The old Standard Crown's Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well-known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the blood and builds up the whole system.

Better Than Insurance And It Costs You Less
Our Modern Safety Deposit Vault of solid Manganese steel, beats burglar insurance any way you figure it:
Its protection is absolute.
It is accessible and convenient.
It costs you less—less than 1 cent a day for the smaller boxes with liberal room.
We invite your inspection.

Policeman Henry Reher, one of the first to go to the rescue, said: "I was among the men who were holding children, plunging into the water. I jumped into a rowboat and pulled out the bodies. I think I got about fifty ashore."

Mrs. William Peterson, wife of a foreman at the Western Electric company, was pulled through a port hole of the ship to safety.

"I was pulled clear under water and when I came to the surface I saw two hands reaching out of a port hole. They pulled me through. I don't know where my husband, daughter and sister-in-law were saved or not."

Merchants of the South Water street commission houses and their employees made many rescues. Children and babies were thrown to the victims struggling in the water and many saved themselves in this manner. They were rushed to the boat and the task of melting a hole through the upturned steel side of the steamer was cheered on by hundreds of anxious relatives and friends, many when this accident happened.

"The fall in the Eastland was in the hull. I told the hullmen at the time. It was called to inspect some parts of the hull. It was not properly repaired."

"After the Eastland was completed it was sent to the lake. It was the vulnerable parts were in the hull and I got my first look at it. I saw the deck overturned in the river. The hull was in a starboard position, applying to naval architecture."

"The Eastland had almost no body at all and this was its main weakness. It was about the size of the hull as top-heavy as the Eastland, but they are about the size of their hulls are properly constructed."

"My husband disappeared among them. I had Harry with my right arm and Helen with my left. I seemed to lose all strength. I was struggling and I had to let go of Helen. She went down in the struggling mass. Then someone—a man with a uniform on—grabbed me and began swimming. I came to my son and when I saw him I knew he was safe. My husband and my little girl, Helen, and I were saved. My husband and my father must have gone down."

Mrs. Emma O'Donnell, of Berwyn, Ill., said: "The steamer was getting ready to leave and was crowded with excursionists."

85 BODIES TO THE MORGUE
Chicago, July 24.—Bodies, long rows of them, 85 to the row, made the scene at the second regiment army hospital, where the bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

Ten long rows of blanketed victims met the eyes of the thousands who were allowed to enter this place of death shortly before 10 o'clock, and then were enacted heartrending scenes surpassed only by the disaster itself.

Freeding the admission of those who were seeking friends and relatives, the bodies were brought in and checked off with systematic precision, each being numbered and then laid in the particular row. The number called for by two dozen physicians and undertakers were at the head of the line.

Caskets were piled in blankets the victims presented a similar appearance. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

Thousands had stood outside the army. There was no order and the very silence of the assembly emphasized the awful tragedy that had been enacted.

When the bodies were thrown over the crowd was met by two lines of police officers and through this line the seekers were forced to pass their way a single file.

Shortly after the opening of the great morgue to the public the first identification took place. An elderly woman, accompanied by a young man, dropped on her knees before a man in uniform and weeping what proved to be the body of her daughter. Similar scenes followed fast and the line appeared to be a river of the dead.

When the large army showed signs of becoming impatient, the police were made to convert the army hospital into a morgue. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

With practically all of the bodies in the hospital, the police were made to convert the army hospital into a morgue. The bodies were taken to the hospital and were given up to the friends and relatives who could be identified.

The first squad admitted to the army consisted mainly of the curious and the coroner Hoffman, through a mob, cried out that he would arrest "in the name of decency" any one who entered the army without reason other than the satisfaction of morbid curiosity.

As fast as the bodies were identified they were removed again to undertakers' establishments to make room for others waiting outside. There were more than 300 corpses in the army hospital when the first line of seekers were forced to pass their way a single file.

DOTHAN BATSMEN *Hall of Dothan Leads*
LED THE LEAGUE *The Flag League Twirlers*

By Dick Jemison.

Hall, of Dothan, led the pitchers of the F. L. A. G. league for the season, winning 14 games and losing 5, for an average of .737. McFarlin, of Brunswick, was second with .706, and Price, of Dothan, third was .700.

Spaugh, of Gainesville, allowed 108 runs and 205 hits and led the league in being touched freely in these departments.

Ery, of Valdosta, and Spaugh, of Gainesville, worked in the most games, 24 each. Ery worked in the greatest number of innings, 203. Sikes, of Thom-

Poole, of Dothan, fanned the most batters with 119. Hodge, of Dothan, was second with 115, and Sikes, of Thomasville, third with 105.

Poole, of Dothan, walked the most batters, 71. Sloan, of Valdosta, was second with 66, and Antley, of Waycross, third with 57. Here are the figures:

Pitchers and Teams	C	I. P.	R.	H.	S.	B.	H.	B.	W.	P.	L.	T. P. C.
L'Hommiedieu, Brunswick	1	9	5	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,500
Moseley, Americus	2	18	6	12	11	8	3	0	0	0	0	1,800
Holt, Thomasville	2	7	2	6	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	1,200
Weston, Valdosta	1	7	2	6	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	1,200

*McFarlin, Brunswick	9	14	8	146	7	18	1	3	0	14	0	.787
Meador, Portland	9	14	2	122	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	.796
Price, Prothan	11	81	35	62	\$0	30	2	1	0	7	3	.700
Ramst, America	8	22	14	11	8	9	2	0	0	0	0	.687
Sood, Portland	10	11	1	10	1	11	6	1	0	1	7	.859
Wiggins, Waycross	18	21	34	95	52	28	1	0	0	13	7	.878
Gardner, Waycross	20	171	66	162	92	20	3	0	0	12	7	.872
Baker, Portland and Gaines	12	81	31	68	14	18	3	0	0	5	3	.875
Eyer, Valdosta	9	11	1	10	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	.875
Sloan, Valdosta	22	190	61	137	101	68	12	3	0	12	8	.860
Baker, Valdosta	9	66	29	61	24	15	8	2	1	4	2	.871

Pickerson, Amer.-and Val.	12	82-	-26	57	40	31	7	9	0
Rosenbaum, Amer.-and Val.	11	82-	-26	57	40	31	7	9	0
Moseley, Deth- and Gaines.	37	120	69	126	71	33	2	1	31
Anley, Waycross	20	169	61	103	99	59	11	6	0
Hawkins, Waycross	18	143	61	125	92	62	9	4	0
Bowden, Waycross	20	169	61	103	99	59	11	6	0
Vaughn, Valdosta	8	49	18	40	18	12	3	3	0
Solia, Thomaville	3	23	11	21	7	7	2	0	0
Cook, Thomaville	2	10	5	11	4	4	1	0	0
Summerlin, Thomaville	4	20	19	22	5	1	0	0	0
Stewart, Brunswick	22	170	68	138	97	87	4	5	0
Davis, Brunswick	2	17	8	19	9	8	1	0	0
Trotter, Brunswick	2	17	8	19	9	8	1	0	0
Total	159	1,297	495	837	583	381	81	6	470

[illegible]

Guy Dunning of Gainesville

Lead Flag League Batsmen

By Dick Jemison.

Guy Dunning, the speedy little centerfielder of the Gainesville Sharks, is the leading batsman of the F. L. A. G. league for the 1915 season, having a batting average of .316. Medlock, of Valdosta, finished second with .313 and

Dunning also led the batters in the number of hits made during the season, making an even 100 hits and being the only batsman in the league to reach the century mark. Parks, of Dothan, was second, with 93 hits, and Reddy, of Dothan, third, with 78.

Reddy, of Dothan, was the leading run getter of the league, crossing the-platter 69 times. Dunning, of Gainesville, finished second with 48 and Biewart, of Waycross, third with 45 tallies.

Phaeal, of Dothan, led the league, here, hits getting 48 extra bases during

the season on his dres. Reynolds, of Waycross, was second with 35 and McMillan, of Valdosta, third with 33. Antley, of Thomasville, leads in two-baggers with 16. Medlock, of Thomasville, led in triples with 7. Reynolds, of Waycross, and Paschal, of Dothan, led in home runs with 7 each.

Dunning, of Gainesville, led in total bases with 127. Paschal, of Dothan, was second with 121 and McMillan, of Valdosta, third with 101.

Heck, of Dothan, led in sacrifice hits with 23. Nance, of Brunswick, was second with 24, and Jordan, of Brunswick, third with 21.

At the finish of the season there were eighteen batemen with an average of .390 or better, but of this number, but nine of them were regulars. Here are the figures:

Players and Teams.	G.	A.	B.	R.	H.	2.	3.	4.	Ex.	T.	B.	S.	H.	S.	B.	P.	C.
Hoel, Thomastown	2	8	0	1	3	9	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	.468
Donaldson, Traunkirk	2	8	0	0	3	7	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	.375
Husling, Dothan	2	8	0	0	3	7	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	.375

Burns, Valdoista	8	20	2	7	1	0	0	0	1	0	.460		
Brown, Valdosta	10	85	6	12	8	0	0	0	7	19	1	0	.343
Hammend, Valdosta	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000
Livingson, Brunswick	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	.333
Powers, Americus	21	79	11	26	1	1	0	6	32	5	0	0	.329
Trotter, Durham and Valdosta	33	113	10	37	5	0	0	6	42	3	6	0	.328
Dunning, Valdosta	21	79	11	26	1	1	0	6	32	5	0	0	.316
Medrick, Valdosta	59	214	32	67	9	7	2	28	95	15	3	0	.310
Willard, Brunswick	46	187	33	68	7	2	2	15	72	6	7	0	.310
Parks, Durham	62	270	34	88	16	1	0	17	100	6	15	0	.307

McMillan, Valdosta	40	226	92	68	14	2	0	5	82	101	12	13	191
Alford, Dothan		12	40	5	12	4	0	0	4	16	1	2	380
Jordan, Brunswick		49	249	40	73	13	0	1	18	89	21	15	238
Holliday, Valdosta		3	17	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Paschal, Dothan		64	255	41	76	13	0	4	74	121	1	23	280
Hodge, Dothan		31	101	14	29	10	0	3	19	45	3	3	287
Price, Dothan		23	78	2	23	0	0	4	70	8	0	0	282
Ward, Valdosta		22	78	32	49	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	282
Bow, Brunswick		74	265	28	74	11	3	2	24	98	10	18	279
Reidy, Dothan		75	280	49	78	14	3	1	19	97	8	94	376
Ward, Valdosta		22	78	32	49	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	282

Parker, Ames and Vaid. 18	0	2	15	0	271
Quinn, Vaid and Thoms. 10	1	14	2	0	272
Guen, Gualneville.	87	287	33	65	15
Wand, Waycross.	74	281	7	12	1
Howden, Waycross.	6	11	0	3	0
Wand, Valdosta.	7	12	0	3	0
Ble, Gaines, and Thomas. 3	11	3	9	0	273
Huckel, Doh, and Gaines. 39	144	13	19	11	0
Water, Brayne.	2	256	7	0	18
Wings, Valdosta and Thom. 9	26	1	7	0	1
Hall, Dothan.	27	90	5	24	0

N. Schwartz, Valdosta	65	334	27	62	4	0	1	7	69	8	2,385
Braxler, Thomasville	40	115	13	40	1	1	5	60	5	1,865	
Wiggins, Gainesville	40	115	13	40	1	1	5	60	5	1,865	
Fog, Thomasville	40	115	13	40	1	1	5	60	5	1,865	
Wiggins, Waycross	40	115	13	40	1	1	5	60	5	1,865	
Mitchell, Gainesville	40	115	13	40	1	1	5	60	5	1,865	
Burke, Waycross	40	115	13	40	1	1	5	60	5	1,865	
Coffey, Valdosta	40	115	13	40	1	1	5	60	5	1,865	
Reck, Dothan	40	115	13	40	1	1	5	60	5	1,865	
Casper, Brunswick	40	115	13	40	1	1	5	60	5	1,865	
Ansley Brunswick	40	115	13	40	1	1	5	60	5	1,865	

Chapman, Waycross	2	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	250
Mills, Valdosta	2	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	250
Hodge, Gainesville	62	231	25	57	0	3	15	72	16	11	247	
Thomson, Dothan	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	250
Spitnagle, Dothan	79	250	33	61	17	1	0	12	73	11	13	244
Attridge, Tothan	27	99	9	24	3	2	1	6	30	1	1	242
Wright, Valdosta	71	239	24	57	11	2	0	0	0	9	11	242
B. Schwartz, Valdosta	30	100	12	24	2	0	0	6	30	1	0	240
Utley, Thomaville	71	239	29	67	16	2	1	23	60	14	13	239
Flitgerald, Americus	7	14	1	3	1	1	0	3	8	1	2	238
Wright, Valdosta	7	14	1	3	1	1	0	3	8	1	2	238

Wicks, Waycross	70	289	29	0	0	0	76	6	1	225
Wicks, Valdosta	70	289	29	0	0	0	76	6	1	225
Wicker, Thomsville	70	284	24	11	1	2	19	79	10	183
Nance, Brunswick	74	258	27	9	1	0	11	-70	24	11,239
Shuran, Gainesville	70	258	27	9	1	0	11	-70	24	8,328
Wright, Valdosta	72	70	5	18	2	0	0	18	18	2,187
Hartell, Vald. and Americus	72	150	1	34	0	0	0	0	0	2,327
Wright, Thomsville	48	112	17	34	0	0	4	38	6	9,227
Wittman, Thomsville	48	112	17	34	0	0	4	38	6	9,227
Watts, Gainesville	48	67	5	15	2	0	0	2	17	2,274
Riggins, Waycross	74	286	27	64	14	0	1	17	81	8,328

Alcala, Valdivia	28	94	6	21	3	24	0	0	228
Parker, Thomasville	28	94	6	21	3	24	0	0	228
Wendley, Thomasville	28	94	6	21	3	24	0	0	228
Spoke, Thomasville	28	94	6	21	3	24	0	0	228
Reese, Dothan	28	94	6	21	3	24	0	0	228
Brady, Thomasville	28	94	6	21	3	24	0	0	228
Price, Thomasville	28	94	6	21	3	24	0	0	228
Walbridge, Waycross	28	94	6	21	3	24	0	0	228
Mooney, Dothan	28	94	6	21	3	24	0	0	228
Mooney, Dothan and Bask.	28	94	6	21	3	24	0	0	228
Barber, Waycross	28	94	6	21	3	24	0	0	228

Kearney, Gainesville . . .	3	10	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	200
Terry, Dothan . . .	3	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	200
Underwood, Gain. and Brook.	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200
Corbett, Valdosta and Thom.	47	173	16	19	5	1	0	7	41	8	197
Wayles, Waycross . . .	38	100	6	54	1	0	1	20	8	3	190
Watkins, Brunswick . . .	23	80	7	12	3	0	0	18	2	2	147
Baker, Dothan . . .	28	111	1	12	0	0	0	1	1	0	147
Ward, Gainesville . . .	28	111	0	12	0	0	0	1	1	0	147
Stewart, Brunswick . . .	28	77	4	38	0	0	1	3	17	4	0
Valden, Waycross . . .	24	60	2	31	0	0	0	0	11	0	132
Penning, Gainesville . . .	27	104	1	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	132
Sheppard, Thomsville . . .	54	214	10	38	0	0	0	5	43	4	1

Alma, Gainesville	8	29	3	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	172
Burns, Dothan	71	251	43	7	0	2	13	16	18	7	170
Burgess, Cross	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	149
Cry, Valdosta	51	154	10	20	5	1	1	24	4	0	167
Mooley, Americus	2	6	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	167
Parker, Valdosta	3	6	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	167
Perry, Thomasville	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	167
Thompson, Thomasville	10	24	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	1	167
McParlin, Brunswick	32	91	1	1	1	0	0	116	2	1	165
McKenna, Brunswick	35	82	1	0	0	0	0	34	6	0	165
Carson, Thomasville	21	97	6	12	1	0	0	0	0	0	165

[illegible][illegible]

IN ATLANTA'S SOCIAL REALM NEWS OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

Conducted
By
ISMA DOOLY

Engagements

CRIBB-M'LENDON.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen W. Townsend, of Waycross, announce the engagement and approaching marriage of their niece, Lavinia Pearl Cribb, to Mr. Robert P. M'Lendon, the marriage to take place at their home August 4. Miss Cribb formerly made her home in Savannah, and is one of the most attractive young ladies of Waycross. During the time she has made Waycross her home she has drawn about her a large circle of friends who will be interested in the announcement. Mr. M'Lendon is a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. M'Clendon, formerly of Alabama, and for some time has been filling a responsible position with The Journal-Herald of Waycross.

MATTHEWS-BRADFORD.

Mr. and Mrs. Erastus Matthews, of Cartersville, Ga., announce the engagement of their daughter, Lena Wofford, to Mr. Samuel Watt Bradford, Jr., of Sanford, Ala., the wedding to take place at home in September.

LEWIS-WHITAKER.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Burton Lewis announce the engagement of their daughter, Emma Louise, to Mr. William Simon Whitaker, the wedding to take place in the early fall.

M'FAIL-OLIVER.

Mrs. William Edward M'Fail announces the engagement of her daughter, Minnie Dugger, to Mr. James Herbert Oliver, the wedding to take place the first of August, at home.

LASSETER-LITTLEJOHN.

Dr. and Mrs. H. J. Lasseter, of Luthersville, Ga., announce the engagement of their daughter, Eva, to Mr. Thomas Adam Littlejohn, of Jonesville, S. C., the wedding to take place in August. No cards.

REISMAN-ELLISON.

Mrs. E. Reisman announces the engagement of their daughter, Frances Lillian, to Mr. Charles Ellison, of Charleston, S. C., the date of the wedding to be announced at a later date.

ELLISON-COLEMAN.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Ellison, of Charleston, S. C., announce the engagement of their daughter, Bertha, to Mr. Dave Coleman, of Columbus, Ga., the date of the wedding to be announced later.

RUCKER-MADDOX.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Rucker, of Alpharetta, announce the engagement of their daughter, Blanche Valine, to Mr. C. E. Maddox, the wedding to take place in September.

DEITCH-FAGELSON.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Deitch, of Chattanooga, Tenn., announce the engagement of their daughter, Lena, to Mr. George Fagelson, the date of the wedding to be announced later.

WOLFSON-HARPER.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Wolfson, of Columbus, Ga., announce the engagement of their daughter, Cecile Miriam, to Mr. William Earl Harper, of Jacksonville, Fla.

MOULTRIE-LOUTHAN.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Moultrie, of Rome, announce the engagement of their daughter, Mildred, to Mr. Frank Garrett Louthan, of Richmond, Va., the marriage to occur in October.

SPENCER-WALKER.

Mrs. William Spencer announces the engagement of her daughter, Helen Thomas, to Mr. Henry Grady Walker, the wedding to take place at an early date. No cards.

LAUNIUS-TIDWELL.

Mr. and Mrs. John S. Launius announce the engagement of their daughter, Ethel Lucile, to Mr. Earl V. Tidwell, the wedding to take place Thursday, September 2.

HAWKINS-JONES.

Mr. and Mrs. John Barker announce the engagement of their niece, Gladys Marie Hawkins, to Mr. Rudolph Wagner Jones.

In the Social Whirl

By Isma Dooly.

The visit to Atlanta of Mrs. Lucien Cooke, of Roanoke, Va., is giving great

Write or Call For
Samples of
Engraved
Wedding Stationery

Your wedding is the most important event in your life. Naturally, you want the best engraved invitations or announcements. If you cannot have the best quality and most correct style, it would be better not to have any kind.

We employ only the most expert copper plate engravers and use the highest grade of stock. Our work marks the user as "correct."

100 Script engraved invitations, complete with double envelopes, \$10.50 each additional hundred, complete, \$4.15.

100 Script engraved calling cards, \$1.50.

Write also for 160-page illustrated catalogue.

Maier & Berke, Inc.
SOCIETY
ENGRAVERS
31 Whitehall St.
Established 1887

the Smith-Lever bill, with men and women agents for rural betterment and agricultural development in pursuit of the native Georgia Cracker, are trying to get him to build a cow shed as big as the lean room of the house, and to put up in tin cans the stuff he has formerly luxuriously consumed to the winds.

He can't get peace anywhere any more; he is corrected when he says "we-uns and you-uns," and they are trying to get him to hold his corns about his neighbor's business in the country schoolhouse instead of on the barrel outside the country store.

Writing the story of these people because they are entirely transformed by the pious agents of civilization affords Mrs. Cooke a theme rich in possibilities. The stories she tells of them are stirring in their interest, and in her inimitable mimicry and charm of expression. When she puts her observations from life into literature, she will have rendered a historic service at the same time.

AN OPEN FIELD.

Many activities which call for publicity, and which draw men and women writers into dealing with cold facts or building up some scheme for betterment, as journalists and magazine contributors, are depriving the present day readers of the romantic and attractive Georgia affords. Here lies a field for the leisure woman of talent and ability. She can choose a subject, render a service to the literary life of her state. She has the time to sit down, study her theme and lift it carefully into literature, when the woman who in the professional writer, or dependent upon what she writes for a living, must meet the demand of the moment, and earn her wage from her presentation and exploitation of the materials of the moment.

In the past the leisure woman of the south prided herself on her literary accomplishment, her poetry she would write, on her letters, her literary criticisms, and her expression in fiction. The gifted women of the south, to them it would seem almost an obligation to put this talent into books that can bear traditional and historic recognition. They will in no way conflict with the woman who sells her wares to the newspaper or the magazine.

In Atlanta there are several leisure women who are distinguished for their pen and paper as writers, their originality as thinkers and their keen perception of the inspirational subjects. These women have a wonderful talent. These women have a wonderful field before them at the present moment. In the past they have been the ante-bellum darlings, with one phase of which Mrs. Cooke has dealt so cleverly, and in the Georgia Cracker before her is dragged from the luxury of "not knowin'" nothing, and of not "havin'" pestered none about nothin'.

Mrs. Edward H. Barnes could make a contribution to the literature that would live on, if she would just write the story she tells so charmingly of a certain rural maid who may be called a leading citizen in a certain community, where said maid does a prosperous business and who enjoys the friendship of a young society woman of Atlanta. The rural maid has her views on state politics, which she fearlessly and glibly expresses, as she sits back in her chair, her speech neither limited in freedom nor expression, by a wad of chewing gum the "concentrated contents of one 5 cent package."

The society woman in her French model gown has her own original ideas, draws out the rural sister. The ideas of the subject of public events and politics and Mrs. Barnes' interpretation of the subject furnishes all the matter needed for a book. She writes it, or one akin to it, the story of Mrs. Wiggins in the "Cabbage Patch" will have its first rival, and Mrs. Barnes will have brought a series of sketches that will have perpetual place among southern books.

OFF FOR THE SUMMER.

Mr. and Mrs. Bluet Lee are at present at the Canadian Pacific Hotel in British Columbia. Later they will be at the Hotel de Ville in San Francisco, returning to Chicago in early September. Mr. and Mrs. George McCarthy, Jr., are at the Hotel Fontenay, Quebec, and next week they will start through the Canadian lakes. After a visit to the Hot Springs, Va., they spent last week at the Vanderbilt hotel, New York.

Though there is a great deal of wealth in America, it has not yet extended generally to many young men who are good dancing partners. Their fathers are good dancers, and a few young sons even of rich fathers can stand the test of a dancing secretary. But there are many nice young men who can look well, dance well, and do the other little things that are a part of ball room equipment, who can make enough being dancing secretaries during the summer to warrant their taking a vacation. They are young college in the fall and winter. Therefore the dancing secretary is not to be laughed at. For many reasons it is a practical thing in the way of summer vacations. For instance, a young man who has a summer hotel officials, who after their day's work in the city, life of summer over, have to go to the dance with the colonies of rich daughters who, if they

are not danced with in the evening, are amused, are apt to leave the hotel. THE OBLIGATION.

One of the most tragic stories I ever heard of the summer resorts without sufficient male dancers is that Mr. Marion Knowles told. It was a fashionable southern summer resort where there were the usual number of pretty girls, bad accommodations, screenless windows and flies in the milk and in the butter. In the evening when the dancing began and the girls sat around the walls with their mothers, and there was not enough beaux to go around, a young hotel official would have to come to the rescue. He danced well, he made love well, and he was in every way what the world would call a "nice young man." He was marked with integrity to that extent that he danced with nervous prostration while three of the girls, all of whom had been friends of the young man, were all of them again, because they were all engaged to him.

People laugh about these things, but they really make up the every-day tragedies of life.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Brown and Miss Brown are still in New York. They will later go to their summer home, Lake Huron.

Mr. and Mrs. William Robinson Brown are expected to arrive in Atlanta today as the guest of Mr. Huron Smith at the Georgian Terrace hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Gately will leave for the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., about August 1st. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Faine and their daughter, Poushan, will spend August there. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Enck will spend part of August at the Virginia resorts.

AN ATTRACTIVE VISITOR.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Andrews have a charming guest in Miss Gene Ash-dell of Memphis, N. C., who is a student at Columbia university. She was the guest of honor at a beautiful dinner at the Georgian Terrace hotel last evening. Mr. and Mrs. Andrews gave at the Piedmont Driving club last evening, and in the evening she will be the guest of Mrs. Andrews at the Capital City Club Wednesday evening.

THE DANCING SECRETARY.

"What is the latest fad you saw in

ing trouble and who will take social problems of all kind seriously will probably apprehend that if a young man is engaged as dancing secretary, looking after the girl and her mother all morning, taking her to the dance pavilion in the afternoon and again in the evening, it may lead to the situation of either party falling in love with the other. Or maybe there might spring up some mutual interest for somebody has at some time in world history expressed the canny idea that "propinquity is a dangerous thing." But then, the university can organize to abolish any cardiac symptoms that may arise between people of the same sex related through the agency of the dancing secretary.

Again the employment agency could come to the rescue stipulating in placing young men in positions as dancing secretaries, that the mother employing him must sign an agreement that will assure protection against the daughter's affections.



Queen Quality
SHOE DEPT

Extraordinary Values
Special for Monday



\$2.95

A day of marvelous values in our Pre-Inventory Sale. For instance:
White Canvas Pump, as illustrated above, with covered heel and light sole. Worth \$4.00. Sizes somewhat broken. Special price \$2.95.
Patent Spat Top Pump, with street sole and black or colored cloth tops. Were \$4.25 and \$5.00 the special price \$2.95.
Other Special values at \$1.95, \$3.45, \$3.95 and \$4.95, in all leathers and sizes. The entire stock of low shoes at specially reduced prices today.

M. Rich & Bros. Co.
Main Floor. 62-56 Whitehall Street.

FROHNSIN'S

8

Beautiful Summer Dresses

SACRIFICED!

Sale Starts Tomorrow Morning at 8 o'Clock

The Contractors are coming! They're going to REMODEL our entire store—and, therefore, we must DISPOSE of our present stock much EARLIER in season than usual—we must SACRIFICE it NOW.

So, we shall place on sale TOMORROW 518 BEAUTIFUL SUMMER DRESSES—at AMAZINGLY SENSATIONAL SACRIFICE PRICES! These dresses are of Voiles, Linens, Batistes, Nets, Embroidered Lingerie and Crepes—in white and colors. All are in the NEWEST models—and made by our best New York dressmakers.

We expect a RUSH at these SACRIFICE PRICES—and advise you to come EARLY—while the assortments are at their best. Every dress is 'way below half price! In fact, you can buy THREE beautiful dresses—for the price of one—TOMORROW—as the following schedule indicates:

Here Are The Beautiful Dresses!

Voiles—Linens—Batistes—Nets—Embroidered Lingerie—and Crepes!

251 Dresses that were up to \$8.75, Tomorrow.....	\$2.49
(None in this lot were originally below \$5.75. Most of them were higher.)	
146 Dresses that were up to \$12.75, Tomorrow.....	\$4.95
(None in this lot were originally below \$9.75. Most of them were higher.)	
51 Dresses that were up to \$21.75, Tomorrow.....	\$6.95
(None in this lot were originally below \$14.75. Most of them were higher.)	
70 Dresses that were up to \$29.75, Tomorrow.....	\$9.95
(None in this lot were originally below \$24.75. Most of them were higher.)	

No Approvals nor C. O. D.

No Returns

FROHNSIN'S

Fifty
Whitehall
Street

Seneca Scout Camera

The camera that has blazed the trail to successful photography—the light, quick, strong-knobbed camera made entirely of wood and metal, with the new easy method of loading. A real photographic instrument ideal for the Boy Scout, The Campfire Girl, The Grown-up Vacationist.

FREE Developing and Supplies
COX'S
Camera Dept.
Peachtree and Auburn

SCIENCE AND NEAR-SCIENCE UP-TO-DATE

Does a Germ Cause Fatigue? Scientists Say These Pictures Prove It



Pain Is Depicted in This Runner's Face. Tennis Leaves Little Trace on Face of Player. Frank Chance's Strained "Ninth Inning" Face.



Final Burst of Energy of After the Finish in a Set Muscles of the Foot-Pole Vaulter. Investigations going on independently in several parts of the country today. Dr. W. K. Watkins, who has become interested in the subject, examined the pictures reproduced herewith and said that they proved the theory. If further proof were lacking.



Swimming Demands the Utmost of Strength. Distorted Features of a Strain, but Not Pain, in Antioch's Face.

Making Clever Manikins From Table Delicacies

THE construction of tiny human figures out of raisins, nuts, plums and fruits to be found on the average dinner table is one of the latest diversions of children and adults in eastern social circles. A nut with sufficiently accommodating crevices may be used as the foundation upon which to insert little wire hairpins. Upon these are strung arms and legs of currants or raisins. A large raisin or appropriately shaped piece of cake may be used for the head.

The man showing in warlike attitude in the picture has been given a savage appearing spear—otherwise a black headed pin from a guest's corsage. The little figures may be made more lifelike according to the ingenuity of the man or woman who undertakes to join his edibles into miniature statues.



Does a Lightning Rod Protect or Menace a Building?

EVEN today really few people understand what occurs when there is a flash of lightning, or the part played by the lightning rod. Some very interesting and valuable information on these matters and on the protective range of lightning rods is given by J. and J. S. B. Larmor in the Proceedings of the Royal Society. Among other things, they say: "Electric discharge in a gas is a rupture along a line of force, and not over a surface. The initial rupture is to be expected at a place of maximum force, and spreads in both directions along the line of force through that point. In the case of a lightning rod the discharge would start at the summit of the rod, the place of most intense strain, and strike away from the rod. Once a line of disruptive discharge is established the neighborhood of a lightning rod can have little effect, and a simple mathematical investigation shows that a thin isolated rod will draw the discharge hardly at all unless in the region around its summit.

"It is the building carrying the rod which modifies the field and directs discharge to its own upper parts, which, there-

fore, need protection by conductors adequate to draw off this discharge to earth, and vertical rods, joined together, if need be, lower down, but rising from the corners of the structure to a height which need not exceed about half its breadth, will lift up the field of concentrated electric force from the region directly above the building to the region above their summits, and will so take the discharge. The rods may rise from an earth-connected network spread over the roof, but unless the meshes are fine enough to approximate to a complete metallic covering it is questionable whether it would in itself protect a building from a discharge striking down upon it. "A spread of connected metallic points some height above the building would appear to be more effective, and might even by themselves suffice to take up and guide away any likely stroke. In fact if we neglect the discharge from the rods into the field their effect is merely to provide the easiest and most probable path for such discharge as may be attracted by the structure.

A New Bath Device For Baby



IN SPITE of the love the fond mother may feel for her baby, and regardless of the pleasure she may get from caring for him, she is apt to become irritated when it comes time to bathe, squirming bit of humanity after its bath. All irritation is removed, however, by the use of a simple cloth stretcher that fits in the bath tub and on which the little chap is laid. The stretcher is made of heavy canvas, stretched between two poles. The poles are equipped at each end with hooks that engage the rim of the tub. Laid out on this device, baby may squirm to his heart's content without causing trouble, and there is no annoyance from the fact that he is soapy and wet, since his mother need not hold him on her lap.

Does Long Life Belong to Weak Instead of Strong?

DR. SEYMOUR TAYLOR, a well-known English physician, says it is by no means his experience that the largest and apparently strongest men live longest. Life Insurance records show that those with small, bony frames and weak muscles survive longer than their more robust contemporaries. Wesley's factors conducive to longevity were faculty for sleep, care in not losing a single night's sleep, and an even temper. But, above all these, Dr. Taylor places the influence of inheritance.

"The longest lived," he says, "other things being equal, are the offspring of parents who lived to a very great old age, and if this tendency of life has existed for two or, better still, for three previous generations then a man or woman with such an ancestry may also be expected to attain very old age."

Too Much Food.

With some of Dr. Taylor's recommendations many people may not agree, but one thing, he says, is clear to all physicians of experience, and that is that overeating is a potent cause of disease and premature death. "I remember," says Dr. Taylor, "the remark of a wealthy old gentleman who lived to 90, who said that he always made it a rule to leave the table feeling that he could have eaten more than he had done. There was wisdom in his dictum. * * * If you wish to keep your horse in health and condition you order him so many feeds of corn a day and no more, though probably he could eat twice as much. Let us apply

this to ourselves. Too much food can only be tolerated with safety by regular and fairly vigorous muscular exercise. This cannot, as a rule, be obtained by the town dweller."

Though he preaches moderation in eating, Dr. Taylor does not advise a starvation diet. On the contrary, he says, it is well known to him that those people best recovered from a serious illness who have enjoyed a generous dietary short of excess.

Dr. Taylor favors the pipe in moderation, but condemns the cigarette. He states on the authority of an oculist of high repute that cigarette smoking is a fertile source of tobacco blindness. The habit of inhalation he characterizes as "distinctly injurious." Coffee, Dr. Taylor thinks, should be taken at breakfast only, or in small quantities after the last meal of the day, so as not to interfere with sleep. Tea, he asserts, is not harmful if properly in-

duced and consumed only in moderate amount.

"On the contrary," he continues, "I know nothing more sustaining as a drink, even for the manual laborer, than a cup of good tea with some milk added. Tea has been accused of causing indigestion. No such blame is due to the vast majority of cases, though here and again there may be some individuals whose peculiarities or idiosyncrasies will not allow them to drink the beverage. Besides the sustaining power of tea during muscular exercise, it is also a nerve stimulant, and a good one, too."

It is the tea meal, we are assured, that is injurious. But the pure leaf is not at fault.

Value of a Well-Secured Policy.

While referring to the subject of mental worry, Dr. Taylor states that he knows nothing which is more calculated to maintain health, both of mind and body, than a sufficient policy in a sound life insurance office. "Many a man has his life shortened by the knowledge that his dependents are inadequately provided for in case he should die. But a well-secured policy allows one to sleep at night, and so health and life are preserved and prolonged." Middle-aged women Dr. Taylor warns against worrying over troubles or magnifying small troubles. Special allusion is made to the domestic servant problem, and he advises women who may have servants to overlook little mistakes on the servants' part instead of worrying about them. "Many a woman needlessly frets herself into an illness, or a nervous breakdown, because some servant is not quite according to pattern."

Facts in Which YOU Will Be Interested

A SIMPLE newspaper holder can be made by cutting away a portion of one side of an ordinary clothespin, drilling a hole through the thick end for a screw or nail, and fastening it in place where desired. Another way is to split off one side of a clothespin and cut the bottom of the remaining part, tapering as shown; then drill a hole to avoid splitting the piece and fasten in a convenient place.

IN THE United States there are found 111 distinct species of snakes, of which only seventeen are dangerous to man.

FRANCE is the best foreign patron of the United States patent office, with Great Britain following closely.

AN IOWA inventor's currcumb consists of flexible loops of corrugated metal through which dirt passes quickly.



SO STEADY are the winds at Caracas that three wireless telegraph stations depend upon windmills to furnish their power.

The Most Peculiar Headdress in the World



THE most remarkable headdress known to man is that of the Zulu chief. It consists of mud, bones, feathers and any other material that the ingenuity or pride of the wearer can dictate. As shown in the accompanying picture, it may rear itself for three feet above the head of its owner—sometimes even higher. The basis for the headdress is a soft clay, which is molded upon the top of the head and into which the articles used for ornamentation are inserted. Sometimes this clay, permitted to dry as hard as brick, remains on the head for weeks or months. Strangely enough, the hair is not killed through this treatment. Many owners of the strange headdress can boast of much thicker and more abundant hair than the women who make daily visits to beauty shops in the more civilized countries.

Dangers That Lurk in the Too Appetizing Dessert

THE desire for dessert seems to be perfectly natural—we like to finish the meal with a sweet of some kind. At the same time this desire may be perverted and unnatural, says Lenna Frances Cooper, a Good Health writer. When, for instance, we have already partaken of a heavy meal the addition of a dessert means additional work that ought not to be placed upon the digestive organs. In other words, a dessert tempts us to eat when we have already had enough, and the dish used in this way may be injurious. This, of course, is not the case if the meal is well planned, so that a place is left for it—so that the dessert becomes a part of the regular meal.

When we come to study desserts adapted particularly to summer purposes we find they ought to be neither excessively sweet nor excessively rich in fats. For fats are conspicuous as heat-producers and their free use will add too many calories to our meal.

To show how this is possible, we need only remember that one ounce of fat pro-

duces two and a quarter times as much nutritive value as either the sugars or the nitrogen-containing foods. For this reason it is plain that a small amount of cream or butter in a dessert adds a great many calories to our dietary.

This Wrist Mirror Is for the Motorist



HERE is a simple mirror device by which motorists may see what is going on behind them. The principle of the mirror attached to the wrist has been patented by George W. Mosher, Chicago, Ill. It is much more convenient than the stationary mirror fixed to the windshield, as it may be moved about at any angle. By simply glancing at his wrist the automobile driver can see at once whether a street car or a faster vehicle is coming up behind him.

Japs Learned About Fans From Chinese

THOUGH the Japanese have the reputation of making the fan popular, they adopted the fashion from the Chinese. Chinese women are rarely seen without a fan in their hands, attached to the side or tucked away in a skirt pocket. Nearly every dress worn by a Chinese woman is trimmed with a long silken cord that is fastened around her waist. On this cord she often has a fan, a small parasol, snuff boxes, tobacco pouches, spectacle case and a tiny purse. Whatever else is not there the fan is sure to occupy an important place. The women of means have beautiful silk fans, hand painted and set with mother of pearl or golden sticks. These are usually incased in beautifully decorated cases, which they attach to their girdles. The woman of small means content herself by polishing her more modest fan between the collar of her coat and the back of the neck. When these women are not fanning themselves they are using the feminine weapon to keep off the sun as one would use a parasol. The schoolmaster uses his fan to rap the knuckles of his pupils by way of punishment.

FOR POWERFUL NAVY ADEQUATE ARMY WILSON IS WORKING

Announcement That President Has Called for Reports on National Defense Causes Widespread Comment.

PRESIDENT IS PLANNING FOR PERMANENT POLICY

Indicated in Official Quarters That Plans Are to be Expedited Because of Possibilities of International Situation.

Washington, July 24.—Announcement from the white house today that President Wilson had directed Secretaries Garrison and Daniels to report to him a program of national defense caused widespread comment.

Several weeks ago the president discussed the question with his cabinet with the result that both departments began preparation of plans to meet any emergency and also to establish a permanent policy for adequate national defense.

No Reason for Announcement.
The white house statement gave no reason for the announcement, stating merely that the president would confer

on his return from Cornish, N. H., with Secretaries Daniels and Garrison "to formulate a sane, reasonable and practical program of national defense."
It was indicated, however, in official quarters that the determination to expedite the plans being made resulted from a sane, reasonable and practical consideration of the international situation.
The text of the statement given out from the white house follows:
"The president has been considering every phase of the matter of national defense and intends immediately on his return to Washington to confer with the secretaries of war and the secretary of the navy, the purpose being to procure information on which he can formulate a sane, reasonable and practical program of national defense."

Possibility of Extra Session.
The president in letters to Secretaries Garrison and Daniels early last week calling for the reports made no reference to the possibility of an extra session, but emphasized the importance of the entire subject of national defense. He wishes to make the navy as efficient as any in the world; to see the regular army adequately equipped and equipped and the citizenry trained to arms in a way consistent with American traditions.
The president in conference with members of the general staff and Secretaries Garrison and Daniels early last week, the general board of the navy abandoned its plan to present to the president the general staff's recommendations and the president's information ready when he returns, and the indications are that the influence of the navy will be exerted to secure adequate appropriations.

Mr. Wilson has also indicated whether he will call congress into special session. This depends largely on the developments in the international situation. The dispatch to Germany of what is generally believed to be a peace proposal written by one of the European belligerents has caused the president to consider the possibility of American rights again as commander.

Millions for Preparation.
Among army and navy officials familiar with the latest developments and belief prevails that the president has practically decided that of last year will be presented to congress. It is believed, will seek at least \$200,000,000 and the navy perhaps as high as \$250,000,000.

War department plans look toward the development of a new regular army with a minimum, it is said, of 100,000 men. The president's plan for the use of the militia and men who have previously served in the regular army. Weekly meetings are held by the board of directors and Secretary Garrison to prepare plans for general reorganization of the army. Special attention is being given, it is understood, to planning for an adequate supply of munitions.

The department has been indicated, will ask for at least thirty and probably fifty new battleships, and general board's recommendations are also expected to include a number of battle cruisers, a minimum of four dreadnaughts and auxiliary craft, such as scout cruisers and auxiliary craft.

The department is engaged with experiments with aeroplanes and submarines, and is also attempting to find a practical means of defense for battleships against torpedoes. The experts are said to be spending \$100,000 in an effort to solve this problem.

**FORSYTH THEATER
ENDS ITS SEASON
AS MOVIE HOUSE**
After running several weeks with feature moving pictures as the attraction, the Forsyth theater closed last night. The house will remain dark until the regular vaudeville season begins. This will probably be about the last week in August.

**AMERICAN FOOD STUFFS
TO BE BOUGHT BY ITALY**

Rome, July 24.—(Via Paris.)—The Italian government has decided to make large purchases of American meat and grain, not only sufficient to supply the army and navy until July 1916, but also for the use of the population of the country. The Italian government authorities is to discourage speculation which is taking place on a large scale.



**Puts a Stop to
Picture Waste**
That's what this camera you see here does. No more foggy films! No more disappointing experiences, if you have one of the

**New
Seneca Cameras**
That go on Sale To-day
Come and see them if you want to make every picture count. They are the cameras that are practically automatic, and really fool-proof.

**FINISHING
SERVICE
"SATISFACTION FIRST"
COX'S
PEACHTREE AND AUBURN**

"Where Thousands Meet Thousands"

GRAND Week of July 26th
Daily 11 a.m. to 11 p.m.

**MONDAY AND TUESDAY
MARGUERITE CLARK IN THE PLAY
"SEVEN SISTERS"**

**WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY
EDNA MAYO IN
"THE BLINDNESS OF VIRTUE"**

**FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
INA CLAIRE & CARLYE BLACKWELL
"THE PUPPET CROWN"**

Best Pictures in Atlanta

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the Six Months Ending June 30, 1915, of the Condition of the

**Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company
OF SPRINGFIELD**

Organized under the laws of the State of Massachusetts, made to the Governor of the state of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.

Principal Office: No. 500 Main Street, Springfield, Massachusetts.

Amount of Capital Stock Purely National
Total Assets of the Company \$2,585,000.00
Total Liabilities 17,661,320.12
Greatest amount insured in any one year \$4,545,498.79
Disbursements during first six months of year 1915 5,996,146.14
Total amount of insurance outstanding 3,841,123,084.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is on file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, COUNTY OF HAMDEN.—ss.
Personally appeared before the undersigned, WHEELER H. HALL, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the foregoing statement is correct and true, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

(Signed) WHEELER H. HALL, Secretary.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this twenty-first day of July, 1915.
(Signed) HARRY I. DAVIS, MANAGER.
Notary Public in and for said County and State.
(My commission expires November 18, 1915.)

TELEPHONE IVY 7161. ATLANTA, GA. SUITE 617, EMPIRE BLDG.
We have a few desirable openings at Atlanta and adjoining counties for high-grade men. Write or apply for information.

THE CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, JULY 25, 1915.

**South Is Aroused
Over Cotton Ban,
Says J. J. Brown**

Douglas, Ga., July 24.—(Special.)—J. J. Brown, president of the Georgia Farmers' union, has been speaking to multitudes during the last thirty days, from Tennessee, to the Florida line. Farmers are joining the union in large numbers, bankers and merchants have a better understanding with it, and are co-operating cordially with it.

The cotton crop, owing to reduced acreage, will be smaller than for the past decade.
England's embargo on cotton is producing agitation and intense dissatisfaction, and unless speedily removed President Brown predicts a stormy uprising among the people of the south.

Just now the specialists of the union are farm demonstration work, rural credits, and a better system of markets.

**VIRGINIA ORGANIZES
FOR DEVELOPMENT WORK**
Richmond, Va., July 24.—Representatives of the ten Virginia congressional districts met here and organized the Virginia Development organization.

The movement was set on foot to bring to the state three numbers of farmers and a number of new industries. A state manager will be employed and an office opened in Richmond.

**TWO SHIPS ARE SUNK
BY GERMAN SUBMARINES**
London, June 24.—The Russian ship Rihonia has been torpedoed and sunk by a submarine. The crew of thirty was landed on the Orkney islands, and the traveler Star of Peace also was torpedoed and sunk.

General Pablo Gonzalez, the Carranza general, has been ordered to leave the state immediately without referring the question further to Washington.

General Carranza apparently gave immediate heed to the warning. A dispatch received from him by his agency here today stated he had instructed troops to discontinue their march on Nogales.

The state department has had the border situation under consideration for several days. The Villa and Carranza armies here have each held the other responsible for the violation of the agreement to neutrality.

The situation throughout Mexico as reported from various sections is being considered discouraging by officials. Mexico City is completely cut off and the hands of the Carranza army are being held by the Villa army.

General Pablo Gonzalez, the Carranza general, has been ordered to leave the state immediately without referring the question further to Washington.

General Carranza apparently gave immediate heed to the warning. A dispatch received from him by his agency here today stated he had instructed troops to discontinue their march on Nogales.

The state department has had the border situation under consideration for several days. The Villa and Carranza armies here have each held the other responsible for the violation of the agreement to neutrality.

The situation throughout Mexico as reported from various sections is being considered discouraging by officials. Mexico City is completely cut off and the hands of the Carranza army are being held by the Villa army.

General Pablo Gonzalez, the Carranza general, has been ordered to leave the state immediately without referring the question further to Washington.

General Carranza apparently gave immediate heed to the warning. A dispatch received from him by his agency here today stated he had instructed troops to discontinue their march on Nogales.

The state department has had the border situation under consideration for several days. The Villa and Carranza armies here have each held the other responsible for the violation of the agreement to neutrality.

The situation throughout Mexico as reported from various sections is being considered discouraging by officials. Mexico City is completely cut off and the hands of the Carranza army are being held by the Villa army.

General Pablo Gonzalez, the Carranza general, has been ordered to leave the state immediately without referring the question further to Washington.

General Carranza apparently gave immediate heed to the warning. A dispatch received from him by his agency here today stated he had instructed troops to discontinue their march on Nogales.

The state department has had the border situation under consideration for several days. The Villa and Carranza armies here have each held the other responsible for the violation of the agreement to neutrality.

The situation throughout Mexico as reported from various sections is being considered discouraging by officials. Mexico City is completely cut off and the hands of the Carranza army are being held by the Villa army.

General Pablo Gonzalez, the Carranza general, has been ordered to leave the state immediately without referring the question further to Washington.

General Carranza apparently gave immediate heed to the warning. A dispatch received from him by his agency here today stated he had instructed troops to discontinue their march on Nogales.

The state department has had the border situation under consideration for several days. The Villa and Carranza armies here have each held the other responsible for the violation of the agreement to neutrality.

THE CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, JULY 25, 1915.

**Germany Fixes Prices
For Necessaries of Life**

Berlin, July 24.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The federal council has issued its long expected order regulating prices for necessities of life, especially grain and fodder. The order provides that severe punishment shall be dealt dealers who unduly increase prices or withhold articles of food for the purpose of artificially raising prices.

The German empire is divided into four districts into which thirty-two departments, where prices vary, according to the special local conditions.

Corn prices remain at about the same figures as heretofore. The price of rye is fixed at 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district, and 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district.

The price of wheat is fixed at 400 marks (\$45.00) above that of rye, and beginning with a certain date the regulations provide for a 40-per-cent increase of 1-2 marks (25 cents) per ton.

Barley, to be used as fodder, and oats are placed at a uniform price per ton throughout the empire. The regulations also provide for the creation of an imperial fodder board with special authority to deal with all classes of cattle, swine and fowl products such as, barley and molasses substitutes.

OTIS F. MILLS DEAD.
Greenville, S. C., July 24.—Otis F. Mills, president of the Mills Cotton Manufacturing company, of this city, died suddenly at his summer home at Cedar Mountain, S. C., according to word received here today. He was 73 years old. He was a Confederate veteran.

**GERMAN FIXES PRICES
FOR NECESSARIES OF LIFE**

Berlin, July 24.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The federal council has issued its long expected order regulating prices for necessities of life, especially grain and fodder. The order provides that severe punishment shall be dealt dealers who unduly increase prices or withhold articles of food for the purpose of artificially raising prices.

The German empire is divided into four districts into which thirty-two departments, where prices vary, according to the special local conditions.

Corn prices remain at about the same figures as heretofore. The price of rye is fixed at 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district, and 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district.

The price of wheat is fixed at 400 marks (\$45.00) above that of rye, and beginning with a certain date the regulations provide for a 40-per-cent increase of 1-2 marks (25 cents) per ton.

Barley, to be used as fodder, and oats are placed at a uniform price per ton throughout the empire. The regulations also provide for the creation of an imperial fodder board with special authority to deal with all classes of cattle, swine and fowl products such as, barley and molasses substitutes.

OTIS F. MILLS DEAD.
Greenville, S. C., July 24.—Otis F. Mills, president of the Mills Cotton Manufacturing company, of this city, died suddenly at his summer home at Cedar Mountain, S. C., according to word received here today. He was 73 years old. He was a Confederate veteran.

**GERMAN FIXES PRICES
FOR NECESSARIES OF LIFE**

Berlin, July 24.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The federal council has issued its long expected order regulating prices for necessities of life, especially grain and fodder. The order provides that severe punishment shall be dealt dealers who unduly increase prices or withhold articles of food for the purpose of artificially raising prices.

The German empire is divided into four districts into which thirty-two departments, where prices vary, according to the special local conditions.

Corn prices remain at about the same figures as heretofore. The price of rye is fixed at 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district, and 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district.

The price of wheat is fixed at 400 marks (\$45.00) above that of rye, and beginning with a certain date the regulations provide for a 40-per-cent increase of 1-2 marks (25 cents) per ton.

Barley, to be used as fodder, and oats are placed at a uniform price per ton throughout the empire. The regulations also provide for the creation of an imperial fodder board with special authority to deal with all classes of cattle, swine and fowl products such as, barley and molasses substitutes.

OTIS F. MILLS DEAD.
Greenville, S. C., July 24.—Otis F. Mills, president of the Mills Cotton Manufacturing company, of this city, died suddenly at his summer home at Cedar Mountain, S. C., according to word received here today. He was 73 years old. He was a Confederate veteran.

**GERMAN FIXES PRICES
FOR NECESSARIES OF LIFE**

Berlin, July 24.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The federal council has issued its long expected order regulating prices for necessities of life, especially grain and fodder. The order provides that severe punishment shall be dealt dealers who unduly increase prices or withhold articles of food for the purpose of artificially raising prices.

The German empire is divided into four districts into which thirty-two departments, where prices vary, according to the special local conditions.

Corn prices remain at about the same figures as heretofore. The price of rye is fixed at 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district, and 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district.

The price of wheat is fixed at 400 marks (\$45.00) above that of rye, and beginning with a certain date the regulations provide for a 40-per-cent increase of 1-2 marks (25 cents) per ton.

THE CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, JULY 25, 1915.

**Severe Punishment for Those
Who Unduly Increase
Prices of Food.**

Berlin, July 24.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The federal council has issued its long expected order regulating prices for necessities of life, especially grain and fodder. The order provides that severe punishment shall be dealt dealers who unduly increase prices or withhold articles of food for the purpose of artificially raising prices.

The German empire is divided into four districts into which thirty-two departments, where prices vary, according to the special local conditions.

Corn prices remain at about the same figures as heretofore. The price of rye is fixed at 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district, and 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district.

The price of wheat is fixed at 400 marks (\$45.00) above that of rye, and beginning with a certain date the regulations provide for a 40-per-cent increase of 1-2 marks (25 cents) per ton.

Barley, to be used as fodder, and oats are placed at a uniform price per ton throughout the empire. The regulations also provide for the creation of an imperial fodder board with special authority to deal with all classes of cattle, swine and fowl products such as, barley and molasses substitutes.

OTIS F. MILLS DEAD.
Greenville, S. C., July 24.—Otis F. Mills, president of the Mills Cotton Manufacturing company, of this city, died suddenly at his summer home at Cedar Mountain, S. C., according to word received here today. He was 73 years old. He was a Confederate veteran.

**GERMAN FIXES PRICES
FOR NECESSARIES OF LIFE**

Berlin, July 24.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The federal council has issued its long expected order regulating prices for necessities of life, especially grain and fodder. The order provides that severe punishment shall be dealt dealers who unduly increase prices or withhold articles of food for the purpose of artificially raising prices.

The German empire is divided into four districts into which thirty-two departments, where prices vary, according to the special local conditions.

Corn prices remain at about the same figures as heretofore. The price of rye is fixed at 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district, and 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district.

The price of wheat is fixed at 400 marks (\$45.00) above that of rye, and beginning with a certain date the regulations provide for a 40-per-cent increase of 1-2 marks (25 cents) per ton.

Barley, to be used as fodder, and oats are placed at a uniform price per ton throughout the empire. The regulations also provide for the creation of an imperial fodder board with special authority to deal with all classes of cattle, swine and fowl products such as, barley and molasses substitutes.

OTIS F. MILLS DEAD.
Greenville, S. C., July 24.—Otis F. Mills, president of the Mills Cotton Manufacturing company, of this city, died suddenly at his summer home at Cedar Mountain, S. C., according to word received here today. He was 73 years old. He was a Confederate veteran.

**GERMAN FIXES PRICES
FOR NECESSARIES OF LIFE**

Berlin, July 24.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The federal council has issued its long expected order regulating prices for necessities of life, especially grain and fodder. The order provides that severe punishment shall be dealt dealers who unduly increase prices or withhold articles of food for the purpose of artificially raising prices.

The German empire is divided into four districts into which thirty-two departments, where prices vary, according to the special local conditions.

Corn prices remain at about the same figures as heretofore. The price of rye is fixed at 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district, and 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district.

The price of wheat is fixed at 400 marks (\$45.00) above that of rye, and beginning with a certain date the regulations provide for a 40-per-cent increase of 1-2 marks (25 cents) per ton.

Barley, to be used as fodder, and oats are placed at a uniform price per ton throughout the empire. The regulations also provide for the creation of an imperial fodder board with special authority to deal with all classes of cattle, swine and fowl products such as, barley and molasses substitutes.

OTIS F. MILLS DEAD.
Greenville, S. C., July 24.—Otis F. Mills, president of the Mills Cotton Manufacturing company, of this city, died suddenly at his summer home at Cedar Mountain, S. C., according to word received here today. He was 73 years old. He was a Confederate veteran.

**GERMAN FIXES PRICES
FOR NECESSARIES OF LIFE**

Berlin, July 24.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The federal council has issued its long expected order regulating prices for necessities of life, especially grain and fodder. The order provides that severe punishment shall be dealt dealers who unduly increase prices or withhold articles of food for the purpose of artificially raising prices.

The German empire is divided into four districts into which thirty-two departments, where prices vary, according to the special local conditions.

Corn prices remain at about the same figures as heretofore. The price of rye is fixed at 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district, and 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district.

The price of wheat is fixed at 400 marks (\$45.00) above that of rye, and beginning with a certain date the regulations provide for a 40-per-cent increase of 1-2 marks (25 cents) per ton.

THE CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, JULY 25, 1915.

**Demands of Strikers
Refused at Bayonne**

New York, July 24.—Efforts to settle the strike of 4,000 Bayonne oil workers which has been in progress for a week and which has been marked by serious riot and the killing of three strikers, failed tonight, when the standard oil company of New Jersey notified the men that it would not accede to their demands. The strikers then voted to return to work on Monday. Nearly 6,000 men from the Tidelwater company's plant thrown out of work by the strike, also will remain on strike.

In their demands the strikers expressed their willingness to accept a 15 per cent increase in wages with a week or two of overtime to work Monday, leaving the several points in dispute to be decided by arbitration. The strikers then voted to return to work on Monday. Nearly 6,000 men from the Tidelwater company's plant thrown out of work by the strike, also will remain on strike.

The German empire is divided into four districts into which thirty-two departments, where prices vary, according to the special local conditions.

Corn prices remain at about the same figures as heretofore. The price of rye is fixed at 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district, and 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district.

The price of wheat is fixed at 400 marks (\$45.00) above that of rye, and beginning with a certain date the regulations provide for a 40-per-cent increase of 1-2 marks (25 cents) per ton.

Barley, to be used as fodder, and oats are placed at a uniform price per ton throughout the empire. The regulations also provide for the creation of an imperial fodder board with special authority to deal with all classes of cattle, swine and fowl products such as, barley and molasses substitutes.

OTIS F. MILLS DEAD.
Greenville, S. C., July 24.—Otis F. Mills, president of the Mills Cotton Manufacturing company, of this city, died suddenly at his summer home at Cedar Mountain, S. C., according to word received here today. He was 73 years old. He was a Confederate veteran.

**GERMAN FIXES PRICES
FOR NECESSARIES OF LIFE**

Berlin, July 24.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The federal council has issued its long expected order regulating prices for necessities of life, especially grain and fodder. The order provides that severe punishment shall be dealt dealers who unduly increase prices or withhold articles of food for the purpose of artificially raising prices.

The German empire is divided into four districts into which thirty-two departments, where prices vary, according to the special local conditions.

Corn prices remain at about the same figures as heretofore. The price of rye is fixed at 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district, and 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district.

The price of wheat is fixed at 400 marks (\$45.00) above that of rye, and beginning with a certain date the regulations provide for a 40-per-cent increase of 1-2 marks (25 cents) per ton.

Barley, to be used as fodder, and oats are placed at a uniform price per ton throughout the empire. The regulations also provide for the creation of an imperial fodder board with special authority to deal with all classes of cattle, swine and fowl products such as, barley and molasses substitutes.

OTIS F. MILLS DEAD.
Greenville, S. C., July 24.—Otis F. Mills, president of the Mills Cotton Manufacturing company, of this city, died suddenly at his summer home at Cedar Mountain, S. C., according to word received here today. He was 73 years old. He was a Confederate veteran.

**GERMAN FIXES PRICES
FOR NECESSARIES OF LIFE**

Berlin, July 24.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The federal council has issued its long expected order regulating prices for necessities of life, especially grain and fodder. The order provides that severe punishment shall be dealt dealers who unduly increase prices or withhold articles of food for the purpose of artificially raising prices.

The German empire is divided into four districts into which thirty-two departments, where prices vary, according to the special local conditions.

Corn prices remain at about the same figures as heretofore. The price of rye is fixed at 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district, and 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district.

The price of wheat is fixed at 400 marks (\$45.00) above that of rye, and beginning with a certain date the regulations provide for a 40-per-cent increase of 1-2 marks (25 cents) per ton.

Barley, to be used as fodder, and oats are placed at a uniform price per ton throughout the empire. The regulations also provide for the creation of an imperial fodder board with special authority to deal with all classes of cattle, swine and fowl products such as, barley and molasses substitutes.

OTIS F. MILLS DEAD.
Greenville, S. C., July 24.—Otis F. Mills, president of the Mills Cotton Manufacturing company, of this city, died suddenly at his summer home at Cedar Mountain, S. C., according to word received here today. He was 73 years old. He was a Confederate veteran.

**GERMAN FIXES PRICES
FOR NECESSARIES OF LIFE**

Berlin, July 24.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The federal council has issued its long expected order regulating prices for necessities of life, especially grain and fodder. The order provides that severe punishment shall be dealt dealers who unduly increase prices or withhold articles of food for the purpose of artificially raising prices.

The German empire is divided into four districts into which thirty-two departments, where prices vary, according to the special local conditions.

Corn prices remain at about the same figures as heretofore. The price of rye is fixed at 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district, and 230 marks (\$25.00) for the western district.

THE CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, JULY 25, 1915.

**Rescues Companions
From Death in River**

Detective John Black is Now Being Praised for His Skill as Swimmer.

Detective John Black is being given warm praise at police station, for the report reached Atlanta Saturday of his heroic act in saving the lives of T. D. Shaw and Nick Phillips, when they came near drowning. Friday in the White River near Alverton, Ga. Shaw is a patrolman.

When seen at police headquarters Detective Black modestly admitted saving the lives of his companions. He said they were on a fishing excursion on the White river and that while attempting to swim the river Shaw and Phillips became exhausted. He swam to their rescue and saved them as they were sinking the second time.

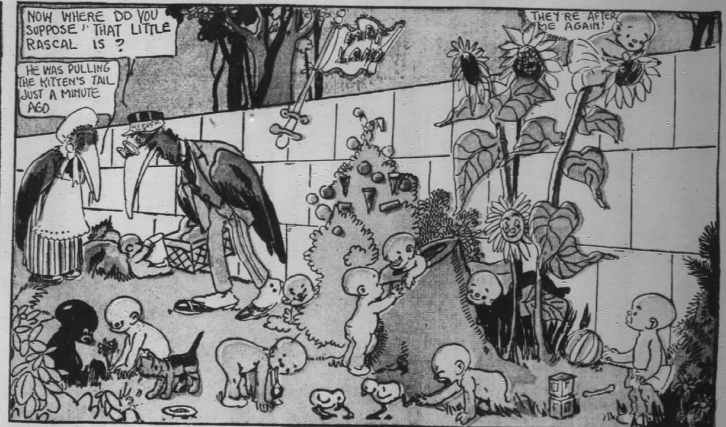
THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

SUNDAY, JULY 25, 1915.

HOME WANTED BY A BABY

BY CLARE VICTOR DWIGGINS.



Copyright, 1915.

TV COBB STILL
IN 400 CLASS

"Peach" Hitting 401 Per
Cent Through Wednes-
day's Games—Collins Is
Second, Jackson Third.

Tyrus Raymond Cobb is still the only player in baseball who is hitting in the 400 class. The Peach has an average of .401 through the games played.

Edie Collins of the Chicago White Sox, second, with .385, and Jackson of the Cleveland Indians, who are hitting .375, are the players who are hitting .350 or more through the games played.

Players—Cobb, G. A. B. R. H. P. C. Cobb, Detroit, .401, 299, 82, 120, 401.

Edie Collins, Chicago, .385, 218, 63, 135, 218. Ruth, Boston, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Jack, Cleveland, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218. Thompson, Athletics, .375, 218, 63, 135, 218.

Kinsinger, 7.4 with 3 hits and 2 runs.

Time 1:16. Umpires, Kirk and O'Toole.

Travelers Win Both.

Little Rock, Ark., July 24.—Little

Rock defeated Mobile in both games of

the double-header, the first, 9 to 7, and

the second, 3 to 2, in ten innings.

Hotis, Burt, showed screen hits in

the first game.

First Game.

MOBILE.—ab. r. h. po. a. e.

Northern, rf. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Miller, cf. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Burke, lf. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Hammerman, lb. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Calhoun, lb. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Shaw, ss. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Skinner, c. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Hoge, p. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Totals 37 7 10 24 18 0

Little Rock.—ab. r. h. po. a. e.

Janitor, rf. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Starr, 2b. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Baker, 3b. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Howard, lf. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Covington, lb. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Gibson, c. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Hardgrove, p. 1 1 5 0 0 0

Totals 37 9 12 27 14 1

Score by innings: 000 010 213—

Little Rock.

Mobile play, pitcher, Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

itor; sacrifice hit, Covington; Downey and Cov-

ington; home run, Schmidt; stolen base, Jan-

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Philadelphia, July 24.—Philadelphia

won two games from Cincinnati today,

8 to 6 and 13 to 1. Alexander and

Rixey twirled in fine style for the

home team and neither gave a pass.

Cincinnati's errors were costly in the

first game and in the second game was

hit hard and was wild, while his sup-

port was poor.

Score by first game: R. H. E.

Philadelphia 8 20 0 0 1—13

Cincinnati 6 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

Cincinnati 1 10 0 0 1—1

Philadelphia 13 15 1—3

<

Society

Rockey-Watters.

A pretty wedding and one of interest to a large circle of friends, both in At-

lanta and Philadelphia, was that of Miss Julia Belle Rocky, who was the bride, and Mr. Walter Archer Watters, who took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Wilby Rocky, 4 Gordon street, last Wednesday evening. The bride wore a traveling suit of dark blue cloth and carried a shower bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley. Miss Olive Belle Rocky, the bride's sister, was maid of honor and Mr. Lawrence Spamer Watters was the groom's best man. The ceremony was performed by Rev.

Stephenson Wins Merited Honor



W. M. STEPHENSON

Prominent Atlanta Photographer, at 38 1/2 Whitehall street, wins merited honor at convention of National Photographers, at Indianapolis, Ind. Mr. Stephenson was honored by having his photo-portrait hung in the Salon of the convention. (Adv.)

McClure Ten Cent Co.

"SAVE THE DIFFERENCE" AT "THE HOME STORE"

SUMMER TIME NECESSITIES—BASEMENT

Plain Ice Tea Coasters	COLONIAL ICE TEA COASTERS
2 for 5c	5c Each
Ice Tea Glasses 6 for 50c	COLONIAL Ice Tea Glasses 75c doz. 6 for 30c
Plain Thin Blown TUMBLERS 6 for 25c	Plain Crystal Glass Ice Tea Glasses 5c ea.
COLONIAL PITCHERS, 1/2 Gal. Size 25c Each	
FULL STOCK OF CANNING ACCESSORIES	
Jelly Glasses 25c doz.	Mason's Fruit JARS Pints 60c doz. Quarts 75c doz. 1/2 Gal. 90c doz.
Tumbler Jellies 30c doz.	"SURE SEAL" Glass Top Jars Pints 75c doz. Quarts 90c doz. 1/2 Gal. \$1.00 doz.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED

Wallace Rogers. Only the immediate family and a few intimate friends were present. Mrs. Rogers, as Miss Julia Rocky, was a very popular young woman and will be greatly missed in West End. After an informal reception, Mr. and Mrs. Watters left immediately for Savannah, going thence by water to Baltimore and later to Paltam, Harford county, Maryland, where they will make their home.

To Miss Aschcraft.

In compliment to Miss Jean Aschcraft, of Mount N. C. and her guests, Mr. and Mrs. Walter P. Andrews, Mr. and Mrs. Andrews entertained the last night at the dinner-dance at the Belmont Driving Club, Miss Mae Horine will entertain at the dinner-dance on the Capitol City Club roof, and Miss Aschcraft will be a visiting belle in party to be entertained by Senator Oden Persons and Senator T. R. Turner at the Chinese dinner-dance Wednesday night at the Capitol City Club.

To Visitors.

In honor of her guests, Mrs. Leo Mallie and Miss Nona Belle Patten, of Bessemer, Ala. Mrs. A. W. Sharp will entertain at a unique Dutch supper followed by an old-fashioned dance. Mrs. Edward Potts will entertain at a party and Mrs. William McGrath will give a luncheon in honor of Mrs. Mallie and Miss Patten. Mr. W. Mann and Mrs. Catherine Brooks entertained delightfully in their honor last week.

At Clayton, Ga.

For the week-end at Clayton, Ga. there are a number of young people from Atlanta, some of them visiting there only for the week-end and others spending some time in the mountains. Miss Ellen Wolff, Miss Mae Kirkpatrick and Miss Mary Scott are spending the week-end at Clayton. The summer guests are Mr. Julian Thomas and Mr. Harold Burwell. Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Jones are at "Ashcroft" a week and Mr. Turner Carson and Mr. Jack Baldwin are there for the week-end. Miss Grace McCraw for some time is Miss Grace Sims and week-end guests are Mr. Julian Thomas and Mr. Harold Burwell. Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Jones are at "Ashcroft" a week and Mr. Turner Carson and Mr. Jack Baldwin are there for the week-end. Miss Grace McCraw for some time is Miss Grace Sims and week-end guests are Mr. Julian Thomas and Mr. Harold Burwell.

Suffragists to Speak.

Mrs. Elliott Clark of Washington, D. C., formerly of Atlanta, prominent in the movement for woman suffrage, will address the house of representatives of the general assembly of Georgia on the afternoon of July 27. Miss Eleanor Raoul will address the senate at a date to be set later, and Mrs. F. S. Whitfield will be a prominent speaker appearing before the assembly at some time before the suffrage bill comes up for consideration.

To Mrs. Binns.

Mrs. Henry S. Jackson will entertain at luncheon Tuesday at home in compliment to Mrs. Ralph Binns, of Pittsburgh, the guest of Mrs. Edwin H. Alsop.

Schofield-Wier.

The marriage is announced of Mrs. Mary Schofield, of Macon, and Mr. H. Wier, of Athens, which took place Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at the rectory of All Saints church, Rev. W. W. Memminger officiating.

Dancing Party.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Murphy will entertain at luncheon Tuesday at home in compliment to Mrs. Ralph Binns, of Pittsburgh, the guest of Mrs. Edwin H. Alsop.

The marriage is announced of Mrs. Mary Schofield, of Macon, and Mr. H. Wier, of Athens, which took place Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at the rectory of All Saints church, Rev. W. W. Memminger officiating.

Psychological Society.

The Psychological Society meets this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the convention hall of the near Alamo hotel. The subject is the "Philosophy of Joy and Liberty." Mr. Ashby, the president, and others will talk on this subject. There will also be questions and answers on psychological problems. These meetings are interesting, all interests in scientific research, metaphysics, psychology and kindred subjects will find these meetings instructive. All interested are welcome.

Piano Recital.

The recital on Friday afternoon by the pupils of Mrs. Lillie D. Caldwell at her home at 283 East Georgia avenue was very much enjoyed by all present. The program was well rendered, after which delightful refreshments were served. Those taking part on the program were Misses Louise Simpson, Thelma Dickens, Rhoda Mae Dickens, Fay Arnold, Helen Warren, Belle Joe Simpson, Irene Wullingham, Willie Mae Simpson, Alvan Caldwell and Millard (Buster) Johnson.

Mrs. Tucker's Visit.

On her recent tour of the west, Mrs. Henry T. Tucker had the opportunity through an invitation from President and Mrs. Smith of the Mormon church to visit them at their private residence known as the Bee Hive, in Salt Lake City. The name has been given the house to account to the resemblance to an old fashioned bee hive presented by the ornamental cupola topping the house. Mrs. Tucker made the acquaintance of President and Mrs. Smith on the steamship Manchuria en route from San Francisco to Honolulu, to which point they were going to visit the Mormon colony located there. In some way Mr. and Mrs. Smith learned of the presence on board of the Atlanta representative to the National Y. W. C. A. convention at San Francisco, introduced themselves, and did everything in their power to add to the pleasure of the recent voyage and her stay on the islands. On reaching Salt Lake City, in route home, Mrs. Tucker found more formal invitation awaiting her, and was charmed with the hospitality

Federation of Organizations Now Working For the Child, Suggested by Mrs. R. L. Grant

Mrs. Robert Lee Grant, formerly of Chicago, now of Atlanta, makes the timely suggestion that the various organizations in Atlanta and institutions for the welfare of the child should be in some way federated, so that the effort of one might not be duplicated by the other, and yet that all might correlate their efforts.

Mrs. Grant describes such an organization in Chicago called the Children's League, where the heads of all movements making for the welfare of children met at intervals and discussed their plans and activities. There is one day observed as Children's day, when, through subscriptions or a large entertainment funds are raised and distributed among the various agencies for child labor.

Among the many institutions in Atlanta for children in need or dependent is the Home for the Friendless, the Georgia Home Society for the Adoption of Children, the Atlanta Children's Home, the Sheltering Arms society, the Free Kindergarten association, the Home for Crippled Children, the social settlement homes, where children are looked after in various ways. Besides these are organizations which have special committees looking to the welfare of children, such as the home school, in the factory, in the hospital and in the church, all of which have in view the welfare of the child in various ways to look after needy children.

A board of common interest, which would have one member from all institutions for children, and all organizations looking to their welfare, it is pointed out, could prove a very helpful agency in placing children, with always the information pertaining to every child which is on file with the Associated Charities. Agencies will be enabled to work of each other will be enabled to do more direct and efficient work, and in time the problem of the child who needs help will be solved more methodically and more economically.

extended to her. The Bee Hive is a large, modern residence, unostentatious and dignified in its exterior. Inside, the spacious rooms are handsomely furnished, the atmosphere being that of refinement and culture. The daughter of the home is a beautiful girl of some eighteen years, highly educated and accomplished, contributing much to the pleasure of the visit. On leaving, Mrs. Grant was presented with copies of two of the most complete histories of the church, autographed by President and Mrs. Smith.

Mrs. Tucker was also taken to hear the magnificent organ in the tabernacle, where is given every day of the year by the church a concert of a symphony to the strangers visiting the city, and also in perpetuation of the Mormon religion, which same idea is carried out in the beautiful statuary of the city which commemorates the chief events in the church history, even the quarters of the city being numbered from the tabernacle as a center.

Quartered at the Central hotel, Mrs. Grant during the time of her visit was the crew of a German man-of-war which ran into the harbor for the protection of the United States from a Japanese vessel which had attempted to capture it. The Japanese ship remained on watch just out of the harbor, and the Germans were forced to remain in Honolulu over the time limit of the military rule governing the time that a ship of one nation may remain under the protection of another during war conditions. Under these rules the German vessel will now be obliged to remain at Honolulu until the conclusion of the war. Mrs. Grant states that when she left Honolulu for San Francisco the relentless Japanese ship was still on the watch.

Corbett-Deaton.

At the beautiful country home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Corbett, near Alamo, Tenn., their daughter, Mary Elizabeth, was married to Mr. H. Deaton, of Gainesville, Ga., Thursday evening, July 15, at 8 o'clock.

The house was tastefully decorated, and a handsome hospitality was extended. The wedding company of one hundred and fifty. Mr. Deaton was attended by his brother, Mr. E. V. Deaton, of Memphis, Tenn. The maid of honor was Miss Flora Hart of Jackson.

Rose Hill House Party.

At the McMullins summer home, "Rose Hill," on the Chattahoochee river, Mr. and Mrs. Z. B. Lewis and family, Mr. and Mrs. John Holliday, Mrs. Vane Holliday and Mrs. J. A. Krouse have been spending the summer.

They were joined by Mrs. W. V. McMullan and family, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Coleman and family, Miss Lillian Evans and Mr. Archie McMullan, who are enjoying all the pleasures of camp life.

Dancing Party.

Mrs. and Mrs. J. B. Spurlock gave a beautiful dance Saturday evening in honor of Miss Lily Woolwin, of Greenville, S. C., who is the guest of Mrs. Fay Slaughter.

The house was beautifully decorated.

PRETTY BABY



PASCAL MORAN RAPHER, handsome son of Mr. and Mrs. Paul E. Rapier, is a grandson of the late Pascal J. Moran of the Atlanta Constitution, and the late John L. Rapier, of The Mobile Register.

Prize Winners.

Miss Lillian Carter, of Atlanta, and her cousin, Miss Sue Brinkley, who are the guests of Miss Carter's mother, Mrs. H. R. Courtney, at Northport, L. I., won the beauty prize at a unique fair given at Northport for the benefit of

Trinity church. The prizes were handsomely made by Miss Margaret Wilson, the president's daughter. Mrs. Brinkley received four times as many votes as her opponents, and was the recipient of enthusiastic applause when the honors were awarded. She is the niece of Mrs. Courtney.

We're Showing

Advance Fall Styles In Suits & Dresses

SUITS for fall are plain tailored—simple lines—coats 28 inches long, belted styles; skirts gored, with medium full—first showing black and navy blue serge and gabardine.

Serge and Silk Dresses

The fall dress of serge shows a pretty introduction of taffeta or satin. Many times you would say it is a silk dress with serge trimmings. In either instance, it is fresh and new and charming.

They're the something new that everyone looks forward to at the change of seasons.

The simpler styles have plain or plaid taffeta combined with plain blue serge—skirts are full, having broad applied tucks of serge on the plaid silk. Waist lines are normal again and belts are a feature.

Serge and taffeta dresses of great elegance are shown in double skirt and princess styles—loose, straight lines being the tendency.

Silver embroidery and beaded bands and designs richly decorate, and Georgette crepe vests and white satin collar and cuffs are touches of refinement that enhance many of these pretty silk and serge frocks.

New White Flannel Sport Skirts \$8.50

The latest summer Sport Skirt of white flannel, plain tailored—pockets and large pearl buttons; extremely smart.

New Fall Hats

Black Velvet—black and white effects in satin and velvet—new KNOX SAILORS, felt and silk beaver—Small Velvet Hats have broad wing bows of velvet—brimmed hats of black velvet are lined with white tagle braid—all have simple chic trimmings.

Sport Hats of Felt in All Colors and Smart Shapes

J. P. Allen & Co.

PUZZLE WIN A LOT

Here are 9 squares. Can you put a figure (no two alike) in each square so as to make a total of 15 by adding them up and down and crossways? In an advertisement, we will give a building lot, 25x145 feet, at Atlantic City, Md., which has the finest beach in the world, to anyone solving this puzzle. Send your solution, with 2c in postage for copy of prospectus, to THE ATLANTIC REALTY CO., 120 E. Lexington St., Baltimore, Md.

Let's Go Skating

AT THE A Clean House, with High-Class, Clean Amusements.



91 South Pryor St., Near Mitchell

Something New for Atlanta

The Largest and Most Elaborate Skating Rink and Hippodrome in the South. Open to the Public in the Next Few Days. Watch the Papers.

HIPPODROME ACTS EVERY PERFORMANCE

These will consist of the best talent available—and will embrace athletic turns of all kinds, fancy dancing and expert skating.

A floor 126x186 feet, smooth as marble. Large seating capacity for onlookers. 500 pairs best ball-bearing skates. Largest and most expensive pipe organ in the country. Rest rooms, check rooms, refreshment stands—every convenience for comfort and pleasure.

CATERING ONLY TO THE BEST PEOPLE IN THE CITY EVERYTHING HIGH-CLASS.

Handsome son of Mr. and Mrs. Paul E. Rapier, is a grandson of the late Pascal J. Moran of the Atlanta Constitution, and the late John L. Rapier, of The Mobile Register.

WELCOME!

Your new Nunnally's Store will open at 101 Peachtree street Tuesday morning, July 27—special music and souvenirs have been provided for the occasion.

To invite you to this opening is like inviting you to attend your own party, for this beautiful new store is but the outgrowth of one which you have known and frequented as the center of Atlanta's social life for more than a decade.

The furnishings are beautiful and artistic without strained effect. The woodwork is rich, dark mahogany; the light effect is as soft and mellow as the moon-light; the fountain is the "last word" in soda dispensing equipment; the candy cases are ice cooled and dust-proof, and the tables and chairs have been selected with a special view to comfort.

In fact, we believe the entire store is just as you would have it, and we hope you will find pleasure in meeting your friends here for rest and refreshment.

"To Please You—Pleases Us."

101 Peachtree St.

Nunnally's

Opposite Piedmont Hotel

HEALTH, BEAUTY AND HAPPINESS ARE MATTERS OF DIET; FOOD AND THE BALLOT INTERDEPENDENT, SAYS MRS. LAIDLAW

*What the Beautiful Suffragist Leader Eats Largely Explains How
Her Eyes and Complexion Remain Clear and Fresh
Despite Her Ceaseless Activities.*



The dining room at Hazelden, showing Louisa at her own little tea table, on which white bread never has been served.

A GREAT many people have had the pleasure of hearing and seeing Mrs. James Lee Laidlaw, suffragist leader, while they were the audience and she was the speaker at some votes for women gathering.

And it is safe to say that a majority of these persons have found their thoughts deflected from the subject in hand for at least a brief instant while they wondered what was the golden secret which keeps Mrs. Laidlaw so beautifully glowing and sparkling through all the rigors of exciting campaigns. A little bird whispered that it was a secret of diet. Armed with this inside information, the interviewer asked Mrs. Laidlaw to explain the magic regimen.

Hazelden, the country home of the Laidlows, situated at Sands Point, Long Island, has only twice changed hands since the King James grant. It is a beautiful low lying house "way off by itself on a hill top. From most of its windows the Sound can be seen and from its terraces and loggias there is borne the bewitching wreath of roses and honeysuckle. The visitor in making the rounds of the grounds is introduced to many shrubs and trees. Whatever the Laidlows may be in politics, they are individualists in regard to growing things. They know all of their big stretch of out of doors pretty well by heart, and one receives a pleasant impression that the garden is part of the family.

"Diet," said Mrs. Laidlaw as she led the way to the vine shaded terrace at the rear of the house, "is one of the things in which I have been intensely interested for a long time.

"Matthew Arnold has said that conduct is three-fourths of life. When you consider that efficiency, mental balance and much else that enters into the make-up of a human being are largely dependent on the digestion I think it is not too much to say that food is nine-tenths of life.

"I believe that the way to a nation's intelligence is through its stomach. Without proper nutrition no nation will rise to intellectual heights or to any great degree of efficiency. It is woman's part to nourish the race intelligently so as to add to the sum total of efficiency, comfort and happiness.

Diet and Ballot Interdependent.

"You want me to talk about diet, but, irrepressibly, all this matter of obtaining better diet goes back to conditions which must be regulated by governmental action. You ask me not to talk suffrage, but, I submit, how otherwise, except with the ballot, to a woman to be equipped to deal with conditions such as those which affect her right to obtain proper food for herself and her family?"

A smile appeared in the depths of Mrs. Laidlaw's very lovely brown eyes.

"You see, we aren't talking suffrage," she said, innocently; "we're talking causes and effects."

"Women as mothers and as nurses are the people who take care of the health of the other members of the family.

The man of the house has a headache, one of the sons has a stomach ache or it is discovered that the little children of the household are not being properly nourished.

"Probably some of these ills are due to the fact that the family has been eating fruits treated with arsenic, cream treated with formaldehyde, or wheat with all the strength giving element removed.

"But the wife and mother is forced to deal only with results. She must care for her suffering family as best she may, but, as is always the case with women deprived of any part in governmental affairs, she can deal only with effect; she cannot deal with cause; she has had no part in the regulation of causes, and without the power of the ballot she can have none.

Man Ought to Learn Better.

"Everybody, of course, does not agree with me as to diet. From my point of view, being a vegetarian, I consider that the cleanest, most wholesome and most normal food is vegetable food. I use the word in its broader sense to include grains, nuts, fruits, &c. I use also butter, eggs and milk, which is not according to the strict vegetarian code. My regimen is not followed by all the members of our household, and for the others poultry and occasionally roast lamb are provided, but I never have had a piece of roast beef on my table since I have been married. Fish we never use except when we are giving a dinner."

"But you let your little daughter have meat?"

"Yes," confessed Mrs. Laidlaw, "lamb chops and bacon and chicken, just a little of these. I really don't think to do her any good, but I haven't quite the courage to insist on her being brought up without any meat at all. If anything should happen it might be said that it was because she had been brought up without meat."

"But it seems perfectly evident that the strongest animals are those which live on a herbivorous diet.



Mrs. James Lee Laidlaw cuts the fire wood and catches the fish. She is also assisted by her little daughter Louisa. Mr. Laidlaw cuts the fire wood and catches the fish. The location of the camp is a secret. It is far away, deep in the woods, and there Mr. and Mrs. Laidlaw and Louisa disappear every summer. No other people are near them. They live in camouflaged and play like they are pioneers.

They have the most enduring strength and are less subject to bursts of ferocity. No doubt necessity drove men to eat flesh as the most available life sustaining thing. But because man always has eaten flesh, so far as our knowledge goes, is no reason that he always should do so. The progress of civilization has been marked by the growth of agriculture, and coincident with the culture of peoples has come the development of exquisite nuts, fruits, vegetables, &c. From the days when the earliest woman tent keeper, with the woman's food preparing instinct, planted a seed which some wandering stranger brought her from a far land down to the days of Burbank there has been marvelous advance in the growing of wonderful viands.

"But meat always has remained the same and it is often brought to my attention when I am dining where a roasting rack or little birds with their toes turned up are brought on the table that there has been little progress along this line since the fleshy feast of Cedric the Saxon and before that from the time when the cave man turned an enormous bit of meat on a stick. It is significant that the most exquisite thing with which to disguise the near cannibalism of modern meat eating is to frigate it around with bright colored vegetables. The only thing they have been able to accomplish with meats is the effort development of tripe, pate-de-fois gras, &c., the parts of the animal which even the savage cave man cast aside."

"Do you think the vegetarian diet much better for the complexion?" Mrs. Laidlaw was asked.

"I hope this isn't going to be a beauty article," she exclaimed, "because I don't think I could pause in the midst of a busy suffrage campaign to talk about the complexion." A little smile curled the corners of Mrs. Laidlaw's mouth.

"Naturally," she admitted, "whatever is good for the health is good for the complexion. There are the wholesome nourishing grains, for instance.

"A grain of wheat is a perfect food balance. The nice little heart of the grain gives the proteins, the outer part is the heat producing element and in the husks are the phosphates and the mineral materials.

"But in spite of their great nutritive value and their extreme cheapness grains are too much neglected as a part of the diet. I think it is largely because most people think of the grains as furnishing only an inevitable and unexciting breakfast dish. But grains can be baked and browned, croqueted and souffled, and in combination with other vegetables, with eggs, cheese, &c., will be found to afford an infinite variety of delicious dishes.

oven. Before putting in to cook beat up one egg and pour over the whole to lift it a little. Instead of baking powder always use an egg to make the thing puffy.

The trouble with most cooks is that they are apt to stick too closely to an original recipe. This sort of dish may be varied in almost any way that is convenient. Spinach may be used instead of egg plant and other vegetables added if there are some to be used up.

"A person would puff and puff at being set down to a luncheon at which the principal dish was breakfast food, but with a little clever flavoring and combining as a disguise the breakfast food appears as an extremely appetizing viand. When we go away to our camp we don't take any servants. For three weeks we hide in the woods and do our own cooking. Then I can cook whatever I please in my own way and introduce any number of novelties.

"The use of sauce gives another opportunity for variety in preparing these dishes of grain. Brown mushroom sauce, egg sauce, attractive red tomato sauce and a delicate curry sauce are among those which I have used. A sauce of egg with a little bit

the making of ever so many dishes. Creamed eggs, for instance, sprinkled with these bread crumbs and browned in the oven are ever so much more savory than without this covering.

Make Soup Delicious.

"An epicure would turn with scorn from a nutritious and inexpensive line of soups that I have in mind, such as black bean, split pea or dry green pea, but put a slice of lemon, a drop of egg and a little chopped celery in black bean soup, add a bit of tomato, a dash of thyme to split pea soup or perhaps a subtle note of bay leaf and you have what I would characterize as not so much highly flavored as delicious savory. It is appetizing without being irritating to the palate, as other forms of seasoning are. Curry should always be used in the most delicate way, not as an assault upon the palate, but as a faint epicurean flavor. The same is true of bay leaf."

"I had the subject of grain diet called to my attention when I was a student in Barnard College. I was working in one of Professor Giddings' classes in sociology, and we were given a district of the city



Hazelden, the Laidlaw home at Sands Point, Long Island, where happiness reigns partly because a new diet prevails.

of curry and sprinklings of Spanish pepper to make it look pretty poured over fried hominy or cornmeal makes a satisfactory addition to a meal. A plain white sauce with a good deal of finely chopped parsley is also good over grain croquettes. Capers sauce is good if you want something a little more wicked. Of course caper sauce is out of the class of the perfectly innocuous, but if used sparingly it is not bad for one.

"Our cooks give us Hollandaise sauce always on asparagus or artichokes, so that we forget that it is equally palatable on many other things. It is excellent, for instance, on fried or grilled egg plant. Egg plant is better grilled than fried, but if frying is more convenient it is possible to do so delicately, so that it will not come out encased in what appears to be a thick metal coating.

Potatoes Merely Incidental.

"Potatoes should be an incident, not a bulwark of diet. Potatoes creamed, souffled or used as gratin are all very well, but the ubiquitous and inevitable potato starting one in the face at every meal is a thing to which even comparatively epicurean people have acceded to as an unalterable tradition. Instead there are such wonderful combinations of vegetables and the many grain dishes.

"In selecting vegetables the housewife often overlooks the properties of each one. Often I have seen vegetables starting one in the face at every meal is a thing to which even comparatively epicurean people have acceded to as an unalterable tradition. Instead there are such wonderful combinations of vegetables and the many grain dishes.

"In selecting vegetables the housewife often overlooks the properties of each one. Often I have seen vegetables starting one in the face at every meal is a thing to which even comparatively epicurean people have acceded to as an unalterable tradition. Instead there are such wonderful combinations of vegetables and the many grain dishes.

How to Judge Breadstuffs.

"As to the inevitable accompaniment of eating—the various kinds of breadstuffs—the criterion always should be—

"Is it rough or smooth?"

"Is it doughy and waddy or crisp and fluffy?"

"Is it close or open?"

"Is it brown and delicious or soggy and half baked?"

"Are you getting a white bread gold brick or a rich, full grained product?"

"As a nation of breadmakers we are far behind many foreign countries. I forget what physician it was who said that 'wads of fresh dough in the stomach have killed as many people as strong drink.' The best bread is a whole wheat product baked until it is dry and flavorful.

"As a generally speaking, bread is no friend of mine. My little girl never has tasted white bread. We usually use graham or zwieback. The best way to use bread, it seems to me, is to make browned bread crumbs of it. I think most people who cook at all find that it is necessary to have a jar of browned bread crumbs always on hand. They are

to visit with a view to studying the socialization of the families. We made friendly visits and I remember feeling green and bluish about talking to experienced housewives until one day I happened to call at a house where mother and grandmother were working despairingly over a child very ill with dysentery. What was my horror to see them put the poor child up to the table and give him a potato and a piece of fresh white bread to eat. I mean a white potato and begged them to prepare some barley water and to give the child some zwieback instead of the fresh bread. To my astonishment I found that they did not know the use of barley at all and never toasted or dried a piece of bread.

The Poor Cannot Use the Fire.

"On further questioning I found that they had never any cornmeal, oatmeal or wheats in the house, and that the use of the nutritious grains was practically a closed book to them. It is easy enough to criticize these families for failing to make use of these economical foods until one realizes that their facilities for cooking are so poor and that the lack of fuel is so widespread that it would be difficult for many of them to use the fire for a number of hours or to do any but the simplest cooking.

"It is easy to talk about proper dietetics when all the means of cooking food properly are at hand, but undoubtedly even taking into consideration the tremendous economic pressure under which the majority of people live it is no doubt true that with proper knowledge the food value of the diet would be very much improved even in the neediest home.

"Dried vegetables and dried fruits are among the staples which are often neglected by the housewife and yet they afford an excellent opportunity to reduce the expenses of the table without cutting down the food values. Fresh vegetables, fresh fruits, meat and fish are expensive. The dried vegetables and fruits are just as nutritive and much less expensive, and they are often more digestible, especially for children and people with delicate stomachs. For a few cents one can prepare a dish of cornmeal soufflé or scalloped rice or hominy and a dish of kidney beans with cooked apricots for dessert. A head of lettuce dressed in oil and lemon is an added luxury, which of course would strain some purses impossibly in winter, but is not beyond the reach of any one in summer time.

Must Use More Salads.

"One can scarcely say too much for the value of salads. Five or ten cents diverted from the meat to such a dish would keep many a family in health during the spring and summer which otherwise will fall in health owing to the toxins produced in the system by masses of fleshy fibres which they have consumed.

"And, in conclusion, please say that one of the reasons that all the members of women are working so hard for suffrage is that they want to have something to say at first hand about this diet business—they want to be able to work directly for pure food for everybody and for other useful things which will enable all the housekeepers of the land not only to buy nourishing food but to have facilities for cooking it properly."

HEADLEY IS PROMOTED BY MAXWELL COMPANY

Successful Salesman Is Made
Assistant Sales Supervisor
of Zone No. 2.

There have been many successes in the automobile industry; many have risen from mediocre positions to places of high authority and prestige since the inception of the motor car, but few there have been who have climbed the ladder to a highly responsible post in the management of one of the largest automobile manufacturers.

That is what James P. Headley, of the Maxwell, has done. A little over a year ago he became connected with the Maxwell organization as salesman for the state of Georgia and now he is announced as assistant sales supervisor of Zone No. 2 of the Maxwell Motor Sales corporation.

Headley, who is a thoroughly experienced automobile man of southern birth and possesses those sterling qualities of frankness, squareness and loyalty that go so much toward making and holding friends of worthy products.

His record in Georgia and a part of South Carolina, in the face of the worst business depression this country has ever seen, is considered nothing short of phenomenal and it has served to bring to the attention of the big chiefs in Detroit the fact that in Headley they had a man capable of big work.

His old dealers are rejoicing with his friends in Atlanta that he is not taken entirely away from them, while the new dealers are planning to take themselves upon the possession of such splendid man by their managers. His headquarters will still be in Atlanta, but his new work will keep him constantly upon the road.

In his appointment of C. P. Hennessy to fill the vacancy at the Atlanta warehouse, caused by the departure of Headley, has given to this territory a man with every quality to successfully succeed. It is well known and exceptionally well liked by the motorists. His mobile trade both for his personality and his ability, and with the assistance



JAMES P. HEADLEY.

of R. W. Little the Maxwell interests in this section are well prepared for Headley and Hennessy have been spending several days together since the recent Detroit convention perfecting plans for the promotion of sales following the 1910 announcement, which will be followed by the arrival of other Maxwell sensation among the dealers and motorists.

GOODRICH COMPANY WILL GUIDE-POST LINCOLN HIGHWAY

The last leg of the Lincoln highway, stretching from Denver and Cheyenne west to the Pacific coast, is about to be guide-posted by the National Touring Bureau of the B. F. Goodrich company, in preparation for the great army of motorists who will take their routes in their cars this summer to the exposition and California. It is estimated that some 1,500,000 people will traverse the three big trans-continental routes to the Pacific coast during the next few months.

The Lincoln highway passes through Salt Lake City, crosses the desert to Carson City and then strikes into eastern California to Sacramento and San Francisco. The Goodrich touring bureau estimates that it will require more than 1,000 of their indestructible guide posts to cover this route, and that the cost to them will average full \$15 for each post erected. A truck and crew will follow the route and place the blue and white enamel guide posts in spots which have already been selected.

The Goodrich guide posts will be erected on substantial metal posts which cannot be easily destroyed, and the signs themselves will be of indestructible material of such construction that it cannot be destroyed by short-range rifle or by the cattle of the plains. With more than 60,000 posts on over 70,000 miles of the Lincoln highway in the country, the Goodrich touring bureau has had some trouble with vandals and in some cases guide posts have been destroyed.

Aecworth Wins.
Aecworth, Ga., July 24.—(Special.)—Aecworth beat the fast Cartersville team in one of the first halves of the season ever played on the local diamond. Up to the first half of the first half of the season Aecworth was in the lead by a score of 11 to 0, when Cartersville came back and made six runs, which tied the score. Aecworth won the game in the last half of the ninth, when at runner on second stole third, the third strike was called, the ball on account of a wild throw after which Cartersville used five pitchers during the game.

DOBBS CO. IS GIVING NEW LIFE TO TIRES

Repair Shop on Peachtree St.
One of Busiest Places in
Automobile Row.

Running its force overtime to keep up with the great demand made upon it to repair thousands of automobile tires, the Dobbs Tire Repair company, at 226 Peachtree street, is one of the busiest places along automobile row.

For eight years this company has been in the tire repair game, and has built up a large patronage among motorists in this section. The company is composed of three brothers—Messrs. J. M. W. A. and C. W. Dobbs—all of whom are expert workmen, and have had years of experience in repair and automobile work.

The company was the original vanguard for this section, and still maintains a large vulcanizing department, but of recent date it has taken on the new method of repairing tires—much after the fashion of the shoe maker, who puts a new sole on an old shoe. By taking a casing which has been rim cut and one with the tread worn away, it is a simple matter to stoutly stitch them together, thus taking the best of the two tires and make a new tire, which in many cases has given more than two thousand to five thousand more miles of service. Since the company has inaugurated this method of re-sewing tires it has been almost swamped with work.

The cost is very nominal and in these times of economy the Dobbs Tire Repair company has found itself the most popular of the tire repairers who have looked to it to practically furnish them with new tires.

DOTHAN HITTERS SLUGGED HARDEST

By Dick Jemison.

Dothan led the F. L. A. league team in slugging for the season, with 344 total bases on their hits. Dothan led the league in slugging, with 344 total bases on their hits. Dothan led the league in slugging, with 344 total bases on their hits.

TEAMS	2B	3B	HR	XB	XB
Dothan	109	12	15	176	54
Dothan	109	12	15	176	54
Dothan	109	12	15	176	54
Dothan	109	12	15	176	54
Dothan	109	12	15	176	54

**SAXON CARS USE
GOODYEAR TIRES
IN ECONOMY TEST**

It was a great occasion for Goodyear tires, as was for Saxon Sixes, when Saxon dealers to the number of 165 last week left the Saxon plant at Detroit to conduct an economy test of Saxon and Goodyear tires. The test was conducted in various parts of the country. Every car in the test was Goodyear equipped.

In taken Saxon enthusiasm over Goodyear tires also the company made each dealer who participated a present of a Goodyear tire.

Adverse weather conditions were encountered from the beginning. The cars left Detroit in a shower, and after a drive of some 100 miles the roads were so muddy, so that the work out for Saxon and Goodyear tires was everywhere payments were lacking.

Good Fishing Story.
(From Argonaut.)
The late Justice Brewer was with a party at New York on an on the fishing trip in the Adirondacks, and around the campfire one evening he told a story which was so true, so natural, so full of life, when it came to turn the story began, uncertain as to how he was going to get the story out.

"No," said the Justice, "we were baiting with whale."

8 CADILLAC CARS IN LONG JOURNEY OF MILITARY MEN

Thirty-four days after leaving Chicago, and having covered about 2,500 miles of all kinds of roads, in good weather and bad, mostly by the Northwestern Military and Naval Academy's fleet of eight Cadillac cars, arrived in San Francisco.

The military cars, with about 50 cadets from the academy, in charge of Colonel R. P. Davidson, the commandant, and Lieutenant E. G. Arneson, U. S. A., official observer for the war department, left Chicago June 18. The start was made under favorable auspices, but the column almost immediately ran into rain, weather, which continued for nine days. Through all this time the cars ploughed gumbo, and camp was made almost every night in the rain.

The task of pulling through the gumbo and climbing the steep hills of the west was a simple one for the eight Cadillac cars, five of this type being included in the column.

The column included an officers' reconnaissance car, equipped with special headlights, a car with a map making instrument, a dictating machine, a two-wheeled car, a field kitchen, a hospital car, an armored car, mounting a rapid fire gun; a quartermaster's car, with rapid fire gun; and the balloon-destroyer car, which is a veteran of \$5,000 of road and field work, and the hero of the 1910 Clenden tour.

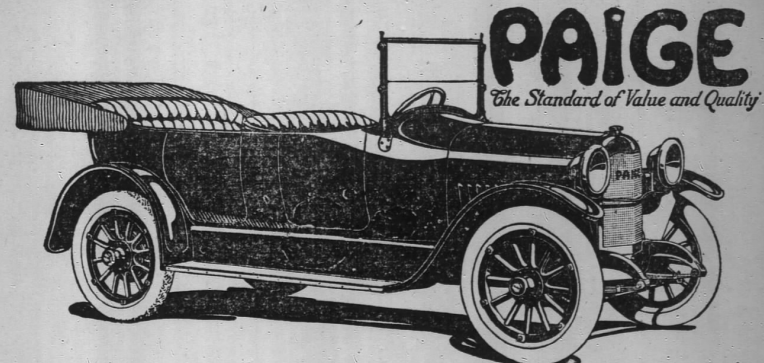
Colonel Davidson, the commandant of the academy, has been building up his motor car corps for a number of years, using Cadillac cars exclusively. Each summer he plans a tour that will demonstrate some new phase of the automobile's usefulness as an adjunct to an army in the field. The journey just successfully completed is the most difficult ever attempted by his corps, and more extended than any ever before undertaken by a number of military cars.

**SAXON "SIX" WINS
HILL CLIMB EVENT**

More hill-climbing honors went to Saxon motor cars when a six-cylinder model of this make captured first prize at Stamford, Conn., making a hill seven-eighths of a mile long, with a 18 per cent grade in the time of one minute two and one-fifth seconds.

Competing against the Saxon were five other cars, two of which were higher in price than the winner. The Saxon "Six" won with a comfortable margin, taking the lead early in the contest and holding it throughout the race. Other cars in the run included a Buick, Mercer, Ford and Stanley.

Along with information about this victory came word of another in a speedway race at LaFayette, Ind. On this occasion a Saxon roadster took first place in a five-mile speed contest, with another roadster of the same make coming in second. One of the competing machines was the Cornelian which appeared at the 50-mile Indianapolis speedway race.



A NEW LIGHT SIX \$1095

Every Inch a PAIGE

HERE you see illustrated the new Paige Six "36." Here you see the latest addition to a distinguished line of cars—a true Paige every inch of it—a car built to realize an ideal—a car that must not and cannot be judged from the standpoint of its astounding price alone.

When we say that this new Paige Six "36," has been built to realize an ideal we are speaking accurate, literal truth.

From the very beginning it has been the unflinching purpose and policy of the Paige Company to build high class, dependable motor cars.

It has been the purpose and policy of the Paige Company to achieve a Standard of Quality and Value—not merely a standard of Price.

If you happen to know an owner of our larger, seven-passenger Six "46," you know precisely what we mean when we speak of Value and Quality.

All of the careful manufacturing, all [of] the painstaking attention to detail, all of the sturdy, reliable qualities which characterize the larger Six and have made it a pre-eminent Six of the year will be found in this newer and smaller five-passenger Paige Six "36."

The New Paige Six "36" Is Here

We realize that there are a vast number of people who do not require a large seven-passenger car. But all of these people want a "Six," for they know that this is the day of the "Six" in quality cars.

Furthermore, they want a "roomy" car—a luxurious car—a "smart" car—an economical car.

In a word, there is an enormous demand for just such a car as the new Paige Six "36."

Glance at the illustration on this page and you will see that—from the radiator to tire carrier—this car is a five-passenger reproduction of the larger Six "46."

This body design has proved to be a sensation of the year. No amount of money could buy more graceful lines or smarter appearance.

Inside the car you will find a great, big, comfortable tonneau and a broad driver's seat with upholstery of genuine leather which means ease and freedom from crowding for all of the five passengers.

Like the larger Six "46" you will find this car equipped with the world-famous J. Davis starting and lighting system.

Like the larger Six "46" you will find this car equipped with cantilever springs which insure easy, comfortable riding no matter what the road conditions may be—a velvet acting cork insert multiple disc clutch—forced feed lubrication system and the unequalled Rayfield carburetor.

Then—accept our assurance—there is a tremendous surprise in store for you when you first inspect this car.

Then—and only then—you will appreciate what a truly great achievement it represents.

Then, we predict, your first query will be—"How is it possible to build such a car for \$1095?"

We Represent the Entire State of Georgia

We have recently closed with the Paige-Detroit Motor Company for the exclusive selling rights for Paige Cars for the entire State of Georgia. We are dividing and sub-dividing this very exclusive territory and will require real, hustling motor car representatives in all the principal centers. You know Paige Cars to be the readiest and easiest selling motor cars manufactured. You know the wonderful reputation of the builders of these world-famous cars. Here is a great, big opportunity for you to connect up with a live business proposition. You can build a permanent and profit-paying business with the Agency of Paige Cars. Write us today for complete particulars. There may be available territory for you in your own locality. Get busy today.

W. J. DABNEY IMPLEMENT CO.

Paige Distributors for the State of Georgia.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA 100 S. FORSYTH ST.

"Everything But The Horse"

No. 43 Paige-Detroit Motor Car Company, Detroit, Mich.

DON'T THROW AWAY YOUR OLD TIRES

MONEY SAVED
IS MONEY MADE

Under our process of retreading we give new life to your casings after you thought them ready for the discard. It's simple as A, B, C—just like half-sooling your old shoes.

All Casings Are Not Worn the Same Way

Some are rim cut, with the tread slightly worn. We combine the two, and by neat and extra stout stitching, one within the other, make a practically new casing, out of which from

2,000 to 3,000 Miles Can Be Secured

The cost is nominal—\$2 to \$15. This makes a casing double thick, and renders it practically

Puncture-Proof

Let us save you money on your tire bills.

We Are Also Vulcanizers, and Do All Kinds of Tire Repairing

DOBBS TIRE REPAIR CO.
226 PEACHTREE STREET

Old Casings Bought Telephone Ivy 5646 Let Us Show You

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mr. Eugene Hamilton has returned to New York after a visit with his parents on Kenesaw Avenue.

Miss Dorothy Scott, who has been spending the last few weeks in Monroe, La., returned to Atlanta on Friday with a party of friends. She will leave the city for her next week for a two-week visit to relatives in Washington city. On her return she will stop in Asheville to join friends at Battery Park.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Ashe have moved to East Lake and taken the Byrd place for the summer.

Miss Ethel Turner is visiting relatives in Athens, Ga.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Goldman, of Chicago, announce the engagement of their daughter, Sadie, to Mr. Samuel Bernard Edson.

Mr. F. G. Lake and family are spending the summer at Asheville, N. C., and Dula Springs.

Miss Marion Woolley, who has been visiting in New York, has returned home. Mr. Basil M. Woolley, Jr., has gone to Tampa, Fla., where he will engage in business with his father, Dr. M. Woolley is visiting in Marion, Ala.

Mrs. Ernest Blair Durham, who has been ill, is convalescing.

Miss Kathryn Humme, of Charleston, S. C., who has been the guest of Miss Elsie Smith, left Thursday for a trip to California.

Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Loefer, of LaGrange, announce the birth of a daughter on July 17, whom they have named Gertrude McNeely.

Mr. Hugh Robinson, who has been the guest of Mr. Robert Mitchell, of Lincoln, returns to his home in New York today.

Mrs. W. A. Gregg, who has been the guest of her cousin, Miss Moss, at Tallulah Falls, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Treadwell, Mr. George Treadwell and Mrs. W. W. Springer left Friday by way of Savannah for New York, Boston, and Atlantic City.

Mr. William C. Drake, who was operated on for appendicitis Monday at Davis-Fischer sanitarium, is improving.

Dr. S. A. Vinson has returned to the city after a visit to the Isle of Palms.

Miss George Richards and Mr. Borden-Wheeler Spinks Friday for a week's visit.

Mrs. Jennie Peeler, of Macon, will visit Mrs. Robert Mitchell, 40 West North Avenue, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Logan and Miss Lillian Logan will take possession of their new home on Myrtle street.

Miss Irene Sewell is seriously ill at Wesley Memorial hospital.

Mr. R. C. Condon leaves Monday for Tennessee and the "Blue Grass Fair" at Kentucky. Mr. Condon will see him there and will visit his sister, Mrs. Craig Lydie, in Syracuse, N. Y., and Mrs. Walter Stearns in Pittsfield, Mass.

Mrs. Joseph L. Brookshire and daughter leave today for Simons Island for a ten day visit.

Mr. James N. Stover, who has been visiting his parents at Milledgeville, has returned to his home in Providence, R. I.

Miss Mary Ella Arnold will return Monday from South Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. Thornton Mayne are now in San Francisco. Mr. Mayne is under treatment at a hospital there.

Miss Lillie Pew is spending a month at Waynesville, N. C.

Dr. and Mrs. Dunbar Roy leave next Saturday to spend the month of August at Hotel Somerset, Rockland, Maine.

Miss George Richards and Miss Elizabeth MacDowell have returned from Mackinac Island, Detroit, and other resorts. The trip will extend over about six weeks.

Mrs. Thomas C. Harris and children leave yesterday for a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Williams, in Kirtland, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Hemperley, of Jacksonville, Fla., are guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Hemperley, in East Point.

Mrs. B. K. Marshall and children, of Pelham, will remain in East Point another week, with Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, Mr. W. Taylor and Miss Maie Sheppard.

Mrs. P. L. Hule, who has been in Camp Hill, Ala., for some time visiting relatives, will return to her home in East Point this week.

Mrs. C. M. Norton, of Oakland City, Ind., will visit her daughter, Mrs. Charles Nolan.

Mrs. W. D. Whitehead is ill at the Grady hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McKenney and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Brotherton, of East Point, are at Indian Springs for the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Clark, who have been residents of the South for several years, have moved to Richmond, Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Acker Smythe left Friday for a western trip. They will be joined next week by Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith for a week at Colorado Beach and San Diego. They then visit to Panama Pacific exposition.

HEMSTITCHING and PICOT EDGEWORK done at **SINGER SHOP** in a most satisfactory way. Machines rented by the month. All makes of sewing machines repaired. **Singer Sewing Machine Co.** 79 Whitehall St. Bell Phone Main 1832

Beautify the Complexion IN TEN DAYS **Nadinola CREAM** The Unequaled Beautifier USED AND ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS

Guaranteed to remove tan, freckles, and liver spots. Extreme cases about twenty days. Leaves the skin clear, soft, healthy. Two sizes, 50c and \$1.00. By toilet counters or mail.

NATIONAL TOILET COMPANY, Paris, France

Children's Hair Cutting Keep the hair off the little one's neck and avoid prickly heat, and—Best bring the tiny folks in the morning and avoid the heat of the day.

Everything sterilized. **CHAS. R. FOSTER** 4th floor. J. P. Allen & Co.

Pretty Member of Younger Set



Photo by McCrary.

MISS HELEN McCULLOUGH, the beautiful young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. N. McCullough.

Governor and Mrs. Harris To Entertain General Assembly

Brilliant among the social events of midsummer will be the reception to be given by the Governor and Mrs. Harris to the general assembly of Georgia, on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at the executive mansion.

A large company has been invited to meet the members of the assembly, and a beautiful hospitality will be extended them, the mansion and the lawn to be the scene of their entertainment.

Receiving with the governor and Mrs. Harris will be ex-Governor and Mrs. Joseph M. Brown, Hon. Oden Persons, Hon. W. H. Burwell and Mrs. Burwell, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Candler, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Harris, Mr. Frank Hildebrand of Macon, Mrs. Campbell Wallace of Marietta, Mrs. Margaret Luttrell of Washington city, The Misses Macgill and Mrs. Fritz Jones will serve punch.

Miss Leah Gueria and Miss Lillian Chastain left Friday for Mississippi and Louisiana.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Lewis announce the birth of a son on July 23, who has been named Joseph.

Mrs. Hodge Malone, of Shreveport, La., will visit her mother, Mrs. David Morgan, at East Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Nissenbaum announce the birth of a son in their home, 302 Rawson street, July 23.

Mrs. Robert L. Smith and Miss Ruth Smith will arrive in the city Monday en route to Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Harman and T. R. Jr. leave this week for ten days at Wrightsville Beach.

Miss Alice Hamer will return during the early part of the week from Wrightsville Beach, N. C., where she is at the Seashore hotel with a party of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Polk of West End, will have as their guest for the week-end, Mr. and Mrs. Polk of Arcadia, Fla. Mr. Polk is visiting here in connection with a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Polk are accompanied by their daughter and have quite a number of friends here who will be interested to learn of her return.

MEETINGS Inman Park Embroidery club will meet Wednesday, July 25, at 8:30 o'clock with Mrs. C. M. Frim, 355 W. Peachtree.

The board of city missions will meet in the E. A. Minor hall at 8 o'clock on July 27. Members of sister chapters invited to attend.

Capital Hiv No. 1, Ladies of Macedonia will hold a regular review on Tuesday afternoon, July 27, at their hall 36 Central Avenue.

There will be a regular meeting of Capital City chapter No. 111, Order Eastern Star, Monday evening, July 26, 430½ Marietta street, commencing at 8 o'clock. All duly qualified members of the order are fraternally invited.

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA. Miss Louise Young returned Thursday to her home in New York after a week's visit to Miss Emma Freeman, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Lowe, of Okefenokee, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Smith.

Miss M. Stephenson is in Jersey, the guest of Miss Minnie Barrett, of Monroe, are the guests of Miss Kathryn Merriweather, of Chattanooga, is visiting Mrs. William Robinson at the Garrett house.

Mrs. L. Smith and Mr. Peck Smith, of Dalton, were week-end guests of Mrs. E. L. Anderson, of Gainesville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hurd.

Tuesday and Wednesday were hosts of two beautiful parties, entertaining about thirty guests on each occasion. Mrs. Tom Stanton returned Tuesday from a visit to Hampton.

Elizabeth Sullivan, of Augusta, who have had charming attentions as guests of Miss Marion Woolley, of the class of 1910, who has just taken her degree at the University of the South, of Michigan, is expected home soon to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Sullivan, who are in Valdosta, in DeKalb county, where she will enter the Worcester hospital, Worcester, Mass., for a year's internship preparation for her work on the foreign field.

CARROLLTON, GA. An enjoyable affair of the week was the moonlight picnic given Monday evening at which Miss Evelyn Settle, house party, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Goodby, of Talladega, Ala., and Miss Jessie McWilliams, of Atlanta, were the guests. Miss Evelyn and Miss Settle were the hosts.

Miss Alma Deady's house party for the week are Miss Louise Davis, of New York, and Miss Mary Davis, of Jacksonville.

Mrs. Leek Comer, and Mrs. P. L. Comer, after spending several days here as the visitors of Mrs. James Comer.

Miss Laura Lane is visiting relatives in Danville.

Miss Anna Clark, of Lexington, is being entertained as the guest of Miss Kathryn Bradford.

The Misses Johnson, of Bowman, arrived last week, and the guests, Miss Anna Clark, of Lexington, and Miss Anna Clark, of Lexington, are the guests of Miss Evelyn Settle.

Mrs. E. O. Reese and Miss Lillian Reese have returned from Borden-Wheeler Springs, Ala., after spending several days there.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

Miss Anna Cutting, entertained at a party Thursday morning at the home of Miss Anna Cutting.

a spend-the-night party for her guest, Miss Harriet Jones, Tuesday.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained for her guest, Miss Harriet Jones, of Thursday evening.

Mrs. and Mrs. B. M. Mabson entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Mrs. Mildred Annell, entertained at a party at the Elks club Friday evening.

Courteous efficiency is the success asset of the Capital City Laundry.

There is one way to be certain of absolute satisfaction in your laundry and dry cleaning world—the way leads to the Capital City.

Palm Beach suits cleaned our perfect better-than-best way for 50c a time.

Ladies' separate skirts, Linen, Palm Beach suits, Suits, et al. cleaned to surprise you.

New Pompons and Ostrich bands manufactured from your old plumes. Plumes cleaned, curled, dyed and made over.

If you like formostness you like

The Capital City Laundry

MAIL ORDERS FILLED FREE

LAST CALL for SUMMER HATS

Monday Morning at 8:30 you may choose any Trimmed Summer Hat in our entire store at

Included are stunning \$5.00 Hats \$2.98 15.00 Hats Every Summer

7.50 Hats 18.00 Hats

10.00 Hats 20.00 Hats Hat must go. This

12.00 Hats 25.00 Hats

Hemp, Panamas

and New York

Pattern Hats—

Positively worth

to \$25.00.

EVERY SALE FINAL—NO C. O. D.'s—NO APPROVALS

New \$3 Sport Hats At \$1.00 From 8:30 Until Noon At \$1.00

New \$2 Hemp Sailors \$1.00 Trimmed Hats \$1.00

New \$2 Ostrich Pompons \$1.00

75c Hat Bands OUR LAST SALE Genuine \$2.00

25c Panamas Values

Seven Beautiful 75c Pink Roses

to choose from 25c

Extra Special 8:30 Until Noon Only White Tams 69c

Genuine \$1.25 Value Corduroy

J. M. HIGH CO. J. M. HIGH CO.

HOW MANY PERSONS ARE YOU?

The Strange Mental Cloud Which Came to Befog Holt, Whose Daring Attack on J. Pierpont Morgan Startled the World, Has Its Parallel in Many Persons, Who, Like "Alice," Are Victims of Weird and Abnormal Illusions

BY DELIA AUSTRIAN.

WITH the exception of the fictitious Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde, have you ever really heard of a person having two or three different selves all wrapped and veiled in one? There are people of such nature, and at times, for reasons physical, psychic, or both, the individual breaks down and the different personalities reveal themselves.

One of the best-known cases on record is Madame "B." Dr. Charcot's famous patient. She had two distinct personalities, each with different tastes and qualities, that were as opposite as if they belonged to two different persons.

Dumas, the great modern pathological psychologist, has had a number of such patients. An interesting case is that of a woman who under the control of one personality is a devoted and loving mother. Under the control of another she takes no interest in her offspring, and even displays dislike for them.

In this same category of psychological analysis is the case of Frank Holt and Erich Muenster. Undoubtedly in this case there was one individual with two or even three distinct personalities.

Holt's a Triple Personality.

Erich Muenster was a German who, after receiving his education in high school and gymnasium, came to the United States and settled in Chicago in 1890. He was graduated from the University of Chicago in 1890 and taught German first in Chicago and later at the University of Kansas. He married in 1902 and then went to teach at Harvard University. A baby was born to the couple in April, 1903, and Mrs. Muenster died mysteriously ten days later. Muenster was supposed to have poisoned his wife, and the Cambridge police formally accused him of murder.

When Muenster disappeared Holt appeared. He is said to have lived in Mexico as a stenographer and translator of German and Spanish in 1906. He also taught German in Guthrie, Okla. Two years later he entered the polytechnic college at Fort Worth, Texas, and was graduated in 1909. During the years 1909 and 1910 he was a member of the faculty of the universities of Oklahoma and Vanderbilt. He attended Cornell, and was to have taught in a Southern Methodist university at Dallas, Texas.

Muenster's career and dramatic suicide revealed him as a criminal of triple personality. To his friends and college associates he appeared as a mild-mannered scholar interested in his profession and having an unusual talent for languages.

Cure Possible by Hypnosis.

To those who knew him more intimately he appeared as a mystic absorbed in sex problems and questions of the soul. To his first wife's family and some of his most intimate friends Muenster appeared as a murderer. He was that cold-blooded type of man who could sit on the porch smoking a pipe while his wife and baby were inside asphyxiated by gas.

A thorough investigation of the records made by modern psychologists shows that these cases of multiple personality are much more frequent than one imagines. One of these we will call "the case of Alice." Alice developed four personalities, as the poses on this page show. Look at these illustrations. If you please, carefully.

The three young women are Alice, Bertha and Carrie. All three girls look alike and are dressed just alike because at one time there was only one girl called Alice, whom the models portray under different characters.

All went well until about two years ago, when Bertha and Carrie grew tired of being hidden from the world and friends under the guise of Alice. Until then Alice was a happy, care-free girl of 14. There was nothing unusual about this girl excepting that she had a great tendency because of her happy disposition and charming manner. Her time was divided between her studies and her friends. Alice was extremely precocious and was deep in

Alice is saved through hypnosis, by which all "personality" have to be treated.

her work in high school preparing for college when her health became impaired.

Meets Her Other Selves.

Neither she nor her mother gave any thought to her condition beyond observing that she was pale and nervous. Had it not been for the fact that in looking into the mirror one day she saw another girl as happy as she had been sullen, she might never have known about her second personality. Alice forgot this incident, only to recall it a few weeks later when she found herself in lively conversation with this same girl she had first met in the mirror. They were no longer on mere bowing terms, but good pals, and they were calling each other Alice and Bertha. Alice liked Bertha much better than she ever imagined she would and looked at her as a friend instead of in the light of a rival.

The two girls went further than flirting with each other in the mirror. They took long walks together, wrote confidential letters and confided their love affairs to each other. When they did not see each other they carried on their friendship by correspondence. All went well until Alice discovered that her friend was getting more attention and had more beaux. It was then and only then that Bertha was looked upon by Alice as a dangerous rival.

At the end of a three months' acquaintance they seldom met without quarrelling, and Alice never let the slightest occasion pass without writing some spiteful letter to her erstwhile friend. Sometimes Bertha let them pass unnoticed, but more often she answered coldly and politely, doing all she could to defend herself in a simple but determined fashion.

Alice also tried to wear an air of assumed politeness, but usually her frank

Carrie appears and, as a third personality, is too downcast to notice Alice and Bertha.

disposition got the better and she either snubbed her friend or challenged her to an open quarrel. When her words were not sharp enough she made faces at the other girl and even pinched her. Sometimes she actually mailed spiteful letters, and with glee awaited their arrival.

When not actually trying to taunt the other girl she tried her level best to make her jealous by assuming a coquettish and hilarious manner. She wore her smartest gowns, danced and sang and made every

Alice quarrels with Bertha and tears up friendly letters she has written her.

effort to be light-hearted and indifferent. It worked like a charm for a while and she thought that she had succeeded in making Bertha jealous, when it suddenly dawned on her that Alice annoyed her no less than Bertha. She was in too deep and serious a mood to enjoy Alice's whims and vagaries any more than she did Bertha's blunt and frank way. She was neither of these two now and called herself Carrie.

Though she was in too downcast and sullen a mood to quarrel with them, she let

Do Best Soldiers Have Dual Personality?

MILITARY observers and surgeons attached to the great armies now warring in Europe agree that soldiers everywhere are showing the effects of a strange phenomenon called the "hypnosis of battle." It is said that the soldier when in this state is controlled by his brutish personality and glories in killing. This state lasts two or three days at a time, sometimes longer. Then consciousness suddenly returns, usually accompanied by complete exhaustion.

While in the power of this peculiar mental control the soldier will not hesitate to occupy the most dangerous positions, and in a dull, stubborn manner will engage in charges and counter-charges so daring that they may be classed as reckless. It is found that often the soldier when obsessed with this personality of battle appears to suffer from hallucinatory delirium.

Authorities predict that this "spirit of Mars" will be a strong factor in determining the final outcome of the great struggle.

them know by words and action that she did not want much to do with either girl. Finally she became so listless that, though they appeared to her from time to time, she paid little heed to their coming and going. She left school, refused to read and be among her friends. Her chief recreation consisted of spending hours walking along the beach or in the woods.

The other two personalities came and went, but they had no existence for her. The family doctor pronounced the case one of strong melancholia, but he had little to say about the two other vague personalities that came and went and seemed to take possession of Alice from time to time.

Suddenly Alice grew desperately ill and her mother packed her up and hurried to Europe to consult some of the best specialists in England. A half-dozen or more nerve specialists were agreed that her case was a complete nervous breakdown, commonly called hysteria.

Becomes Ideal Patient.

The explanation of the case was told and retold, but not one of these eminent physicians made a permanent cure. In spite of the fact that they gave her rest cures and tried to treat her with cold water cures and hypoderm.

The mother then took Alice to Paris and her case seemed as hopeless until she met the great pathological psychologist George Dumas. He listened to her story patiently and after studying her movements he undertook to treat her by hypnosis. At first the work was slow but comparatively easy, for Alice was docile and frank in her dealings. When she was happy and contented she let her condition be known, and she made no effort to con-

He had no sooner built his hopes than another personality appeared whom he had never seen before. It was Alice's old friend Carrie, who was as sullen and somber as Bertha was subtle and gay. Dumas' work in hypnosis seemed to have no effect on her until Alice reappeared and made a desperate effort to worry and to antagonize Carrie.

Blending Four Personalities.

This was the doctor's chance to work quick and effectively. He went to work and tried to blend the two characters into one. At the end of two months the two girls were blended into one with certain definite qualities of each.

The new guest was far less moose than Carrie and less light-hearted than Alice. For more than a month the new girl seemed to control the situation, when Bertha appeared and tried to lord it over the new girl as she had done over Alice. The girl of the doctor's making, who was called Dora, for want of a better name, first paid no attention to her rival. Dr. Dumas, appreciating the honest effort Dora was making to control her rival, came to her aid and started hypnotizing Bertha as he had Carrie. He did not know if he had hypnotized her or wiped her out of existence, but in less than a month's time Bertha disappeared, leaving no bad effects behind. He did not know if the girl that remained was to be called Alice, Bertha, Carrie or Dora, or if she was the blending of all four personalities, but she was the perfectly natural and normal girl Alice was before she was attacked by the other personalities.

All of which left the puzzle of her existence as great as before.



Alice as her normal self.

Alice now assumes a flirtatious air—to taunt Bertha.

One day Alice looked in the mirror and discovered Bertha, her second personality.

Real the fact when she was blue and downcast.

When Bertha appeared and tried to lord it over Alice the case was difficult, but through the aid of hypnosis Dumas managed to check Bertha from getting the better of Alice and him. It was only when Alice disappeared from the stage completely and Bertha took complete control that the doctor was more baffled and found his work in hypnosis increase tenfold. Bertha was so "artfully artless" that it sometimes took weeks before Dumas brought her under hypnotic control.

Alice is on friendly terms with Bertha and writes her confidential letters.

L. J. CASSETT

Offers a two years' course leading to degree of LL.B. Diploma admits the bar without examination. For catalogue and information, address, HAMILTON DOUGLAS, Atlanta, Ga.

Williams-Thompson company, McCullough Bros.
Bell Bros., Empire Fruit company, Manhat-
tan Fruit company, Porter Bros., J. S. Davis
company, Lowry Fruit and Produce com-
pany, American Produce company, C. J.

EMERSON HOUGH (From the Scenario by GRACE (JONARD)

AUTHOR OF "THE LADY and the PIRATE," "JOHN RAWN," ETC.

COPYRIGHT, 1915 BY WRIGHT A. PATTERSON

FOURTH INSTALLMENT

SYNOPSIS

Kitty Gray, newspaper woman, finds in a curio shop half of a broken coin, the mutilated inscription on which arouses her curiosity and leads her, at the order of her managing editor, to go to the principality of Grotzboffen to piece out the story suggested by the inscription. She is followed, and on arrival in Grotzboffen adventures while chasing the secret of the broken coin begin.

CHAPTER XVI

If Your Majesty Please.

In full view of the spectators, who now had left the dancing floor, and gathered in groups at a respectful distance from royalty, Kitty received the envelope from the messenger—the same packet which she had herself sent to the palace that morning for delivery at midnight.

She did this with a fine air of innocence, for she felt quite sure that success now had met all her plans; nor did the outward appearance of the packet afford any reason to suspect otherwise.

Yet, even as she took the envelope in her hand, there came to her a sharp conviction that something was wrong. It had a strange lightness—it did not seem quite the same as when she herself had sealed it that morning. Hastily, she opened the envelope, her lips compressed. It was empty!

Yes, the mysterious coin was gone. Entrusted to the safest messenger she could find; sent to the king himself; received by the king's trusted official; guarded, as was to be supposed, every moment of the time since it had left her hands—none the less, the coin had disappeared as though some specter hand had abstracted it.

The blank look of surprise which came to her face was something not to be mistaken. King Michael frowned. "What is this, mademoiselle—are we made the subject of some sport? How now?"

Kitty stood regarding first one, then the next of the faces about her. On the countenance of Count Frederick she read only chagrin and surprise equal to her own. There was no trace of guilty knowledge there—she was sure of that. Then another hand had come into the game! Some other mind also was interested in the mysterious coin of Grotzboffen.

"What then, mademoiselle?" demanded Michael, himself not yet so fully advised as others regarding the nature of this packet which had been intended for him. "What was it that you were so good as to intend sending us?"

Kitty dared not answer this direct question. She concluded quickly that it would be far safer to add as little as possible to the number of those who knew the full story of her mission. "Your majesty," said she, turning upon him so dazzling a smile as would have made any man forget all else. "It was nothing! It was but a small favor I would have done for your majesty, since your majesty has done such honor to me tonight. Perhaps someone in my humble menage has been unfaithful—if so, it was but small loss after all. If your majesty will forget it and give me a few added days of grace, I will explain—I will try again, I hope with greater fortune."

Michael was ready enough to agree to anything which would bring Kitty to his side, his darling young creature who stood beside him.

"Very well, mademoiselle," said he, "as you like." A certain relief was felt by all concerned, as they were turned and made no interest in the leader of the orchestra, who stood, bowed, pleased.

"With us, excellenza!" The king offered his arm. The king and the young American, of whose origin he knew, and apparently cared to know, nothing whatever, were the observed of all. Michael at least could dance, and as for Kitty, she was an American girl.

As they swept on in the evolutions of the dance, Kitty caught sight of the dark face of Count Sasho. That she had earned this man's dislike, or at least, had deeply hurt his masculine vanity, Kitty was well enough aware. Yet it seemed this could not quite account for the strange expression on his face, as he gazed intently at her and her royal partner. She jumped at the conclusion that Sasho himself also had some interest—that or how much she could not divine—in this same troublesome coin. Yes, Sasho also had been an observer in this little drama but now enacted. He was watching her, she knew.

As for King Michael, he was extraordinarily sober; which, in his case, was equivalent to saying that he was not extraordinarily happy.

Count Frederick evaded the interest of the king. Unwillingly he turned away his eyes from the beautiful figure of the young American as she danced. He never had seen a woman who thrilled him thus. He himself did not dance. This was no evening of pleasure for him. He had other plans.

Count Frederick started toward the door before a second thought came to his mind. If there should for any reason be miscarriage of his plans—if there should be need for the greater delay before his final overt act was committed—then he ought to have a care to retain some footing in the king's good graces. Because, revolution or no revolution, the king of Grotzboffen was not without having unless its owner had both halves of this missing coin. Frederick cared not to be a penniless king, and only the united coin could give any king of Grotzboffen actual wealth and actual power.

The murmurs of the people, vague, indefinite, had from time to time been audible at the open door of the grand entrance.

"Why do you stare while they dance?" They began to edge towards the palace steps, a dark, dense mass. The soldiery were not eager to oppose them with steel. The soldiers were themselves of the people. Moreover, they had had small cause for loyalty to the king and court of Grotzboffen. They were ill paid and ill governed. The people lacked leadership. Count Frederick had binged his own plans of action upon one event—the public disgrace of the king—and that event had not occurred.

He frowned as he stood looking out over the dense mass which filled the streets. Even he began to feel, almost a slight of the sort of a vague pity for these unfortunate ones.

Still over the voice of the strings and reeds rose the low mutterings of the mob, strange to hear, impossible to describe.

King Michael heaved this sound. All heard it, this voice of the people, as yet undecided. The king's face paled—terror smote home upon his soul. The courage of his usual alcoholic stim-

lant being tonight denied him, his weak nerves gave way.

He saw Count Frederick, now returning to the salon, from the great entrance door. The latter saw the terror of his monarch's face, and recognized on the instant the opportunity for himself to strengthen his own position in the king's good graces.

"Your majesty," exclaimed the astute nobleman, now advancing and offering his hand, "forgive me! I was in fault today in my conduct toward your majesty. 'Twas but a mad jest of my own. Give me but opportunity to prove my loyalty to your person and our country, and you shall not find me lacking. The people are about us—yes, it is true—there is danger of revolt, of revolution. I shall not attempt to deny that; but give me

Kitty turned toward him calmly. "If I might ask one of you gentlemen to secure my car for me?" Count Frederick smiled and bowed as he turned away.

But Kitty was not so soon to leave the great salon of the palace that night. She passed toward the entrance slowly, caught in the crush and confusion of others who were crowding out in the fiasco of the much-maligned black and white ball. For the time, she found herself in the shelter of a great column, where she was willing enough to pause. As she halted here she heard voices just behind her—some deep voice, which it seemed to her she had surely heard before.

"It is a pity that the affair did not come off tonight, your excellency," she heard another whisper hoarsely. "We have everything in our own hands

he kept half the deed for himself, or for the man who was to stand for himself. In some way he meant to give the people the other half—that is to say, the other half of the indenture went somewhere, no one to this day can guess where—except myself!

"These papers of old told of the torture chamber somewhere under the fort. Our maps cover that, but they do not mark the spot of the treasure's hiding. Only the old coin restored, indenture to indenture—the one half to the other—ever can settle that."

"Now, look here, my friend," Count Sasho held up before him a little object, which caused Kitty to start where she stood.

It was the king's coin! Yes, there was the half coin which she with her own hands had sent

own car to pass around the block and stop in front of Count Frederick's palace. This was done in the nick of time; for now, as they passed at lower speed, in order to have time for such examination as they cared to make of the exterior, they saw a man in some sort of official uniform walking from the front down the driveway for the side entrance of the great building.

"Stop," cried Kitty to Rolean—"I know that man—that is the friend of Sasho! I saw the two of them together last night. It was to him Sasho showed the coin. I heard him tell this man where the missing half was. Rolean, that man has gone to get Count Frederick's half of the coin!"

"Certainly, excellenza," said the stolid Rolean. "Count Sasho also means to put this and that together, does he not? What can we do? Is your excellency going to try to make more entrance into Count Frederick's house?"

"Yes," said Kitty. "Come—let us see if we can trace where that man is going."

Once more these two presented themselves at the door of Count Frederick's abode, and were admitted without question.

The two passed without detection through the main hall to the passage way which Kitty knew so well. They followed down this narrow hall, suspecting that the destination of the man whom they had seen about to enter was none less than Count Frederick's little chamber.

Their suspicion was correct. Even as they approached they heard someone in the room who had arrived before themselves. Rolean, followed closely by Kitty, stepped up to the door—peered in, and gave one mighty bound.

In the powerful hands of Rolean, the stranger, taken by surprise, was helpless. Rolean clasped a hand over his mouth, another to his throat, and held him until he himself made the sign of submission. "Silence!" barked Rolean. "Don't move—one word of alarm and I will end you!"

"What are you doing here?" demanded Kitty virtuously—"what do you seek—tell me!"

The man, gone silent now, looked from one to the other, and knowing well enough what failure would mean for him, refused to speak. "Well, whatever it was," said he at length, "I have not found it. At least, you came too soon."

"I will tell you, excellenza," said Rolean at length. "It will do us no special good to have him join your party of which we know. I will hint up to you, if your excellency will allow me."

Accordingly he did bind the traitor official of Grotzboffen neck and crop.

"Quick!" said Kitty. Stealing away silently they left the door locked and took with them the key.

CHAPTER XVII

At Count Sasho's Lodge.

Such speed did Rolean manage to get out of his own car that Kitty and he arrived at the hunting lodge of Count Sasho well in advance of all others bound thither that eventful morning.

Kitty and Rolean moved about very much as they pleased after their entry. It pleased them best to hide themselves in a small room adjacent to the main hall where they fancied the main events of the day would perhaps find enactment. A door and window made connection between these two rooms, and behind the door, which Rolean and Kitty they fancied they could be sufficiently concealed.

But there were others who had an interest in the events to occur in the hunting lodge of Count Sasho that morning. The handsome, dark, mysterious coin was expanding, drawing in yet others. Hardly had Kitty and Rolean secreted themselves before they heard footfalls under the window of the gallery which ran along the side of the chateau. They wondered who might be the author and what his purpose.

It was somewhat later before they heard the mingling of voices and the sound of footfalls, which announced the arrival of another party in the main room.

"Rudolph!" exclaimed Count Sasho. "Why has he not come? What has gone wrong?"

But none could explain to him why Rudolph had not arrived—nor at the time did either Kitty or Rolean know who or what Rudolph might be—although, as a matter of fact, it was he whom they themselves had seen last night in the hall of Count Frederick's palace. Nor could any of these present know that before this time Count Frederick himself, returning to his palace, had found Rolean there, bound and gagged, in his own private apartment. The man had made such excuses as he could by declaring that he had been robbed and thrown in the room by a ruffian, assisted by a beautiful woman. As Count Frederick, finding on the floor of his own apartment a tiny handkerchief, had needed scarce more than one guess as to who that young woman had been.

But as to all these side scenes which had been enacted, Count Sasho was altogether ignorant. Wherefore he now walked up and down, now claiming his own doubts. His irritation was obvious enough to Kitty as she peered through the veiled curtain and strained her ears to learn what he was saying.

Even as she stood intent on what was going on in the main room, Rolean close at her side, also absorbed—the author of the stealthy footfalls on the gallery below—left her to him why Rudolph had not arrived—nor at the time did either Kitty or Rolean know who or what Rudolph might be—although, as a matter of fact, it was he whom they themselves had seen last night in the hall of Count Frederick's palace. Nor could any of these present know that before this time Count Frederick himself, returning to his palace, had found Rolean there, bound and gagged, in his own private apartment. The man had made such excuses as he could by declaring that he had been robbed and thrown in the room by a ruffian, assisted by a beautiful woman. As Count Frederick, finding on the floor of his own apartment a tiny handkerchief, had needed scarce more than one guess as to who that young woman had been.

But as to all these side scenes which had been enacted, Count Sasho was altogether ignorant. Wherefore he now walked up and down, now claiming his own doubts. His irritation was obvious enough to Kitty as she peered through the veiled curtain and strained her ears to learn what he was saying.

Even as she stood intent on what was going on in the main room, Rolean close at her side, also absorbed—the author of the stealthy footfalls on the gallery below—left her to him why Rudolph had not arrived—nor at the time did either Kitty or Rolean know who or what Rudolph might be—although, as a matter of fact, it was he whom they themselves had seen last night in the hall of Count Frederick's palace. Nor could any of these present know that before this time Count Frederick himself, returning to his palace, had found Rolean there, bound and gagged, in his own private apartment. The man had made such excuses as he could by declaring that he had been robbed and thrown in the room by a ruffian, assisted by a beautiful woman. As Count Frederick, finding on the floor of his own apartment a tiny handkerchief, had needed scarce more than one guess as to who that young woman had been.

But as to all these side scenes which had been enacted, Count Sasho was altogether ignorant. Wherefore he now walked up and down, now claiming his own doubts. His irritation was obvious enough to Kitty as she peered through the veiled curtain and strained her ears to learn what he was saying.

Even as she stood intent on what was going on in the main room, Rolean close at her side, also absorbed—the author of the stealthy footfalls on the gallery below—left her to him why Rudolph had not arrived—nor at the time did either Kitty or Rolean know who or what Rudolph might be—although, as a matter of fact, it was he whom they themselves had seen last night in the hall of Count Frederick's palace. Nor could any of these present know that before this time Count Frederick himself, returning to his palace, had found Rolean there, bound and gagged, in his own private apartment. The man had made such excuses as he could by declaring that he had been robbed and thrown in the room by a ruffian, assisted by a beautiful woman. As Count Frederick, finding on the floor of his own apartment a tiny handkerchief, had needed scarce more than one guess as to who that young woman had been.

But as to all these side scenes which had been enacted, Count Sasho was altogether ignorant. Wherefore he now walked up and down, now claiming his own doubts. His irritation was obvious enough to Kitty as she peered through the veiled curtain and strained her ears to learn what he was saying.

(To Be Continued.)



1—In the Powerful Hands of Rolean the Stranger Was Helpless.

Leave to handle them, your majesty, and I promise you safety. I promise you to send them away."

"You are indeed, my friend, after all, Count Frederick," exclaimed Michael. "What you counsel seems wise. Use your own discretion, but disperse them—disperse them!"

"Looking from one to the other, Kitty Gray saw that seemed to her the pitiable spectacle of a king so weak as to lack confidence in his own powers, so unkindly as to resort to the aid of a man whom but now he had been willing to call his enemy. A genuine contempt for him overcame her, as she stood, a look of appraising seriousness upon her face.

"Perhaps your majesty will care no more for the dance," said she. "Since the people seem to be discontented, and are not to join us in this enjoyment, perhaps your majesty soon will retire?"

Yes, yes, excellenza, we soon will retire from the dance. The face of Michael was flattered. It seemed to her that a trifle more and he would have shed tears!

Count Frederick hastened to address the people, who now had gathered as to where more next to make. His own agents had been among the people, and had made known his own plans. Yet here was their master, evidently, for some reason, disinclined to give the word for actual outbreak, and now counselling calm, consideration, dispersal.

"My good people," began he, as he stood at the head of the great stairway above them—"my majesty thanks you for the honor you have done him in coming out upon this occasion. He himself has found great pleasure in coming here to meet you tonight, although he arose from a sick bed to do so. He wishes you to be calm in these stirring days. He has planned this great ball in order that you might see the equality of his own soul in these events, so difficult alike for a king and his people to endure. Therefore, remain loyal to your king, whom I represent before you. The ballroom soon will be cleared. Let the streets also be cleared. Go to your homes. Wait, and depend on us who have your true welfare at heart!"

There surged up to him now the figures of more than one man, some in uniform, from places in the throng, in the street. "What is it—what is wrong—why do we not have the king to march on the palace?" they demanded eagerly.

"All is wrong," whispered Count Frederick to the king. "For some reason, best known to himself, the king is not drunk tonight, but sober. His people are not turned against him—on the contrary, they seem to respect him more than they have done for months—there would be division among them if we started open revolt now."

"Here, take this my friend," he added, and stripped himself of some considerable sums he had brought with him. "It is all I have. Give it to those who need it most. Take them away from here—let them go to the drinking places. See that these places are filled now, and that the toast shall be, 'Long Live King Michael!'"

"We may not yet cry 'Long Live King Michael!'"

The nobleman shook his head. "Not yet," said he. "They still shall cry 'Long Live King Michael!'"

That will do for the time at least."

Count Frederick returned through the great entrance and rejoined King Michael where he stood. "Your majesty," said he, "your people are returning to their homes."

"Frederick, my friend, my savior!" The weak king, his features working, grasped the hands of the stronger man. "You tell me they will disperse?"

"Even now they do so, your majesty."

Kitty, by this time somewhat forgotten in the king's vacillating mind, stood looking from one to the other of these two. As she read the situation, it carried somewhat of defeat to her. An instant ago she herself had dominated the scene. Other-wise now, for Count Frederick gave her a somewhat sarcastic smile. It was the time of his triumph and of her discomfiture.

"Mademoiselle is distraught!" said he. "She is not dancing—she will return to her hotel, perhaps? What can one do for mademoiselle?"

2—"Come to Me Tomorrow at My Hunting Lodge."

now. I have all the plans of the fortifications, the maps of the avenue, the specifications for each street crossing. It would have been entirely simple for the army of Grotzboffen to march through this ramshackle city as it liked."

"Yes!" broke in the deep voice which haunted Kitty's memory. "I suppose so; but what would we do if we could not pay our troops the next day? How much better off than Grotzboffen would then be our own case? No, Frederick is right in his main plan. The throne alone is worth nothing—it is worthless in his kingdom or in our kingdom or in any other—a poverty-stricken kingdom is no business for any man. Why have you not a diagram of the treasury's burial place—with that, now, the matter would be somewhat different tonight."

"Fie!" she heard the other voice whisper. Apparently warned, at least, by their suspicion, they moved away, although Kitty shifted her own position so that her presence was not known.

Was it Count Sasho's voice she had heard—was he, the king's friend, Count Frederick's friend, the worst traitor of all, and was he also plotting for the restoration of the two lost bits of Grotzboffen coin?

Which way should she turn now? To Frederick? Impossible. To Michael? Equally impossible. The two men whose talk she had overheard, passed now from behind the pillar toward the interior of the palace. Apparently they were known and welcome, for surely they were not stopped by any of the king's guards or chamberlains, and Kitty herself, equally well identified, passed readily just behind them.

Kitty needed but one glance at the man she trailed to see it was indeed Count Sasho whose voice she heard.

The men passed now to a little room at one side of the main hall, which traversed the portion of the palace. A window and a door, both lightly curtained, opened from the hall within. Kitty, as she drew up, could see them now—Sasho, and one whose identity she did not know.

"Listen now," she heard Count Sasho's voice boom out, since here they felt themselves quite safe from intrusion; "listen, while I tell you what is the real key to all these matters. It is this document, bearing on the missing treasure of old King Michael. He died rich, but like a miser, he hid his gold. He left a clue, yes—he has told you all of that. That clue was the broken coin."

"Listen now," she heard Count Sasho's voice boom out, since here they felt themselves quite safe from intrusion; "listen, while I tell you what is the real key to all these matters. It is this document, bearing on the missing treasure of old King Michael. He died rich, but like a miser, he hid his gold. He left a clue, yes—he has told you all of that. That clue was the broken coin."

"Listen now," she heard Count Sasho's voice boom out, since here they felt themselves quite safe from intrusion; "listen, while I tell you what is the real key to all these matters. It is this document, bearing on the missing treasure of old King Michael. He died rich, but like a miser, he hid his gold. He left a clue, yes—he has told you all of that. That clue was the broken coin."

"Listen now," she heard Count Sasho's voice boom out, since here they felt themselves quite safe from intrusion; "listen, while I tell you what is the real key to all these matters. It is this document, bearing on the missing treasure of old King Michael. He died rich, but like a miser, he hid his gold. He left a clue, yes—he has told you all of that. That clue was the broken coin."

"Listen now," she heard Count Sasho's voice boom out, since here they felt themselves quite safe from intrusion; "listen, while I tell you what is the real key to all these matters. It is this document, bearing on the missing treasure of old King Michael. He died rich, but like a miser, he hid his gold. He left a clue, yes—he has told you all of that. That clue was the broken coin."

"Listen now," she heard Count Sasho's voice boom out, since here they felt themselves quite safe from intrusion; "listen, while I tell you what is the real key to all these matters. It is this document, bearing on the missing treasure of old King Michael. He died rich, but like a miser, he hid his gold. He left a clue, yes—he has told you all of that. That clue was the broken coin."

3—Slowly, Deliberately, He Raised His Right Hand Above the Unsuspecting Girl.

for delivery to the king on the dancing floor at midnight that night—and Count Sasho, by means which he only knew, had been the thief! It now was plain to her. Here was one more claimant for the treasure of the dead king of Grotzboffen.

Count Sasho went on. "This is one-half only of the coin. Alone, it does not serve. I know well enough where lies the other half. Within the next twenty-four hours I will have it—will have both halves within my own hands. Then, my friend, we shall see what we shall see! Events will happen which will surprise this part of the world, at least."

"Come to me tomorrow at my hunting lodge in the forest, at the edge of the neutral lands. That is the rendezvous of the other half of the coin. I shall seek a messenger to secure it. I know well enough how. Have our men there, for I, Count Sasho, will be prepared to show them all the reading of a riddle which has puzzled both these kingdoms for so long."

It is my fault, your majesty," said Count Frederick. "I promised to secure for her a car, but for the time I lost sight of her. The confusion has been so great that it has been difficult to find service of the usual sort."

An attendant of the palace escorted her to her car—willing enough to conclude the events of the day.

"Tomorrow," said she to herself, as at length she composed herself for a brief slumber—"tomorrow I must be at the hunting lodge of Count Sasho once more!"

CHAPTER XVI

Another Seeks the Coin.

Debarred by his own station in life from participating in any such function as the state ball, the faithful Rolean had contented himself as best might be by remaining at the hotel until the return of his mistress. By morning, as soon as he got word of her presence in her apartments, he sent word that he was in readiness to be at her commands.

"Rolean," she said to him when they met, "listen. We have still more to do. There is still another journey across the desert."

"Whither, excellenza?" inquired Rolean.

"To the hunting lodge of the Count Sasho—the same place where you and I took the part of two horse thieves, Rolean!"

A few moments later the two, once more provided with a speedy motor car, were on their way down the avenues of the capital.

"I think it might be well to drive past the two palaces," said Kitty Gray. "We might pick up some news there. First, let us go to the palace of Count Frederick—perhaps he is not out of this early."

But early though it was, Count Frederick was still—was indeed ready for the street apparently as was also his guest, Count Sasho. Even as Kitty's car swept by the palace front they saw the count and Sasho step into their own car, which was waiting for them at the curb.

"Quick!" said Kitty, sinking back deeper in the seat that she might not be observed. "Drive around the block. Don't let them see me." She motioned also to Rolean to conceal himself as best he might. Their own car, swinging around the corner, gave way for the vehicle of Count Frederick, which sped on down the street.

Once more, still undisturbed, Kitty directed her

ated, of superior medicinal quality. Write for booklet.

B. F. EAKLE, Manager,
Sweet Chalybeate, Va.

Yonah Lodge
Beautifully Situated
In the Famous Nacooche Valley.

A cool, refreshing place for the summer vacation. Delightful rambles, fishing, bathing, driving, excellent table. Rates reasonable.

SOCIAL LIFE IN MACON

Beautiful Women Spies

More Dangerous, Harder to Capture and They Die Just as Bravely as Men

Some of the Most Ingenious Plots to Obtain and Convey Plans Hatched in the Present War Have Been Traced to Them—And Their Perpetrators Have Suffered the Death Penalty

SOME of the most thrilling chapters in the history of the world's wars are those in which women have played a conspicuous part. The stories of their escapades in the role of spies in many cases baffle the ingenious imaginations of such authors as Jules Verne and H. G. Wells, and are far too intricate and complex for the art of the cinematograph actor.

Women of a certain type of mind and character lend themselves admirably to the precarious and highly dangerous profession, and their services have been retained by many of the continental powers. In peace, as well as in war, they carry on their work, and are far more dangerous and far less subject to capture than their male colleagues.

British Deport "Beauty Specialist."

Mme. Bertha Trost, declared by British officials to be the most dangerous spy in the world, has just been deported from England as a German spy. For thirty years, according to the Scotland Yard officials who have been investigating her career, she has lived in England in expensive apartments that were far beyond her visible income.

During most of that period she operated an exclusive little beauty parlor that served rather to place her in touch with titled English women than increase her revenue. As months went on influential women fell deeper and deeper into her debt. Although Mme. Trost never de-



SEMMIE E. EDMONDS, One of the Most Famous Woman Spies of History, Served the Union Forces During the Civil War. Here She Is Shown Disguised as a Negro Studying the Fortifications of the Confederate Army at Yorktown. She Worked on the Breastworks Until Her Hands Were Blistered From Her Wrists to the Finger Ends.

manded payment she revealed an insatiable curiosity—a curiosity that dealt largely with affairs of state. The women who had revealed their physical ailments to Mme. Trost feared to refuse and—Well, Mme. Trost is charged with obtaining any information she desired.

Long before the war, say the English, Germany employed hundreds of feminine spies—beautiful society women, in many cases. These women have played important parts in the present campaign.

One System Detailed.

Here is a typical case as cited in London: By accident a woman handed a sentry the very note that she was to have given to the Germans, in mistake for the permit that she had to show in order to cross the bridge between Varangville and St. Nicholas. She was charged before a court of war and later executed.

Another woman dropped a letter, which read: "Hurry up; the Twentieth Corps arrives this evening." She dropped it at the gates of Nancy, and was straightway arrested. During the battle of the Aisne a woman was one night discovered signaling from a window to the Germans by means of an electric torch.

Attached to the garrison at Posen was a young officer named Schorveder, who was very poor. He was deeply in love with a named Ida Muller, but, owing to his poverty, the prospect of their getting married was very remote. The lovers' trouble was known to a Russian secret agent, who approached the lieutenant and offered him \$25,000 for a plan of the fortress of Posen. Dazzled by this offer, the lieutenant agreed, but he found it difficult to carry out his task. His sweetheart then suggested a "making way out of the difficulty."

"You will tattoo a plan of the fortress on my back," she said. "I shall easily be able to travel to Russia with it without being discovered."

They carried out their fantastic idea successfully, but the silly extravagance in which the newly wedded couple indulged after the girl returned to Posen aroused suspicion, and they were both arrested. During our civil war S. Emma E. Edmonds was on the field and participated in numerous battles—among them the first and second Bull Run, Williamsburg, Fair Oaks, the Seven Days in front of Richmond, Antietam and Fredericksburg—serving in the capacity of spy and field nurse for more than two years. While in the secret service as a spy she penetrated the lines of the Confederate army no less than eleven times

The Pretty Duchess of Sutherland, One of Several Women of English Nobility Who Are Acting as "Spy Trappers" in the Present War. They Have Induced Englishmen to Discharge All Help Whose Sympathies, as Ascertained by the Women, Are With the Enemy.

always with complete success and without detection.

There is the story on record of a German woman, Fraulein Petsche, who succeeded in giving considerable assistance to

the Prussians in their war with France. Attired as a simple and innocent French peasant woman, she managed to elude the French sentries and enter the camp. No one suspected she was a spy, and, being a

woman of rather attractive looks and able to converse fluently in French, she succeeded in captivating the heart of several soldiers. While in the camp she gave considerable assistance to the men, and even

"The Officer Was Offered \$25,000 for a Plan of the Fortress of Posen. He Agreed and His Sweetheart Suggested a Cunning Way Out of the Difficulty. 'You Shall Tattoo a Plan of the Fortress on My Back,' She Said. 'I Shall Easily Be Able to Travel to Russia With It.'"

bribe to minister to the sick and wounded. When the fighting relaxed a little she made violent love to a young captain. This was all for a purpose.

The captain was commanded to undertake dispatch duty, and was sent by MacMahon with letters to Basilio, with whose forces MacMahon was endeavoring to unite. It was natural that the young dispatch rider should desire to bid farewell to his new sweetheart. They left the camp together, the captain leading his horse, and they walked to a considerable distance from the view of the outposts. It was beginning to get dark, and under the cover of the trees the woman took the opportunity of securing the officer's message.

Pretending to feel the parting keenly, she commenced to weep, and, pulling out a handkerchief, clapped it over the captain's face. He immediately became insensible and fell to the ground. With desperate haste the woman must have forced a phial of poison into his mouth, and rode away with the dispatch toward the German camp. That incident took place near Metz, and the Prussians afterward rapidly advanced and won the battles of Vionville, Mars-la-Tour and Gravelotte, where, at the latter battle, the woman, while preparing for another expedition, was wounded and died an hour later, on Aug. 18, 1870.



MME. BERTHA TROST, London Beauty Specialist Who Just Has Been Expelled From England as a Dangerous German Agent. She Is Said to Be the Most Adroit Spy in the World.



Wet Weather Creates Anxious Bidders for Corn and Wheat—Heavy Interior Offerings Curb Corn.

Black rust had a bullish effect today on wheat. The outlook was a narrow close at 1-1/2 to 3-3/8 above last night. Corn finished 1-4 off to 1-4 up, oats at 1-1/2 to 1-1/4 above last night. The market with losses of 5 to 5 1/2-2.

Wheat tended upward almost constantly during the day. Shorter shorts were flurried in particular by rains that have been interfering with grain harvesting in the West. The market made a final hardening in the July option.

Barley and rye made similar offerings seemed to affect the influence of wheat strength.

Like wheat, developed notable strength on account of the general rains.

Producers received inadequate support.

Chicago Closures

Range	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
WHEAT—					
Sept.	1.12	1.14	1.11	1.14	1.10
July	1.17	1.19	1.15	1.17	1.09
Sept.	.80	.81	.80	.81	.80
CORN—					
Sept.	.74	.75	.74	.75	.73
Sept.	.74	.75	.74	.75	.73

[illegible]

St. Louis, July 24.—Wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.14; No. 2 hard, nominal; July, \$1.12½; September, \$1.06.
Corn, No. 2, 81½¢. No. 2 white, 82¢, July, 80½¢, September, 78½¢.
Oats, No. 2, 52½¢. No. 2 white, 58½¢, July, 56½¢, September, 56½¢.

Kansas City, July 24.—Wheat, No. 2 hard, \$1.01½; No. 2 white, \$1.16½; No. 2 mixed, 78½¢. No. 2 white, 78½¢; No. 2 yellow, 79½¢@80.
Oats, No. 2 white, 51½¢@52¢; No. 2 mixed, 46½¢@47½¢.

[illegible][illegible]

October		6.98 @ 41	4.18 @ 6.12
November		6.97 @ 40	4.16 @ 6.11
December		6.97 @ 42	4.15 @ 6.13
January		6.97 @ 41	4.15 @ 6.12
February		6.23 @ 40	5.23 @ 42
Ten steady; major 1.10.			

Sugar.

New York July 24.—Sugar futures were full and featureless today. The closing quiet, 1- to 2-cent higher, sales, 150 ctn.

Range in New York futures Saturday:

January		2.88 1/2c	Open.
February		2.88 1/2c	Close.
March		2.90 1/2c	2.90 1/2c
April		2.91 1/2c	4.13 @ 1.14
May		3.10 1/2c	3.10 @ 1.20
June		3.10 1/2c	3.10 @ 1.20
July		3.10 1/2c	3.10 @ 1.20
August		3.10 1/2c	3.10 @ 1.20
September		3.10 1/2c	3.10 @ 1.20
October		3.10 1/2c	3.10 @ 1.20
November		3.10 1/2c	3.10 @ 1.20
December		3.10 1/2c	3.10 @ 1.20

Metals.

NEW YORK July 24.—Copper, steel, electrolytic, \$19.90 @ 18.50. Iron, unchanged.

ACCOUNTANT
Company of the South
ATLANTA

RDSON & CO.
C ACCOUNTANTS
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

& COMPANY
ARCHANTS
ge, New Orleans Cotton Exchange
ool Cotton Association
CT, NEW YORK
otton for future delivery. Liberal
elivery. Correspondence invited.
Building, Atlanta.

The Housekeeper's Council Table

A Page of Practical Talks On the Home,
Conducted by Dorothy Dolan

Heart to Heart Chat by Vivian

GO BACK, if you will, please, aided by memory, to your own sweet childhood days. They were happy, oh, so happy, notwithstanding the simple cottage or even humble farmhouse in which you were born and spent at least part of your girlhood. Those simple gingham frocks and blue calico aprons were in tune, they increased the charm and beauty of those simple surroundings.

There were splendid riches in those days, because you were not only one selfish and lonely child. There were half a dozen or at least that number of older and younger brothers and sisters. What a splendid crew of jolly youngsters you all were together. Yes, every last one of you, including big brother Bill, Tom and George, against Helen, Kate, Alice and perhaps Louise. What splendid pals you all were together. You smile as I call you pals and you remember the daily frocks in which two at least and sometimes the whole set and seven were engaged in one deadly encounter. These were merely passing differences, and you came out better and stronger friends. You could not keep all your toys, and when you outgrew your pretty frocks and coats they were passed down to the younger children. You need not worry about this incident, because the younger children were happily awaiting their splendid heritage.

Toys of Childhood.

No less was true of the books and the toys. When you finished reading your fairy tales, your "Robinson Crusoe," "Dickens and George Eliot," they were not stowed away in the nursery closet or in the garret, never to be used again. In spite of the marked passages and folded corners they were enjoyed by one and all. The marked passages you made were an indication of joy to the younger children as they read and enjoyed the same things that you had read and enjoyed a year or two before. It was all true of the building blocks, dolls, tin soldiers and mechanical toys. They were used and enjoyed by one and all. When you played snow balls, climbed fences and coasted downhill on a small sled or on a large toboggan it was not one lonely child trying to amuse itself alone. It was a live, large, lively crew, whose numbers grew daily through the assistance of cousins and friends.

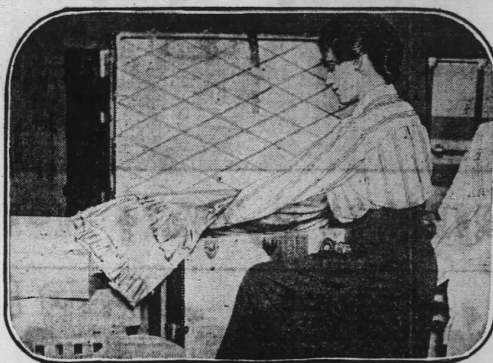
You six or seven were a great responsibility to father and promised plenty of work for mother, but they did not seem to mind as long as you were well and happy. Why should they have minded, for they shared and enjoyed your pleasures with you. Although mother's days were crowded with toil, keeping all her darlings clean and the house in order, she found plenty of time to play with you indoors and out. If you recall the stories that are dearest to you now and are still fresh in your memory you will see that those were the favorite stories mother told you time and again when you were a child. Father had to listen to the boys in shoes and stockings, which were out so rapidly, and to get new frocks for the girls, which they seemed to outgrow overnight.

Parties Were Rare.

There were not parties and celebrations day in and day out, but when they came they were planned with care and were so delightful that they were not easily forgotten. You might have forgotten most of these facts altogether if it were not for the older people, who love to tell of the days when they were young. Look now into your own daily existence. The halls are lonely and the large, well equipped nursery is bare. There is not a child's happy voice to be heard. Yes, there comes one little, sunken smile or perhaps two quivering lips worried and fretting to death because they lack companionship of brothers and sisters. They get tired of their own companionship and the neighbor's child cannot be with your own little darlings all the time.

Somewhere you tire of the nursery and your lovely home no less quickly than does your child. Your household responsibilities are easily taken care of and most of your recreation is enjoyed outside of your large and airy home. You are cheating yourself no less than your own child of her natural heritage. You are eager to keep young for many years and you hope that the bloom will not readily fade from your lovely face. How true that God has covered the earth with flowers and grass so that it will ever be young and He expects you to fill your home with happy, loving children for the same purpose. This is the privilege of motherhood, the richest heritage the world knows and shall ever know. Grasp it before it is too late.

How to Pack the Vacation Trunk—Minimize the Worry And Use System to Get the Maximum of Recreation



Place the Soft, Fluffy Petticoats on Top.

Much of Your Pleasure Depends Upon the Attention Given to This Preliminary Work and You Can Scarcely Give It Too Much Time.

By DOROTHY DOLAN.

HAVE you ever known a woman who planned her vacation with exquisite care? She knew weeks ahead where she was going; she bought and made herself the prettiest and most modish kind of summer frocks. In spite of all this thought and effort her summer outing was only half a success, because she did not have the right kind of trunk and she did not understand the art of packing those she had.

I have seen more than one woman put twice as much in a trunk as it could possibly hold, and notwithstanding that she pushed the clothes down deep into the trays and sat on the lid of the trunk, she had the pleasure of repacking the trunk before it could be completely closed.

Packing Easily Learned.

However splendid the trip you have planned and anticipated may be it will lose much of its charm and pleasure if you go through any such experience as I have described. It does not take genius to learn the art of packing a trunk easily and quickly, but it does take some common sense and reflection.

You may boast of having packed your trunk successfully at the eleventh hour; if this happens put it down to chance and not to good judgment. If you have the old-fashioned type of trunk, the more need of your packing it carefully. A day before setting to work you had better take your dresses and suits out of closets and look them over for repairs. This will save you just so much time and labor when you start off on your holiday.

Give each dress a careful brushing and sort them. By doing this you will weed out those you do not actually need, which means that either they will go back into a packing trunk or into your closets.

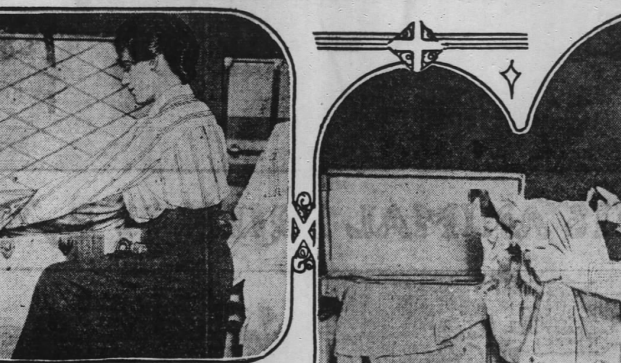
Be sure to put the heavy things at the bottom. If it is possible, put forms in all your shoes, and should you not have enough keep those you have for your low shoes and handsome evening slippers.

You can either buy or make shoe backs of cretonne or colored linen. The prettiest are trimmed with a bit of hand embroidery. A simple substitute for bags is silk tissue paper. Be sure to wrap your bottles in some old chemise or anything soft. Likewise put your raincoat, books and umbrellas at the bottom.

Heavy Garments Next.

The heavy coats and skirts come next. Fold your skirts where they will not show the crease, providing your trunk is not a full skirt length. This readily done by folding back the part above the hip line. You will surely create your skirts by folding them down the center. It goes without saying that the heavy skirts should rest at the bottom and the light, soft ones on top or in one of your trays.

The waists to your dresses and the blouses are to be put into a separate tray or trays. If you want good waists to keep their shape, fill the neck and sleeves with tissue paper; you need not pack it tight. These waists will stay clean and be kept from getting mussed by covering them with a



Hats Are Not Crashed in the Spacious Boxes Now Provided in the Vacation Trunks.

small sheet of linen or cretonne. A few sheets of silk paper make a fairly good substitute. Keep the small side trays for hats, scarfs, gloves and handkerchiefs. You will do well to lay your gloves and delicate scarfs in bags or in handkerchiefs and glove cases.

Since hats are either large or of a peculiar shape, it is well to have a hat trunk. Because if you do not need the entire trunk for hats the space left over can be utilized for shoes and odds and ends.

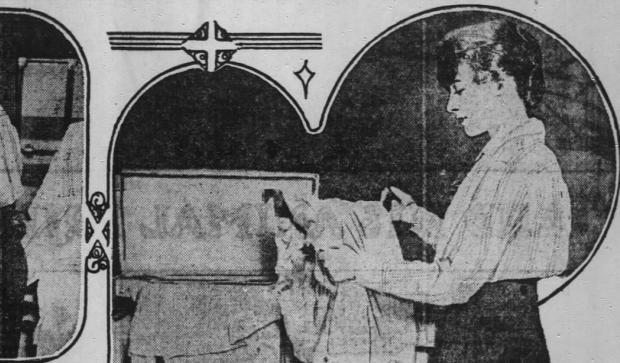
Whether you pack your hats into the old-fashioned trunk or have a special trunk for them, give as much care to them as you do to your dresses. A good arrangement is to lay the large hats below and the small and flimsy ones on top. The only way to keep the hats firm is by pinning them to the cushions with a number of cheap hatpins. By pinning them firm they will be protected from any amount of jarring they may get.

Hat Trunk Convenient.

If you are making a trip for a week or two you can use a hat trunk as a good substitute for a large trunk or a more modern innovation trunk. The upper tray can be utilized for blouses and outing skirts. You can slip the shoe bags into the corners without spoiling your hats by exerting a little care.

Still, if you want to travel in real comfort, enjoy the wardrobe trunk of the most improved kind. It will save you a great deal of time and worry when it comes to the packing and unpacking.

The body part of this trunk is studded with hangers and folders so that the gowns are hung and laid in the most convenient way. The blouse and skirt of the same costume are hung close together. There is a nickel rack



On These Hangers the Dainty Dresses Are as Well Preserved as at Home.

for the one piece dresses and they can stay there weeks at a time without being mussed. In this sort of trunk you can pack your gowns very closely without any fear of their getting crushed.

The best equipped of these have a compartment below in which you can pack three or four pairs of shoes and slippers. Then there are two large drawers, one for handsome waists and the other for your best underwear. There is a large deep drawer with an adjustable cushion for hats and smaller ones for jewelry and other finery. It is hard to think of any chifferloner or set of drawers as convenient as your wardrobe trunk. Besides, you have no dread of suffering from an awful backache every time you do your packing and your unpacking.

For the one piece dresses and they can stay there weeks at a time without being mussed. In this sort of trunk you can pack your gowns very closely without any fear of their getting crushed.

The best equipped of these have a compartment below in which you can pack three or four pairs of shoes and slippers. Then there are two large drawers, one for handsome waists and the other for your best underwear. There is a large deep drawer with an adjustable cushion for hats and smaller ones for jewelry and other finery. It is hard to think of any chifferloner or set of drawers as convenient as your wardrobe trunk. Besides, you have no dread of suffering from an awful backache every time you do your packing and your unpacking.

For the one piece dresses and they can stay there weeks at a time without being mussed. In this sort of trunk you can pack your gowns very closely without any fear of their getting crushed.

The best equipped of these have a compartment below in which you can pack three or four pairs of shoes and slippers. Then there are two large drawers, one for handsome waists and the other for your best underwear. There is a large deep drawer with an adjustable cushion for hats and smaller ones for jewelry and other finery. It is hard to think of any chifferloner or set of drawers as convenient as your wardrobe trunk. Besides, you have no dread of suffering from an awful backache every time you do your packing and your unpacking.

For the one piece dresses and they can stay there weeks at a time without being mussed. In this sort of trunk you can pack your gowns very closely without any fear of their getting crushed.

The best equipped of these have a compartment below in which you can pack three or four pairs of shoes and slippers. Then there are two large drawers, one for handsome waists and the other for your best underwear. There is a large deep drawer with an adjustable cushion for hats and smaller ones for jewelry and other finery. It is hard to think of any chifferloner or set of drawers as convenient as your wardrobe trunk. Besides, you have no dread of suffering from an awful backache every time you do your packing and your unpacking.

For the one piece dresses and they can stay there weeks at a time without being mussed. In this sort of trunk you can pack your gowns very closely without any fear of their getting crushed.

The best equipped of these have a compartment below in which you can pack three or four pairs of shoes and slippers. Then there are two large drawers, one for handsome waists and the other for your best underwear. There is a large deep drawer with an adjustable cushion for hats and smaller ones for jewelry and other finery. It is hard to think of any chifferloner or set of drawers as convenient as your wardrobe trunk. Besides, you have no dread of suffering from an awful backache every time you do your packing and your unpacking.

For the one piece dresses and they can stay there weeks at a time without being mussed. In this sort of trunk you can pack your gowns very closely without any fear of their getting crushed.

The best equipped of these have a compartment below in which you can pack three or four pairs of shoes and slippers. Then there are two large drawers, one for handsome waists and the other for your best underwear. There is a large deep drawer with an adjustable cushion for hats and smaller ones for jewelry and other finery. It is hard to think of any chifferloner or set of drawers as convenient as your wardrobe trunk. Besides, you have no dread of suffering from an awful backache every time you do your packing and your unpacking.

For the one piece dresses and they can stay there weeks at a time without being mussed. In this sort of trunk you can pack your gowns very closely without any fear of their getting crushed.

The best equipped of these have a compartment below in which you can pack three or four pairs of shoes and slippers. Then there are two large drawers, one for handsome waists and the other for your best underwear. There is a large deep drawer with an adjustable cushion for hats and smaller ones for jewelry and other finery. It is hard to think of any chifferloner or set of drawers as convenient as your wardrobe trunk. Besides, you have no dread of suffering from an awful backache every time you do your packing and your unpacking.

For the one piece dresses and they can stay there weeks at a time without being mussed. In this sort of trunk you can pack your gowns very closely without any fear of their getting crushed.

The best equipped of these have a compartment below in which you can pack three or four pairs of shoes and slippers. Then there are two large drawers, one for handsome waists and the other for your best underwear. There is a large deep drawer with an adjustable cushion for hats and smaller ones for jewelry and other finery. It is hard to think of any chifferloner or set of drawers as convenient as your wardrobe trunk. Besides, you have no dread of suffering from an awful backache every time you do your packing and your unpacking.

Talks for the Girl Who Works

YOU may be extremely practical about everything that pertains to your daily work and still use poor judgment when it comes to arranging affairs of the home and your social life. If you have this shortcoming it may not mar your career as a business woman, but it will certainly tell on your health and your nerves in time.

By being practical I mean that you should get up in time to dress leisurely and not tumble into your clothes. Worse still, to make a desperate effort to eat a hearty breakfast of eggs, toast and coffee all in the limited space of five minutes. The dillatory girl has calculated her time so poorly that even with this amount of scripping she is compelled to run all the way to work or at least that distance she walks after she leaves the car.

This type of girl is equally short-sighted in making her business and social engagements. Of course, like other girls she has her luncheon engagements during the week, and plans to enjoy a Saturday half-holiday with some good friend. One of two things is sure to happen. Though she knows that she has a poor memory, she makes no effort to strengthen it, nor to record her engagements on a pad or in an engagement book.

Therefore she never thinks of her promise to meet her friend at luncheon or at the matinee until a day or two later.

When she does not forget an engagement she calculates poorly. She always selects those days for social recreation when she knows that her work is going to be heaviest. What happens? Just what always happens to this type of girl. She has to break her engagement at the last moment, which means a real disappointment to herself and to her friend. Much the same thing happens when she accepts an invitation for dinner or for theater. Instead of taking a night at the end of the week, it must be Monday or Tuesday when the work has been the heaviest during the day.

This type of girl is as extravagant with money as she is with the expenditure of her leisure hours. To use a bit of slang "money burns a hole in her pocket." She lets it go in dribbles and when the time comes when she really has need of something while she has nothing set aside for that purpose. To be sure she knows that she can open up a savings account or get a small bank with little effort, but she has never exerted herself to the point of making this venture.

What more can you expect of this type of business woman than that she has as little judgment in apportioning money as time. She refuses to reckon what she can afford for her luncheons and simple amusements at the beginning of the week and long before the next week's pay day arrives she is "dead broke." She really intends to lay aside some money every week for pretty summer clothes and a fortnight's holiday, but when the time comes to do the thing she really wants to do she has not half enough left.

She does not seem to realize that to be honest and fair with others you should be so with yourself. This means to take account of your time and money and learn to apportion both. It is no secret at all, first, but by exerting yourself a little you will soon find that you will save yourself much trouble and have plenty of time and money for yourself and for your friends.

Hints for Housekeepers

WHEN eggs crack—When they crack in boiling, add a teaspoonful of salt to the water. The whites will not come through and be wasted.

Airy cupboard—All cupboards and wardrobes need frequent airing to be healthy. Remove all clothes and open wide on a sunny day, and leave so for several hours each week.

A saving in gas—Take a large sheet of tin and place it over the burner. This will keep several saucers boiling.

Kid gloves—To renovate black kid gloves at small cost mix a few drops of black ink with a teaspoonful of olive oil. Apply this with a feather and dry in sun.

Cleaning brooms—They will last twice as long if they are given an occasional soaking. Dry in the open air and always stand with the heads upward.

Compartment for shoes. The best equipped of these have a compartment below in which you can pack three or four pairs of shoes and slippers. Then there are two large drawers, one for handsome waists and the other for your best underwear. There is a large deep drawer with an adjustable cushion for hats and smaller ones for jewelry and other finery. It is hard to think of any chifferloner or set of drawers as convenient as your wardrobe trunk. Besides, you have no dread of suffering from an awful backache every time you do your packing and your unpacking.

Hangers for gowns. The body part of this trunk is studded with hangers and folders so that the gowns are hung and laid in the most convenient way. The blouse and skirt of the same costume are hung close together. There is a nickel rack

For the one piece dresses and they can stay there weeks at a time without being mussed. In this sort of trunk you can pack your gowns very closely without any fear of their getting crushed.

The best equipped of these have a compartment below in which you can pack three or four pairs of shoes and slippers. Then there are two large drawers, one for handsome waists and the other for your best underwear. There is a large deep drawer with an adjustable cushion for hats and smaller ones for jewelry and other finery. It is hard to think of any chifferloner or set of drawers as convenient as your wardrobe trunk. Besides, you have no dread of suffering from an awful backache every time you do your packing and your unpacking.

For the one piece dresses and they can stay there weeks at a time without being mussed. In this sort of trunk you can pack your gowns very closely without any fear of their getting crushed.

The best equipped of these have a compartment below in which you can pack three or four pairs of shoes and slippers. Then there are two large drawers, one for handsome waists and the other for your best underwear. There is a large deep drawer with an adjustable cushion for hats and smaller ones for jewelry and other finery. It is hard to think of any chifferloner or set of drawers as convenient as your wardrobe trunk. Besides, you have no dread of suffering from an awful backache every time you do your packing and your unpacking.

For the one piece dresses and they can stay there weeks at a time without being mussed. In this sort of trunk you can pack your gowns very closely without any fear of their getting crushed.

The best equipped of these have a compartment below in which you can pack three or four pairs of shoes and slippers. Then there are two large drawers, one for handsome waists and the other for your best underwear. There is a large deep drawer with an adjustable cushion for hats and smaller ones for jewelry and other finery. It is hard to think of any chifferloner or set of drawers as convenient as your wardrobe trunk. Besides, you have no dread of suffering from an awful backache every time you do your packing and your unpacking.

what weaker mixture at first than the one indicated for her age.

The food can be strengthened every few days until it suits your child's age. Some babies have peculiarities and with them rules can not always be followed, but for most children regular rules should be followed from the start and there will be little trouble later on.

Whenever there are indications that the milk disagrees with the baby it should be diluted. Give nothing but a little plain boiled water until you or the doctor sees fit.

Be sure to clean the bottles every time you fill them. New bottles should be annealed by placing them in a pot of water and boiling them for twenty minutes. Allow them to stay in the water until it is cold. Bottles treated thus will not break readily when filled with boiling water or when the food is being cooled in them.

Each bottle should be emptied as soon as the baby has finished nursing. Then rinse with cold water and let it stand and fill with water until the bottles for the day have all been used. At a convenient time scrub all the bottles with hot soap suds, using the bottle brush on the inside.

Appetizing Menus For Your Sunday Meals

BREAKFAST.

Fried Mackerel.
Boiled Potatoes.
Marmalade, Home-Made Biscuits.
Milk, Tea or Coffee.

DINNER.

Cold Chicken Soup.
Fried Chicken, Southern Style.
Cabbage With Cream.
Creamed Carrots, French Style.
Strawberry Charlotte.

SUPPER.

Cold Meats.
Corn Pudding.
Lettuce and Tomato Salad.

Roasted Chicken, Cheese Balls.
Tea, Coffee.

Cabbage with sour cream—Chop fine a small head of cabbage and cook in water enough to keep from burning. Season with salt and pepper. Beat together one-half cupful each of sour cream and vinegar and two tablespoonfuls of melted butter. Bring to a boil, pour over the cabbage.

Creamed carrots, French style—Scald young carrots for five minutes. Drain and rub off the skins with a coarse cloth. Slice thinly, crosswise, and simmer, covered for half an hour, with a tablespoonful of butter, salt and pepper to season and enough hot water to keep from burning. Bring to the boil four tablespoonfuls of

cream, take from the fire and pour upon the beaten yolks of two eggs. Heat, but do not boil. Pour over the carrots and add a tablespoonful of minced parsley and serve.

Corn pudding—Mix three cupfuls milk with the corn out from a dozen ears and chop fine. Add four beaten eggs, salt and pepper to season and bake in a buttered baking pan and brown on top.

Purée of Vegetables—Cook potatoes, carrots, onions and turnips together in stock to cover. Season with salt, pepper, spices and sweet herbs. Press through a sieve and thicken with butter and flour cooked together. Take from the fire and add the yolks of two eggs beaten with a little milk.

THE COUNTRY BANKS OF NEW YORK

Total Deposits, Exclusive of Savings Banks, \$3,419,038,000—Excess Legal Reserve Increased to \$172,925,890.

New York, July 24.—The actual condition of the country banks and trust companies for the week shows that they held \$172,925,890 reserve in excess of legal requirements, an increase of \$1,010,100 over last week.

The statement follows:

Actual Condition.

Loans, etc. \$2,459,899,000; increase, \$13,140,000.

Reserve in own vault (Bk. \$44,281,000; increase, \$1,714,000; trust bank, \$123,156,000; increase, \$6,966,000).

Deposits, \$3,419,038,000; increase, \$2,509,000.

Not demanded deposits, \$2,035,027,000; increase, \$1,193,000.

Net time deposits, \$127,121,000; increase, \$1,714,000.

Circulation, \$172,925,890; increase, \$1,010,100.

U. S. of Ck. \$171,184,000; increase, \$1,010,100.

Aggregate reserve, \$172,925,890; increase, \$1,010,100.

Loans, etc. \$2,459,899,000; increase, \$13,140,000.

Summary of state banks and trust companies in Greater New York:

Assets, \$1,174,000,000; increase, \$15,000,000.

Liabilities, \$1,174,000,000; increase, \$15,000,000.

Legal tenders, \$3,548,700; decrease, \$132,000.

Total deposits, \$174,478,000; increase, \$1,010,100.

Bank's cash reserve in vault, \$121,000,000.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Corrected by the Florida Fruit and Food Commission.

Cantaloupes, grade, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Watermelons, grade, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Apples, June, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Oranges, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Peaches, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Plums, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Strawberries, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blackberries, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Raspberries, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blueberries, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Cherries, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pineapples, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Guavas, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Avocados, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Tomatoes, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Onions, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Potatoes, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Cucumbers, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Peppers, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Eggplants, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Carrots, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Spinach, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Lettuces, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Cabbages, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brussels sprouts, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Broccoli, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Asparagus, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Beans, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Peas, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green peas, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black peas, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Lentils, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Chickpeas, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Barley, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Oats, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Rye, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Wheat, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Flour, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Meal, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Cracked corn, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Shelled corn, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Soybeans, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Peanut oil, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Cottonseed oil, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Lard, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Butter, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Eggs, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Poultry, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Meat, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Fish, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Seafood, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Dairy products, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Bakery products, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Confectionery, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Alcohol, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Tobacco, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Drugs, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Chemicals, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Minerals, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Metals, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Textiles, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Leather, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Wood, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Stone, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Bricks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Cement, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Coal, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Oil, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Gas, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Electricity, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Telephone, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Postage, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Insurance, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Banking, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Real estate, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Transportation, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Communication, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Education, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Health, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Recreation, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Religion, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Politics, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Law, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Medicine, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Science, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Art, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Literature, \$1.00; \$1.00.

History, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Geography, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Astronomy, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Botany, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Zoology, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Anthropology, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Archaeology, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Numismatics, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Palaeontology, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Geology, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Mineralogy, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Metallurgy, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Chemistry, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Physics, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Mathematics, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Logic, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Philosophy, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Theology, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Religion, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Politics, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Law, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Medicine, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Science, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Art, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Literature, \$1.00; \$1.00.

History, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Geography, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Astronomy, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Botany, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Zoology, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Anthropology, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Archaeology, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Numismatics, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Palaeontology, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Geology, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Mineralogy, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Metallurgy, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Chemistry, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Physics, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Mathematics, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Logic, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Philosophy, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Theology, \$1.00; \$1.00.

POULTRY AND EGGS.

Broilers, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Cockers, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Hens, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Chickens, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Ducks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Geese, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Swans, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Guinea fowls, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pheasants, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Partridges, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Quails, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Snipe, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Widgeons, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Tring, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Gulls, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Loons, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Jaegers, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Skuas, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Ospreys, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Golden eagles, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Bald eagles, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Great horned owls, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Little horned owls, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Screech owls, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Barred owls, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Spotted owls, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Long-eared owls, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Great grey owls, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Whooping cranes, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Wood storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

White storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Red storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Blue storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Green storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

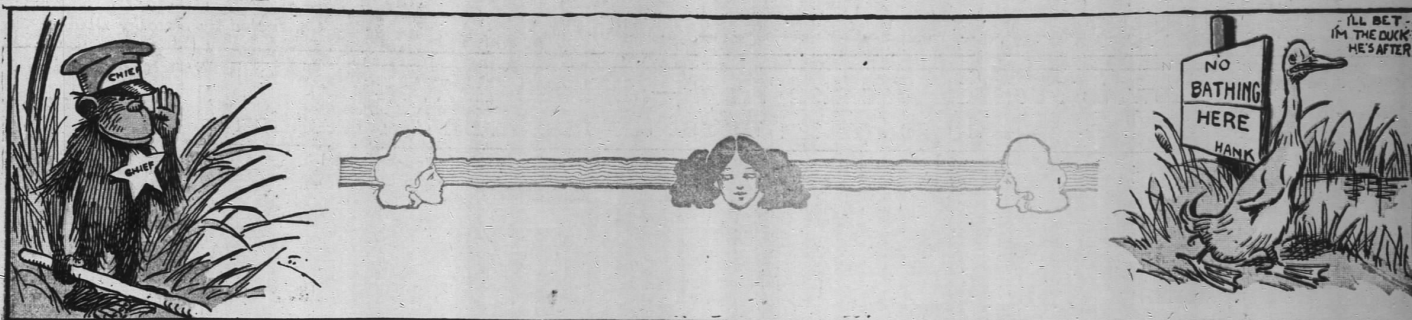
Yellow storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Pink storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Purple storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Brown storks, \$1.00; \$1.00.

Black st



HANK AND HIS ANIMAL FRIENDS By Walt McDougall



THE WORLD

READ
THE
CONSTITUTION
MOVIE
PAGE

BEHIND THE SCREENS

WITH BRITT CRAIG.

Thus It Will Ever Be.

"Milestones of Life."
—Thannhouse Title.

Born.
Bottle.
"Blessed Boy."
Book.
Benedict.
Bald.
Barned.

Monthly Allments.
"She Wrote a Letter to Herself."
Of our patience until we changed to
One beauty of getting mail from
of our patience until we changed to
of bills.

Sub-Titles You Know.

(But Can't Get Rid of Their Acquaintance.)
"Years Pass."
"And Your Husband."
"Love Always Finds a Way."
"The Serpent."
"Stop, It is Too Late."
"I Love You, Father: I Love You."

We have endured player-plots that
tinkle like the family music box that
settles on the matinee and plays
"Sweet Annie Laurie." We have tol-
erated the so-called automatic source of
music that would make even the drummer
in the Salvation Army turn aside in
disgust, and we have overlooked tin-
pan-alley orchestras that help them-
selves, but we were at the ragged edge
of our patience until we changed to
discover an ideal source of movie
music.

It is easy to imagine an oasis in a
dry town or similar desert, but you
have to actually happen on it to
appreciate an up-to-date orchestra in
a jungle of automatic players.
Therefore it was a pleasure indeed
for us to while away a number of mel-
low hours in the Strand Theatre last
week listening to Ralph DeBrueller's
eight-piece orchestra under the direc-
tion of Percy Lynn.

We heard genuine music. It was re-
freshing, not to mention unusual—
in fact, it was really not to be men-
tioned. When Mr. Nathan strided to the
orchestra, powerfully and with the
guiltless power of a secret in his
subject, there came to our ears a new
classical that touched the soul of our
soul even as the picture touched our
eyes.

And the time was not "Janesone
Babe," or "This is the Life," churched
from the innards of a tinny automatic.
We cheerfully admit that it was
the business of making moving
pictures, and we would look up to the
business of making pictures. We have
not a secret of our own, but we have
in this appreciation to witness
the best of the picture business.
The picture business is not
impressive and the music all the more
enjoyable.

"The Secretary of a Notorious Affair."
—American Release.

"The Complete Joy."
"You can be happy through the sim-
ple things in life."
Simply happy. That's all anyone
can ask.

"Unless It's Hypocrite's Sort."
"It teaches the truth of love."
"Blindness of Virtue."
Since illusion is the life of love, who
wants the truth?

Invention Needed Here

The daily press informs us of a
kind of massive, solid, and
who are to help prepare America for
humanity. But why invent
channels toward war when invention
is so badly needed in the film busi-
ness?

For instance,
Something to take the place of the
orthodox kiss at the end of a picture.
Something to replace the "vampire"
Some photographic device to repre-
sent literary materials.—(Ref.
book, "Three Weeks.")
Some means of eliminating censor-
ship.

A mode of producing more Margue-
rite Clark.

This Morning's Mail

Brings this from a noble and dis-
cerning contributor.
"Dear Mr. Sir: Why doesn't the
legislature, instead of trying to
check the harmless cocktail and infor-
mation which neither the law nor
strong enough to help itself—pay some
attention to the greater evils such
as the fat lady who wears flow-
ers."

VICTORIA OFFERS

THREE WORLD FILMS

"When It Strikes Home," Star-
ring Grace Washburn,
Booked for Monday.

Three thrilling World Films are
booked at the popular Victoria the-
atre, in addition to their regular Mu-
tual, Thannhouse and Reliance fea-
tures. Grace Washburn, the beautiful
young star of the London Opera house,
will be seen Monday in the World Film
offering, "When It Strikes Home."
Charles K. Harris, the writer of in-
numerable popular songs, is the author
of this five-part story that is full of
human interest. It begins on old Broad-
way, the starting place of many real
humans, and depicts the escape of a
young millionaire, Dick Hartley, who
is charged to make a perfect and
spectacular girl, but at the end of a
day and night he is found, foolishly
wedded to an actress for whom he has
taken a sudden fancy.
Because he launders age, his father
has the marriage annulled without
much difficulty, and Hartley marries
the young woman in his own soot-
set.

In ignorance of his parentage, the
actress' little son is adopted by Dick
Hartley's wife, who is childless. Two
years later and we find young Vic-
tor Hartley as a hospital intern and
his real mother has become a nurse in
the same hospital. A series of dra-
matic situations develop, the identity
of the young doctor is revealed and
the mother, realizing that her son
is at stake, effects her escape. Grace
Washburn, as the butterfly
actress, and later as the mother
nurse Ursula, does some splendid act-
ing, and Muriel Ostriche, as the
girl and playfully clever actress, is
featured as the young girl whom Dick

ing plumes and never takes off her
hat; the love-bird who don't give you
eye space between them; the talkative
woman who insists in describing the
picture in premature doses; the ushers
who walk up and down the aisles
once-over your knees, and the
mechanical piano?

"IMA LOTTA WORRY."
But isn't your signature wrong. You
are Notta Lotta Worried, are you,
Notta?

"What Every Exhibitor Needs, The
Blindness of Virtue."
True, but blindness shouldn't enter
into the contract.

"The more we see of Francis
Hudson, open-work shorts for men
and wrist watches, the more we
feel inclined to wear women."

"Frieda Fushelton."
Since "The Diamond from the Sky"
admirer, we adopt a Zerkie line of
press stuff on this order.

"Witness the Diamond from the Sky
and get Coldwater."
The Diamond from the Sky will
conquer you to perfection.

"It will freeze you to the spot!"
"It is simply Icelandic."
"Frigidity at its zenith."

"All tugged out in the latest evening
clothes. Owen Moore stepped on the
stage at the Keystone plant recently,"
we read in Mutual Movie Fillers. "In
time to receive a drenching from a
fank of water which unexpectedly burst
overhead. A ruined dress suit and a
ruined temper were the result. Any-
body who will venture around the
Keystone studios in a suit and tem-
per deserves no better."

"Titular Drama."
"The Godfather."
—Vitagrap.

"In Need."
—Current Release.

"A Bag of Gold."
—Lubin.

"Along the Crooked Path."
—Lubin.

"A Discontented Man."
—Lubin.

"While Wife Sleeps."
—Lubin.

"A Chase by Moonlight."
—Lubin.

"Captured."
—Lubin.

"Scandal."
—Current Release.

—Universal.

"Dear Sir, you have devoted
much space, thought and energy—
and I know that you—
the secret of the secret of the
successful vampire is purely and sim-
ply 'Honesty.' It is easy to get away
from."
—A. SIMILAR RUBB.

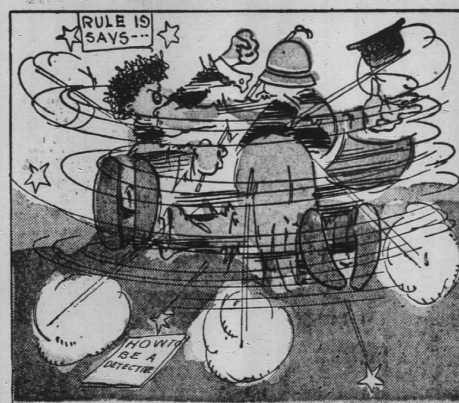
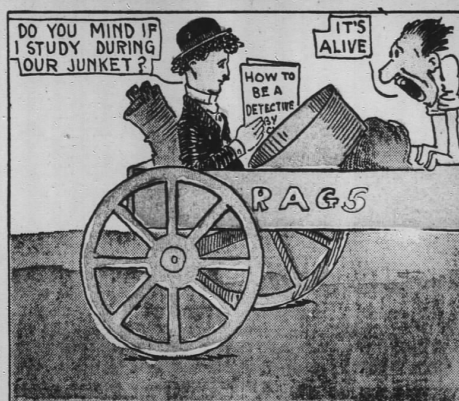
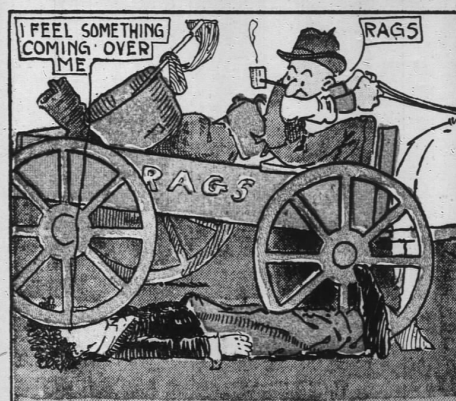
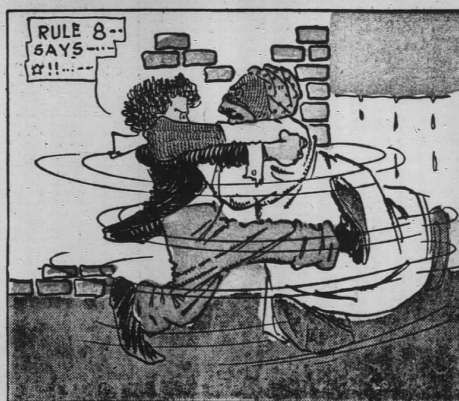
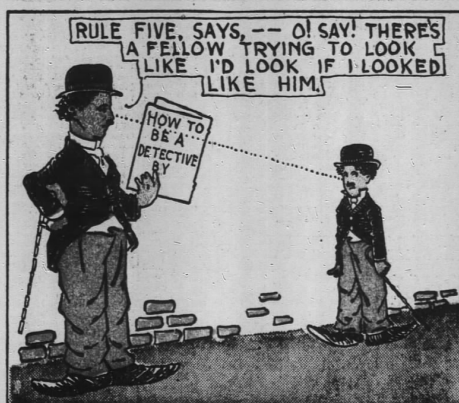
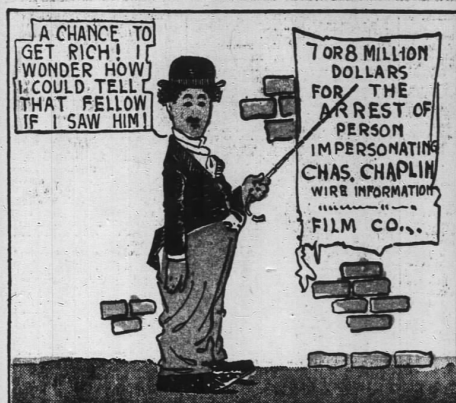
Criticism.

Conducted by Pansy Pantall.

"The Right of Way."
It is evident that William Faverham
had not studied the character of
the man he was to play. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is a man
of the most noble character. He is a
man of the most noble character, and
he is a man of the most noble charac-
ter. He is a man of the most noble
character, and he is a man of the most
noble character. He is a man of the
most noble character, and he is

CHARLEY CHAPLIN'S COMIC CAPERS

OR THE TRAPPER TRAPPED



Copyright, 1915.

